

The Weather

Today—Warmer. Yesterday—High, 67; low, 46. (Details on Page B-5.)

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A Public Letter To Speaker Rayburn

Hon. Sam Rayburn,
The Speaker,
The House of Representatives,
Washington, D. C.

Dear Speaker Rayburn:

The Washington Post is addressing you on a matter which, in its opinion, goes to the very roots of public confidence in the House of Representatives.

The Department of Justice has for many months been considering submission to a grand jury of the evidence laid before it by the Federal Communications Commission to support a criminal charge against Congressman Eugene E. Cox of Georgia. The charge is that, in flat violation of the Criminal Code, Mr. Cox received pay for legal services rendered to a private client before the Federal Communications Commission. This charge against a Congressman must be one of particular gravity to you, as Speaker of the House. For it implies an offense which undermines a basic principle of good government, namely, that the legislator shall not for private pay place himself in a position of possible conflict with public duty.

Obviously, responsibility for presenting this charge and the supporting evidence before a grand jury rests with the Department of Justice, not Congress. The Post has strongly urged upon the Department of Justice full discharge of this responsibility. On the other hand, the Post has tried, with all the sympathy it can muster, to comprehend the reason for the department's hesitancy to act.

There is one ground for hesitancy on the part of the Department of Justice that cannot be dismissed arbitrarily. The indictment is in itself, even in an ordinary setting, an instrument of grave implications to the individual involved. In addition, it may be viewed, realistically, as a strong arm of the executive department of government. The great historic contests for power between the executive and legislative branches of government have sometimes revealed the indictment as a weapon for power rather than as a means of administering justice. Hence, deliberate and well-grounded as a fair prosecutor must be, before seeking an indictment against a person in private life, he must be doubly sure of his ground before proceeding against a member of a coordinate branch of government. Needless austerity is to be avoided at all hazards. Only compelling reason can justify.

When, however, we examine what is known of the facts which support the charge against Mr. Cox, we cannot believe that the Attorney General's hesitancy to present them before a grand jury derives from the nature of the case. The case is not at all complicated. That Mr. Cox received pay from a private client for services rendered to him before an agency of the Federal Government has, as far as we know, never been expressly or seriously challenged. And, if true, this constitutes the crime.

The Attorney General's hesitancy to act in the case of Mr. Cox is, in our view, related only to one thing, and that is to the undeniable fact that the House by its action shows a continuing sense of confidence in Mr. Cox.

As Speaker of the House, you appointed Mr. Cox last spring a member (he subsequently became chairman) of the Select Committee to Investigate the Federal Communications Commission. Last May, a member of that commission, Mr. Clifford J. Durr, filed with you, as Speaker of the House, a petition requesting that the House disqualify Mr. Cox as a member of the Select Committee "because of his bias and personal interest." This petition was referred to the Judiciary Committee, and it lay until September 18, when Chairman Summers advised Mr. Durr that the Judiciary Committee concluded "it had no jurisdiction and no responsibility as a committee" with respect to his petition. If responsibility for facing the Durr petition does not lie with the Judiciary Committee, it is for you and the House to determine where it does lie.

During the entire past summer, while the Durr petition was asleep in the Judiciary Committee, the Cox investigation, if it may be called that, proceeded apace. In the opinion of no qualified and dispassionate observer has this investigation proven anything but a mockery of basic American traditions of fair play. It has been a star chamber; it has been black with bias; it has sought to terrorize those who exposed the chairman's own corrupt practices. Mr. Cox has corrupted the high function of the investigatory power of Congress. If there was ever ground for the House retaining confidence in Mr. Cox, if there was ever ground for believing that it was right for him in particular to head an investigation of the Federal Communications Commission—what ground is left now?

The House, which by its past action has created the illusion of confidence in Mr. Cox, must now by present action dispel that illusion. As things stand, there is no ground for confidence in Mr. Cox, and the House must by what it now does either reject Mr. Cox or vindicate him. The Durr petition, which now again lies on your desk, Mr. Speaker, must be taken up. It is for you and the House to determine through what committee in the House it is appropriate to act, but a method must be found. The House, through some appropriate means, must conduct its own investigation of Mr. Cox, and, in the process, not fail to instruct Mr. Cox in the method of investigation that truly conforms to American tradition.

Mr. Speaker, you are known to us and to the country as a legislator of integrity and good will. The House is in the main composed of such legislators. The Post calls upon you and your colleagues to arouse yourselves and to submerge whatever there may be of personal loyalty to Mr. Cox to the far higher compulsions which derive from your proven loyalty to the integrity of the American legislative process.

Sincerely yours,

EUGENE MEYER,
Editor and Publisher.

3 Base Thefts Give Case Lead; Redskins Win

George Case moved into the American League base stealing lead by swiping three bases as Wally Moses failed to add to his total. The Nats-Chicks doubleheader at Griffith Stadium yesterday in which the Nats lost the first game, 15 to 3, but came back behind Mickey Haefer to win the nightcap, 5-2. Case now has 56 thefts against 55 for the fleet Chicago outfielder. The Nats improved their grip on second place to 3½ games, as the Yanks beat Cleveland twice.

The Redskins finally broke into the win column on their fourth try yesterday at Buffalo, defeating the Chicago Cardinals, 43-21. Other National Football League games saw the Chicago Bears and Green Bay Packers battle to a 21-21 deadlock and the "Invincible" Detroit Lions subdue the Brooklyn Dodgers, 27-0.

(See sports pages for details.)

Prison Train, Nazis Aboard, Wrecked in Va.

Charlottesville, Va., Sept. 26 (AP).—A passenger train carrying German prisoners of war from a point of embarkation to an inland prison camp was wrecked near here today, killing the fireman and engineer and injuring a number of the United States military guard and prisoners. Seven enlisted men of the guard unit and two prisoners were injured. The dead were fireman Jake Pritchett and Engineer Charles L. Dillard, 63, both of Charlottesville. Two conductors also were hurt.

The 11-car train piled up at a point where the road had been under repair and the accident apparently occurred when the locomotive derailed. A baggage car, kitchen car, tourist car and three coaches also jumped the track. The wreck blocked the single line right of way and Chesapeake & Ohio trains were being routed over the Southern Railway by way of Orange, Va.

Germans Said to Be Fleeing Kiev; Nazi Warships Reported Sabotaged; British Threaten Foggia Airfields

Soviet Talks Key to Choice Of Stettinius

Regarded as Move Toward Hard-Headed Policy in Parleys With Russia, Britain

Popular Choice REPUBLICANS as well as Democrats approve Stettinius' selection for State Department post. Page 8.

'Realism' Expected

By John M. Hightower
Associated Press Staff Writer

Appointment of Edward R. Stettinius, Jr., as Undersecretary of State is regarded here as a bold move by President Roosevelt to prepare American diplomacy for forthcoming tripartite meetings with Britain and Russia.

The President, it is said, shows by his choice that he means to entrust most of the critical negotiations now developing to men of hard-headed business experience known as friendly to the Russians rather than to more professional diplomats or to persons whose views toward Russia are based on ideological considerations.

The reports that Stettinius, who has been lend-lease administrator, and W. Averell Harriman, lend-lease expediter in London, will accompany Secretary Hull to Moscow next month for a session of the American-British-Russian Foreign Ministers appear entirely likely to be borne out by events. Equally possible of fulfillment is the expectation that Harriman will succeed Admiral William H. Standley as Ambassador to Moscow. Standley returned to Washington last week, not to go back.

Critical At This Time

Both Harriman and Stettinius may be described as committed to American self-interest in international affairs and at the same time friendly in their attitude toward Russia. The vast amount of lend-lease material which they have been instrumental in getting to Russia already has given the Soviet government evidence of their cooperative attitude.

Thus the selection of Stettinius and the expected assignment of Harriman seem designed to offset any ill effects that the resignation of Sumner Welles as undersecretary could conceivably have had on Russo-American relations. In some quarters Welles had been endowed with a reputation for being

See STATE, Page 3, Column 3.

20 Witnesses Due To Testify Today In Hospital Probe

Hearings on charges covering insanitary conditions and alleged misappropriation of property at Gallinger Hospital are to be opened today at 10 a. m. by the subcommittee of the Senate District Committee, of which Senator Holman (Republican) of Oregon, is chairman.

Twenty secret witnesses, according to Senator Holman, are to be asked to tell their stories in support of allegations that city property at the institution was used by officials and employees for their own benefit and to describe to the subcommittee insanitary conditions existing there. Defending Dr. Edgar A. Bocock, superintendent, and the hospital in general, the resident-interne council over the weekend went on record in support of activities at the hospital, according to Dr. John C. Murphy, council president.

Other members of the subcommittee are Senators Bushfield (Republican) of South Dakota and Buck (Republican) of Delaware.

Hitler Promises Norway 'Freedom'

London, Monday, Sept. 27 (AP).—Routed in Russia, deserted by Italy, plagued by the rising strength of Balkan guerrillas, and threatened with invasion from the west, Adolf Hitler tried today to bolster German allegiance to him in Norway by promising that oppressed country "liberty and independence" after the war.

The statement made it clear, however, that the pattern of such freedom pledged out of expediency would be the familiar Nazi kind.

'Back the Attack'

206,000 See Display of Might As Great Army Show Closes

By Bert Kemmerer
Post Staff Writer

More than 206,000 Washingtonians and their neighbors bid adieu to the "Back the Attack" Army show on the Washington Monument Grounds last night when the final curtain was rung down on the spectacle that in its 18 days of unprecedented success had been visited by 1,756,000 persons—civilians young and old, servicemen and women and high officials of the United Nations.

As a frosty air swept in from nearby Virginia hills and the echo of taps—the "soldier's farewell"—sounded along the historic Potomac, the great show closed and thousands solemnly made their way home.

Army officials, satisfied that the show had served its purpose, began the preliminary tasks of moving the great spectacle from the Washington Monument Grounds. During yesterday afternoon 97,000 eager persons kept up a constant inspection of the numerous exhibits and last night 109,000 were in the arena or on the grounds for the finale.

Another Week to Go

D. C. Redoubles Bond Effort As U. S. Sales Pass 13 Billion

Business Firms Offer Many Gifts To Purchasers

The "Back the Attack" show closed last night, but the Third War Loan drive for 94 million in the District and 15 billion throughout the Nation continued in its determination to "Back the Attack" by attaining quotas.

Gen. Dwight D. Eisenhower, in a message to Secretary of the Treasury Henry Morgenthau, Jr., said yesterday "The success of the Third War Bond drive will be proof of every American's devotion to our cause."

Eisenhower, replying to a message sent from the war center here last Friday by Morgenthau that the promise to "Back the Attack" by war bond purchases was being fulfilled, said the "unstinted effort of the home front is an incentive to great endeavor in the days ahead."

"Fulfillment of your promise to 'Back the Attack' is an inspiration to every soldier on the fighting front," the general added.

To Morgenthau's congratulations on the advance of the Allied forces, Eisenhower replied: "Hearty thanks."

In Washington the final effort by workers and patriotic buyers awaited the opening gun today of the last week of the drive, which is to close Saturday night.

The luxuries that citizens are able to buy in this country because of freedom and high income, which the war is being fought to retain, are free today; free meals, free theaters, free nylon hose to those who invest in bonds. In the countries of the enemy there are no bonds paying 25 per cent profit, much less valuable free offerings to stimulate

See BONDS, Page B-1, Col. 2

Byrnes Pleads for Sacrificial Buying To Beat Inflation

Director of War Mobilization James F. Byrnes last night announced that \$13,300,000,000 in war bonds had been sold during the third war loan drive, and that of this amount individuals have purchased \$2,800,000,000 or 56 per cent of the goal set for individuals.

The war mobilization chief spoke at the "Back the Attack" show from the stage fronting the arena of the Washington Monument Grounds.

The text of his speech follows: "I am authorized to announce that the sale of bonds during the third war loan drive through last night totaled \$13,300,000,000. Of this amount individuals have bought \$2,800,000,000. This represents 56 per cent of the goal set for individuals."

"Tonight my appeal is directed to individual Americans—the average American citizens who as they work in shipyards, munitions plants, airplane factories, on our farms or elsewhere are making more money than ever before. With an increasing amount of our available manpower going into the war effort we are unable to produce for civilian use as much goods and services as we did before the war. We have more money but less goods. If we scramble to get more than our fair share of the available goods, our efforts to hold down the cost of living will fail. Prices will rise and the money we earn will buy less and less of the things we really need."

"We are won by sacrifices. Unless you are making some sacrifice here at home to help win the war, we cannot win."

See BYRNES, Page B-1, Col. 3

Busy Week for Congress

Farm Bloc Girds for Fight On New Billion Subsidy Plan

By Jack Bell
Associated Press Staff Writer

The farm bloc squared off yesterday for a new battle in Congress over subsidies as it learned with mixed emotions of Administration plans to spend upward of one billion dollars in the next year to keep retail food prices down.

Advised that War Food Administrator Marvin Jones would seek to double the present 500-million-dollar borrowing authority of the Commodity Credit Corp. and extend its life 18 months, farm State members made it plain they will want to know how much money is to be spent on direct subsidies and where it is going.

Thus the waning battle over the farmers draft seemed likely to be followed by a subsidy fare-up left smoldering when Congress went home in July after extending the life of the CCC to January.

The draft question will come before the Senate Tuesday with in-

Yanks Record 30-Mile Gain In Salerno Area For 6-Day Drive

Under Heel Again

60,000 NAZIS enter Bulgaria, fast under the German heel again, and take up positions facing the Aegean, Turkey and the Black Sea. Page 3.

THE ENEMY FEARS new landings around Leghorn, after the loss of Corsica, or in the Yugoslavian theater where 180,000 guerrillas are embattled. Page 3.

30-Mile Slash

By Wes Gallagher
Associated Press Staff Writer

Allied Headquarters in North Africa, Sept. 26.—American tanks and infantry have smashed their way 30 miles deep into German defenses northeast of Salerno, front-line dispatches disclosed tonight as the Allies registered important gains all the way across Italy from the Tyrrhenian Sea to the Adriatic.

News of the American advance came only a few hours after the British Eighth Army, sweeping 27 miles up the eastern coast in one of the biggest single day's thrusts of the Italian invasion, entered the Foglia Plain within 25 miles of that city's elaborate string of air bases which headquarters said already had been abandoned by the Germans.

Yanks Hold East Flank

The 30-mile gain by American troops was made in six days against concentrated German machinegun, mortar and artillery defenses in the roughest kind of mountain country extending east and north of the Salerno beachhead.

The exact front line position of the American troops was not disclosed for security reasons, but the new advance places them considerably inland from the coast. American forces hold the eastern flank of the Fifth Army line while British troops hold the western flank just north of Salerno where they are engaged in the most violent type of mountain fighting.

Goums Fighting in Corsica

As the result of the American advance on the Fifth Army's right wing and the British Eighth Army's entrance into the Foglia Plain on the heels of the retreating Germans, the Allied line now runs directly across Italy from a point above Salerno northeast to the Adriatic at a point just above the Ofanto River.

The day was one of the most successful since the Allies started the invasion of Italy, with out-

See ITALY, Page 2, Column 1.

1700 Answer Call For Blood to Save 13-Day-Old Boy

Milwaukee, Sept. 26 (INS).—More than 1700 persons tonight answered the appeal of physicians at County General Hospital for blood to save the life of a 13-day-old child.

The child, Kenneth Schmidt, was stricken with a rare blood disease and hospital physicians declared there was a chance of saving his life if the right type of blood for a series of transfusions could be found.

Samples were taken from 175 persons answering the call but the results will not be known until tomorrow. Several soldiers and sailors were among the 585 persons who crowded General Hospital corridors during the day offering their blood. Over the telephone 1201 others volunteered to submit to tests.

"Never anywhere have I witnessed such a mass display of kindness," Dr. J. Klinger, resident physician at the hospital, declared.

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See CONGRESS, Page 6 Col. 4

3 Capital Craft Wrecked, Says Dispatch

London (Monday), Sept. 27.—Three German capital ships, the Tirpitz, Scharnhorst and Luetow, are reported to have been sabotaged by their own crews in the Alten Fjord of Norway following disclosure of the surrender of the Italian fleet, a Reuters dispatch from Stockholm said today.

The Reuters account quoted an eyewitness. It added the witness was unable to determine the full extent of the damage. It said the crews were rebellious and disheartened.

Some London quarters said the Stockholm dispatch was credible on the basis of unconfirmed rumors reaching Britain of disorders and outbreaks among German seamen who feared that Admiral Karl Doenitz, commander of the German navy, was planning to use the fleet for a suicide venture against British naval bases.

The German navy may have been preparing to fight one big battle against heavy odds rather than face the ignominious end which came

See TIRPITZ, Page 3, Column 2.

Japs Slow M'Arthur Push In New Guinea

But Allies Threaten To Encircle Japs From the Rear

By Olen Clements
Associated Press Staff Writer

Allied Headquarters in the Southwest Pacific (Monday), Sept. 27.—A frontal attack on Finschhafen by tough Australian jungle fighters has slowed before stiffening enemy resistance, but the Japanese desperately defending that East New Guinea coastal base today found themselves simultaneously confronted by the threat of encirclement from the rear.

The Australians, advancing from the north, encountered enemy defenses in strength immediately after crossing the wide and swift-flowing Buni River. The scene of the fighting was the very outskirts of Finschhafen itself and less than three-quarters of a mile from the heart of the Japanese base.

A headquarters spokesman emphasized that the slowdown was voluntary, and ordered to enable the Australians to hit the Japanese positions in force with full assurance of dislodging the enemy.

Concurrent Allied troop movements from other directions seemed to suggest that the longer the Japanese held out the danger on their immediate front, the more certain was their eventual doom.

Third Column In Action

A second Allied force, moving east and north from captured Lae, some 50 miles below Finschhafen, already has reached the vicinity of Hanisch harbor, halfway to the beleaguered enemy base.

Still a third element was reported to have approached Staelberg, See PACIFIC, Page 2, Column 3

More Planes, Ships

1944 Blueprint for Victory Boosts Munitions Output 21%

By Ben W. Gilbert
Post Staff Writer

This country's 1944 production blueprint for victory gives the "home front" the job of exceeding 1943's enormous munitions goals by approximately 21 per cent, informed sources revealed yesterday.

However, more volume figures disclose only a part of the tough production job ahead. It was explained, because fundamental changes must be made in many programs to step up the hitting power of our fighters and supply materials in support of our widening offensive operations.

Production of aircraft and related munitions presents the main production problem with a dollar-volume increase called for of more than 50 per cent above this year's schedules. A 20 per cent jump in the combined merchant and naval shipbuilding programs is scheduled. The total spent for ground equip-

Red Army Pours Across Dnieper; 2 Towns Taken In White Russia

By James M. Long
Associated Press Staff Writer

London (Monday), Sept. 27.—The Red army hurled defeated German troops to their death in the swift-flowing Dnieper yesterday, and smashed forward to the eastern bank of the river opposite Kiev, Moscow announced early today.

Berlin officially declared that some Russian units already had crossed the 1400-foot-wide river, presumably to begin the encirclement of the Ukraine capital, and a Moscow report quoted by Reuters said:

"There can be no doubt that detachments of Hitlerite plunderers already are fleeing from Kiev like rats from a sinking ship."

The Russians swept up more than 825 more villages on all fronts, a bulletin said.

Near Kremenchug, southeast of Kiev, the Soviet communiqué said "our units, after overcoming enemy resistance, threw the remnants of Germans into the Dnieper."

600 Enemy Dead

"More than 600 enemy dead remained on the field of action and a great number were drowned in the river."

The Russians said they killed 800 Germans trying to stem their plunge toward Kiev, battering down strong enemy counter attacks launched at Brovari, 10 miles to the east.

Near Dnepropetrovsk on the Dnieper the Red Russians also reached the river, the bulletin said, killing 1000 Germans in fierce hand-to-hand struggle.

Overrunning another section of the river below Pereyaslavl, 70 miles southeast of Kiev, the Russians said one Soviet formation "smashed an enemy group and pinned its remnants to the river."

Moscow Sees Brilliant Theatrical Opening

Moscow, Sept. 26 (AP).—With Russian armies hourly chasing the Germans from Soviet soil, Moscow staged its most brilliant theatrical night of the war period at the reopening of the bomb-damaged Bolshoi Theater.

The evening's offering was the Russian folk opera, "Ivan Susanin," with music by Glinski.

The jammed house was resplendent with generals and soldiers on leave from the front and some civilian leaders. Premier-Marshall Josef Stalin and many well-known figures, however, were not present. The first box on the left-hand side of the house—which Stalin usually occupied—was empty.

Two hundred Germans threw down their guns and surrendered there, the bulletin said.

Gain in White Russia

Entering White Russia for the first time since their retreat two years ago the Russians captured Khominsk, 75 miles west of Bryansk. Farther south they seized Novozybkov, a rail junction, and pushed on to take Zlinka, only 27 miles from Gomel in southern Russia. See RUSSIA, Page 2, Column 4.

British Reach Foggia Plain, Peril Airfields

ITALY, from Page 1.

standing gains reported from every sector of the fighting fronts.

"The initiative is fully in our hands," said a military spokesman at Allied headquarters, "and the Germans are being driven from mountain positions in most difficult terrain just as they were driven from the Salerno beaches."

The French high command threw the dreaded Moroccan Goums, who terrorized German and Italian troops in Tunisia, into the battle of Corsica which mounted in intensity with the French announcing the capture of Olmeta, a town less than 7 miles southwest of Bastia, only remaining German stronghold in the northeast sector of the island.

French forces, who also captured two other Corsican towns, were driving on Bastia from every side while the Germans tried frantically to get out by sea and air in the face of the Allies' tight blockade.

The United Nations radio at Algiers said in a broadcast recorded in London that Bastia had been occupied by French troops.

Although British forces encountered little opposition in their lightning thrust up the Adriatic coast, Fifth Army troops on the western side of the mainland met savage resistance in the third day of their northward drive toward Naples but pushed forward another mile and captured three villages.

A Berlin broadcast from Naples by Guenter Weber said the adversaries were "interlocked in embittered battle hardly 10 kilometers—less than 7 miles—south of Naples. The latest captured position announced by Allied headquarters, however, was 22 miles away."

Foris Blast Bolzano

At the same time, American Flying Fortresses made a 1400-mile round trip deep into enemy territory to blast rail installations leading to the Brenner Pass at Bolzano, just 35 miles south of the pass, and carry out their first attack on Verona.

Other Fortresses delivered their heaviest blow of the war on the vital rail yards at Bologna, focal point for traffic through the Brenner Pass from Germany as well as from Yugoslavia and Hungary. Verona, in the Alps about 100 miles south of the upper Italian frontier, is where Benito Mussolini was reported to have set up headquarters for his Nazi-inspired "republican Fascist" regime.

In spite of the stiff opposition by German forces clinging stubbornly to the hills around Naples, Lieut. Gen. Mark W. Clark's Fifth Army troops captured Gava di Tiverno, 7 miles northwest of Salerno, and the twin villages of Scaerchia and Valva, 28 miles east of Salerno and 10 miles northeast of Campagna.

The towns of Spinazzola and Atella, inland from the east coast, fell to the advancing British, a headquarters communique announced.

Tough Going

A military spokesman said the Germans "are well dug in along the Salerno front in the mountains and it is a question of going forward and wiping out one machine-gun nest after another." Eighth Army troops, the spokesman said, are brushing aside Nazi rearward actions.

It is not known where the Germans will try to make a stand, now that they have abandoned the big Foggia air base and its satellite fields. The Foggia plain, extending beyond the city for about 30 miles, is ideal for tank warfare and the Germans might try to make a mobile battle there.

If they pull out of the entire Foggia area they face the danger of being completely cut off in the Naples sector which they are defending so bitterly.

Capture of the Foggia air fields would give the Allies an air base from which their bombers could sweep every part of the Balkans and southern Germany.

The Foggia system consists of one main air field and 12 satellites.

Allies Gain on Foggia



ADVANCE CONTINUES—Arrows indicate major British and American advances in Italy, with Germany's important air bases around Foggia (circled) threatened by an Eighth Army thrust into the Foggia plain at Canosa. Atella and Spinazzola also fell to the Eighth Army. In the Salerno area American troops moved through Valva, smashing 30 miles in six days, while British forces were holding the left flank of the Fifth Army line, where Cava di Tirreni fell. Solid line is approximate front.

Britain, at Prayer, Marks Defeat of 1940 Air Blitz

By Eric Hawkins

Copyright by New York Tribune, Inc.

London, Sept. 26.—Prayers and parades all over the country today commemorated the battle of Britain three years ago, when the Luftwaffe was swept from the skies, and Fuehrer Adolf Hitler's plans for invasion were wrecked off the coast of France.

Thanksgiving services were held in every church and chapel at King George's behest, with fervent tribute paid to "the few" of the Royal Air Force to whom "so many owed so much," and to the "courage and devotion of all, whether in the fighting forces, in civil defense, or in the factories who helped to guard Britain in its hours of direst peril."

Attended by King George and Queen Elizabeth, London's chief celebration was held in Christopher Wren's St. Paul's Cathedral which, except for its crushed grand altar and innumerable gashes in its 250-year-old stone walls, escaped miraculously in the fury of the German attack, while acres all around it were laid to waste.

Canterbury Open Service

The cathedral was full to the doors when red-robed Dr. William Temple, archbishop of Canterbury, opened the service. Grouped around him behind the King and Queen, were members of the government and high city dignitaries.

The archbishop preached on the "great deliverance" that came "after most people, outside those of Britain, had given this island up for lost."

Tells of Pessimistic Letter

He told of a letter written two years ago by "a great friend of Britain, a citizen of the United States, of conspicuously well-balanced judgment, who took it for granted that England was lost to the enemy."

The nation's act of homage for the victory that "preserved us from destruction and saved the world" ended with the prime minister pledging "the services of our lives for evermore to God," and with the sound of church bells ringing from all city steeples.

The King and Queen stood for 45 minutes in the afternoon in front of Buckingham Palace, taking the main field is well equipped with night landing facilities and accommodations for a large force of planes.

While the Fortresses were smashing the rail system linking the northern Italian industrial area with Germany, medium and light bombers and fighters kept up an incessant hammering of bridges, highways and convoys behind the enemy lines with little sign of enemy airmen.

Another bomb load, of 29 tons, plastered roads and bridges in the Bogadim area, 20 miles south of Madang, further hampering the

enemy's overland retreat to the north shore of the island.

On the Solomon Island warfront to the east, the sharp exchange of air blows was resumed after a three-day intermission. Over Buin, one of the enemy's principal air bases in the Bougainville zone, 60 Japanese fighters rose to intercept an American attack and nine of them were shot down, General MacArthur's communique said.

In the central Solomons, where American forces are drawing an ever tighter knot around the enemy's last important position of Vila, Kolombangara Island, the cleanup of Arundel Island, two miles away, was continued.

A total of 345 Japanese dead have been counted there, the communique said.

Nazis Reported Fleeing Kiev; Reds Push On

RUSSIA, from Page 1.

White Russia.

Another Soviet column pushing north from Chernigov entered Repki, 44 miles south of Gomel, closing in fast on the anchor of the last north-south railway left to the Germans in that part of western Russia.

The Russian communique was filled with such phrases as "decisive attacks," "routed enemy," and "hasty retreat" in describing the action flaring along the huge front.

Entire railway trains stocked with food and military equipment were captured by the mobile Russian columns in their relentless pursuit of the enemy, and the communique said more than 5000 Germans were slain during the day.

Berlin's communique telling of a Russian crossing at undisclosed river points said the Red Army units had been repulsed, but did not say they had been hurled back to the eastern bank.

Between Kiev and fallen Smolensk the Russians said their troops, striking 26 miles west of the Smolensk-Roslavl railway, had captured Monastirschina, on the edge of White Russia.

This column was aimed toward Mogilev on the Gomel-Orsha-Vitebsk railway—last north-south line between the Russians and the old Polish border barely 100 miles beyond the Soviet vanguard.

"The gates to the west are open," declared Pravda, Soviet newspaper, in saluting the fall of Smolensk.

Russian troops were reported only 25 miles from Vitebsk, in upper White Russia, in a smash drive beyond Smolensk to the southeast. The Kaplya River above Vitebsk already had been reached by Soviet units, and repercussions were expected on the enemy's positions near Leningrad in the north.

Entire Line Menaced

One German broadcast recorded by the Associated Press said Russian parachute troops were dropping behind Axis positions and it was obvious the entire Dnieper River line was imperiled by the crushing Soviet offensive, which began July 12 and has already regained more than 120,000 square miles of territory.

The Dnieper is the last big natural defense barrier before the Polish border, and Moscow dispatches said the Red army was making sensational progress from Smolensk to the Zaporozhia area, on the river's bend in the south.

Japs Slow Australian Drive

PACIFIC, from Page 1.

six miles inland from Dampier Strait and 10 miles from Finschhafen.

Allied planes supporting the ground troops have bombed and strafed villages south of the Bumb River. The enemy retaliated with an attack by nine bombers along the Song River, seven miles north of the Allied-held Finschhafen airfield. Little damage was caused, the communique said.

Enemy Camps Bombed

Inland and to the west, Allied warplanes dropped 46 tons of bombs on enemy camps in the valley of the Ramu River, which empties into the Bismarck Sea north of New Guinea in the vicinity of Wewak.

Another bomb load, of 29 tons, plastered roads and bridges in the Bogadim area, 20 miles south of Madang, further hampering the

enemy's overland retreat to the north shore of the island.

On the Solomon Island warfront to the east, the sharp exchange of air blows was resumed after a three-day intermission. Over Buin, one of the enemy's principal air bases in the Bougainville zone, 60 Japanese fighters rose to intercept an American attack and nine of them were shot down, General MacArthur's communique said.

In the central Solomons, where American forces are drawing an ever tighter knot around the enemy's last important position of Vila, Kolombangara Island, the cleanup of Arundel Island, two miles away, was continued.

A total of 345 Japanese dead have been counted there, the communique said.

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U. S. Production of War Materials to Be Increased 21 Per Cent in 1944

MUNITIONS, from Page 1.

spilling their records while the shifting is taking place.

The new Joint Production Survey Committee composed of two high ranking officers from the Army and two from the Navy will have the job of reviewing existing programs to cut out portions which are no longer of prime necessity. President Roosevelt specified that the committee members may not be officials who have been responsible for the various procurement programs—so that they will not try to protect personal "pet" programs.

Officials anticipate that this committee will be able to curtail further some of the less urgent schedules, thus insuring the production of top priority items in sufficient quantity.

It is possible to forecast that the total figures for this year will show actual production coming within 3 or 4 per cent of the high schedules set.

Production Rate Jumps

We are now producing at 16 times the rate at the end of 1940, 6 times the rate shortly before Pearl Harbor, at one and a third times the rate at the end of last year. By the end of the year, we will be producing in the neighborhood of 20 per cent more than present production—about ready to level off at overall totals for 1944 if changes within the program are ignored.

Figures for various portions of the program have not been made available, but their relative size can be judged by the fact that this year's munitions program is in the 60-billion category and next year's program will be well up in the 70-billion category.

By adding in the cost of war construction, the 1943 figures would jump to the 70-billion-dollar bracket, with the 1944 figures going into the 80-billion-dollar bracket.

Our production of airplanes this year will run well in excess of 80,000 planes, according to present indications, with about five-eighths of the number combat types. In expanding the aircraft and related munitions program, an additional 20 per cent by dollar volume next year, more planes, heavier planes, and more complicated planes will be produced.

As the effort in the Pacific is intensified, it is indicated that more heavy bombers and more transports will be needed. A production of proportionately fewer light planes seems indicated, along with less emphasis on noncombat types.

The making of design changes and the standardization of plane types in light of combat experience present two problems which are expected to occupy the time of our production engineers during the months ahead. A substantial amount of retooling of aircraft facilities may be expected.

Today the aircraft program has risen to about one third of the total munitions production effort. Next year, the proportion of our effort

devoted to aircraft will be nearer 50 per cent.

Peak plane production rates will not be reached until well into next year.

The combined naval and merchant shipping program is expected to increase in line with the increase in the total program—about 20 per cent. The shipping program will continue to hold its present production of the total productive effort excluding construction—about one-fourth.

Peak shipbuilding rates will be reached about the end of this year, but important changes will be made in the program from month to month. The job calls for greater concentration on tankers, faster cargo ships and more warships. Greater emphasis will be placed on the Victory and the C-type ships than on the standardized, but slower Liberty ships.

The program for ground troops best reveals the type of problems which will be faced next year. Scarcely more than this year's production will be called for next year. The program drops from its present place as one-fifth of the total effort to one-sixth of the

total effort, still excluding construction. The end of year rate will be about 15 per cent above the rate required during the next year, permitting substantial cutbacks, yet the program presents many problems.

About half of the ground force program represents items which will be cutback sharply next year—about one-third. The other half represents items which must be expanded by almost a third overall.

Production of artillery, tanks, antiaircraft guns, small arms, and combat vehicles will be cut, but production of ammunition must be increased sharply, presenting one of the biggest production problems of the entire program. Actually, we have produced about enough of "capital" war items, but still have a long pull ahead on such expendables as ammunition.

By cutting back production of tanks and jeeps, manpower and materials will be released for aircraft and shipbuilding, but considerable dislocation may be caused. Only a top-notch production management job will prevent these shifts from becoming the worst headaches of 1944.

One program can safely be called easy—miscellaneous munitions. About the same quantities must be produced this year and next year. The program includes large volumes of so-called soft goods such as clothing, medical supplies, etc. Although a few items in this program may be tight, no real problems are expected.

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You're clicking when your chin is clean and smooth. Super-keen Gem Blades keep you face-neat all day! No "5 o'clock Shadow"—no messy afternoon beard stubble! Gem's thicker, tougher, it takes a deep wedge-edge that delivers more shaves per blade.



BACK THE ATTACK WITH EXTRA WAR BONDS

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True to a century-old tradition of fine hand-weaving, Blairgowrie woollens have an innate beauty, comforting warmth, staunch durability. Walter-Morton tailors them with true-fitting distinction for long seasons of wear. Single-breasted, grey or heather, \$75.00.

Companion Suit, \$82.50

Men's Shop, Second Floor

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BACK THE ATTACK

15 BILLION DOLLARS NEEDED

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YOUR REGULAR QUOTA OF

WAR BONDS

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BOND. IT'S YOUR INVASION, TOO!

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Ready for Everything IN A STETSON HAT



The "THREE-WAY" \$8.50

Here's a Stetson designed to wear three different ways... ready for every occasion. Wear it snapped down in front... down all around... or as a Homburg. Stetson quality is evident in its fine finish and shape-retaining character. Try on a "Three-Way" today at The Mode.

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BACK THE ATTACK—BUY MORE WAR BONDS

King and Badoglio In New 'Capital'

Umberto Also on Hand at Unnamed City in Southern Italy, Kennedy Reports

By Edward Kennedy
Associated Press Staff Writer

Somewhere in Southern Italy, Sept. 26 (Delayed).—King Vittorio Emanuele, Crown Prince Umberto, and his government are in a southern Italian town which in effect is the provisional capital of Italy.

(International News Service quoted a Reuters dispatch as identifying the city as Brindisi.)

The King arrived here from Rome almost two weeks ago as the Germans were marching on the Eternal City.

British army detachments are in the town. A handful of American officers, including officers of the Allied military government of occupied territories (AMG), also are here.

It is here that details of the armistice settlements are being worked out and relations between the Americans, British and Italians appear almost cordial.

The townsfolk know the King is here, but there is little excitement. The sovereign has not appeared much in public.

I was the first American newspaper correspondent to arrive in the new capital.

The Italian tricolor flies over the city and British and Italian standards fly over some buildings.

In another dispatch from Tarento, Kennedy said the Italian flag flies over that city, Italian soldiers guard vital points and the Italian commander of the naval base and the Prefect of the Province—appointed by Badoglio—remain in office, charged with administering affairs under Allied occupation.

Italian soldiers in town are armed in regular formations, with Italian sentries at all vital points and Italian troops manning the city's defenses. As I passed through these defenses in a borrowed American Army truck, they scrutinized me, then waved me on without asking for credentials.

Many Italian soldiers have arrived at Brindisi, after having broken away from the Germans. Some Greeks who escaped also are now coming into southern Italy.

(Editor's note: The remainder of this dispatch was dated September 21.)

The King, Umberto and other members of the royal family left Rome by air September 8, three days before the Germans occupied the city, according to Umberto Cecchi, anti-Fascist journalist who slipped out of the capital after the occupation.

Cecchi said the King left Marshal Pietro Cavallia in Rome as his representative.

The journalist, who said he escaped by a suburban trolley which was still running, declared the Nazis violated all their terms for the occupation of Rome as soon as they entered the city, occupying all the Italian ministries, seizing records and arresting many anti-Fascists and shooting some.

The terms under which Gen. Calvi di Bergola's military government in Rome had agreed to the entry, Cecchi said, were that the Germans were to occupy only the radio station, postoffice, telephone and telegraph centers and the German Embassy.

"When the people heard that the Germans were coming, in they clamored for arms to fight them at the gates of the city," Cecchi related. "Some of them obtained arms and joined the Italian soldiers who were resisting. They shot several Germans as they entered Rome. The Germans returned the fire."

"Traitor (Marshal Emilio) de Bono rode around Rome with the Germans in a car with a machine gun on it. The Fascists directed the Germans to anti-Fascists, some of whom were machine-gunned."

"The German soldiers then looted shops and department stores. After they had taken the most valuable articles, they permitted the poor people to continue looting these places and had movie cameras on hand in an apparent plan to blame the looting on the population."

Cecchi said he had been sent out of Rome by the ministry of war to transmit orders to various Italian divisional commanders for continuing the fight against the Germans.

Grin And Bear It

By Lichty



State Dept. Move Seen as Bold Act

STATE, from Page 1.

virtually the only consequential friend of Russia in the State Department. While officials have heatedly denied this, the President and Secretary Hull had been expected to furnish further active evidence of friendly intentions toward Russia.

The situation is critical at this time because the foreign ministers' meeting next month is to be followed by a conference among Roosevelt, Churchill and Stalin.

The choice of Stettinius, announced Saturday night, drew approval from members of both parties in Congress, where he has become a familiar figure through his lend-lease operations.

Lehman in New Role

The White House announcement disclosed also that Leo T. Crowley, 53, a veteran Government administrator and businessman, has been made chief of the Office of Foreign Economic Administration, including the Office of Economic Warfare which Crowley has headed for several months.

A further step bearing upon foreign operations was the assignment of former Gov. Herbert H. Lehman of New York to be a special assistant to the President.

Lehman will make arrangements for a United Nations Relief Conference in this country in November.

He has been chief of the Office of Foreign Relief and Rehabilitation operations. That agency now goes to Crowley along with OEW and lend-lease. Lehman, meanwhile, is slated to head the International Relief Agency to be formed at the November meeting.

Crowley, as far as the announcement indicated, does not have an official position within the State Department, yet the President charged him with dovetailing the policies of his various economic agencies into the broad and controlling foreign policies established by the State Department.

The total effect of the presidential order, therefore, is to give the State Department stronger control over foreign economic operations and at the same time to give foreign economic experts, Crowley and Stettinius, a powerful voice in the fashioning of foreign policy.

Such a reorganization had been in the making for almost three months. Several plans were prepared and submitted to the President. Even so the final form agreed upon surprised many of the people involved in the shifts and some involved did not even know of the President's decision until Saturday night.

From this it seemed that the President and Secretary Hull studied a number of alternative methods and personalities and made a final determination only in the last few hours before announcement.

Some of the people considered were not acceptable to Hull, but Stettinius had his full approval and is assured of his cooperation, a fact which should help abate any difficult situation remaining from the resignation of Welles.

Bulgaria Seen Major Front Under Nazis

By the Associated Press

Istanbul, Sept. 25 (Delayed).—Germany is moving swiftly to occupy all of Bulgaria in force and is feverishly preparing that kingdom as a major Balkan battleground, the first trustworthy news to seep through the gestapo since King Boris' death said today.

Gustav Beckerle, Nazi minister, has become virtual Gauleiter and four additional German divisions, about 60,000 troops, have moved into position in southern Bulgaria facing the Aegean, Turkey and the Black Sea, these reports said.

Bulgaria authorities have been requisitioning large buildings at Sofia and elsewhere, apparently to be used as barracks. New road signs in German have appeared at strategic places.

Attempts to boost the morale of Bulgarian forces also are under way with the new minister of war, Gen. Russel Russev, circulating Bulgarian officers with demands for prompt execution of Sofia's orders.

Beckerle was said to be conferring daily with Bogdan Philov, former premier and present member of the regency who is the guiding hand of Bulgarian policy. Philov, the reports said, passes Beckerle's suggestions on to Premier Dobri Rujilov who follows them slavishly.

Dissension between Queen Mother Ioanna, Boris' widow, and the regency was said to have reached the point where Ioanna threatened to go into exile in Switzerland. Philov has warned border guards to stop her if she attempts to flee, it was said.

Continued sabotage by the strongly pro-Russian Bulgarians was reported, their latest exploit being the destruction of railroads on the Danube, severing ferry service between Bulgaria and Rumania.

Berlin Fears Landings in Italy, Balkans

By A. I. Goldberg
Associated Press Staff Writer

London, Sept. 26.—Berlin is taking a grave view of the improved Allied position for new landings, flanking Nazi defenses in Italy either from the west or east coasts, or an invasion of the Balkans from the Adriatic, dispatches from the German capital indicated today.

Spanish correspondents in Berlin said strong concentrations of Allied air and naval forces on Sardinia and the Allied-held portion of Corsica have aroused fears there that a landing in the Leghorn area of the Italian west coast is an early possibility.

Air bases on Sardinia and Corsica could provide a protective umbrella far superior to aerial protection the Allies were able to give the American Fifth Army's landing at Salerno from bases in Sicily.

On the German left flank, the Spanish dispatches said, Allied possession of such Balkan Adriatic ports as Split and Susak and the neutralization of Fiume and Trieste through Yugoslav guerrilla activity afford protection for Allied landings on the Italian east coast or provide an open doorway to invasion of the Balkans.

Claim Attacks Beaten Off

The Yugoslav government's information bureau said today that guerrilla forces have beaten off new German attacks on the strategic port of Split and still hold the greater part of Susak.

All German efforts to organize their Yugoslav defenses against Allied attacks have been paralyzed by partisan armies, it said.

Most of the fighting around Split and Susak has been credited to the Peoples' Liberation army, but a Swiss dispatch from Budapest said yesterday that the Yugoslav campaign was passing from the guerrilla stage to a full-scale military operation with a force of 180,000 armed men fighting under Allied command.

Here is the Yugoslav situation at a glance as gleaned from the Yugoslav government and neutral sources:

Slovenia.—The province of Ljubljana, formerly under Italian occupation, has been cleared of Axis forces except for the capital itself. Great quantities of arms and ammunition acquired from the Italians have enabled forces there to thrust toward Idria, site of Europe's largest quicksilver mines. Advanced groups of these forces have pushed into Italian Trieste, where street fighting was reported.

Fight for Susak Still on

Croatia.—Fighting continues for the port of Susak, with Fiume, just across the Italian frontier river, the next goal. Susak is the final station on the Zagreb-Adriatic rail line, indicating how well Nazi communications have been cut. Guerrilla forces also hold the Zara area farther south and are fighting along the communication lines to Banjaluka.

Dalmatia.—Most of Split still is in Yugoslav hands, although bitter battles are raging about Sinj and Kila, which command the land approach to the port. The main rail line into the interior is in guerrilla hands. Yugoslav forces also hold Metkovic, big Neretva River port.

Montenegro.—Kotor, Adriatic large enough to anchor the entire British Mediterranean fleet, remains in German hands, although nearby fighting has been reported and rail lines with the interior have been cut.

Allied positions in the Middle East and landings on Aegean islands and in the Dodecanese group have led to a German tightening of eastern Balkan defenses also.

Cairo dispatches said Bulgarian forces occupying Greece had begun seizing livestock and agricultural produce, leaving Greek farmers practically nothing.

Nazi Capital's Evacuees Put At 2 Million

By International News Service

London, Sept. 26.—Two million residents of Berlin have been evacuated since August 3, the Daily Telegraph said today in quoting an expelled Swedish journalist whom the paper labeled "the last man from Berlin."

The reporter, Gunnar Pihl, said the Germans have been told by Dr. Joseph Goebbels of supposedly "secret weapons" in order to raise morale on the home front. One "weapon" was supposed to be a rocket gun with a 100-foot barrel and a "whispered" range of 125 miles. Pihl added that "I personally know it (the gun) exists in the experimental stage."

War Production Drops

Pihl said the past year's war production in Germany has dropped 15 to 20 per cent from the peak figures reached in the autumn of 1941.

The German rail system is near the breaking point under the strain of bombings, he said. The German army in Russia, he added, nearly collapsed in the winter of 1941 through the lack of locomotives. In the winter of 1942, the shortage of tanks almost spelled disaster but spring thaws came early in the Ukraine, Pihl said.

Nervous and Sullen

"Berlin is a nervous, grumbling city with the people sullen and apathetic but not rebellious," he wrote, adding that Goebbels is doing all he can to boost morale.

Arvid Fredborg, another Swedish newspaperman, wrote that all Germany is dotted with Allied secret service agents. Some have been inside Germany since the beginning of the war, others were landed from the air or entered by boat.

Fredborg said after the war, the world may learn that high ranking Nazis worked for years with British intelligence. He added that at the end of last spring, the war weariness of the Germans reached an unparalleled level, further emphasized since then by the way things were going in Sicily and Italy.

For Yourself! For Gifts, Too!

Naval Officers' All-Purpose Robe



\$16.50

Here's the robe that sells on sight—for its good looks, for its all-around utility. Well-tailored, full cut wrap-around style, in a comfortable medium weight, perfect for lounging, perfect for chilly nights too. Wool and cotton mixture with gold braid accent at the cuffs. In navy blue.

RALEIGH HABERDASHER
WASHINGTON'S FINEST MEN'S WEAR STORE
1310 F Street

Flier Blows Up Ammunition Dump And Own Plane

Allied Headquarters in North Africa, Sept. 26 (AP).—Twenty-three-year-old Maj. J. C. Gunnison blew up a German ammunition dump so successfully that he went up with it and lived to tell the story.

Gunnison of San Anselmo, Calif., and the American A-36 Invader Squadron he commands, attacked a camouflaged German bivouac area near Capua, Italy, shooting up vehicles and artillery. Gunnison trained his machine guns on the ammunition dump.

"It went off like the Fourth of July and my plane seemed to shoot up about 1000 feet in the air," he related. "I thought it was blown to pieces, but it still was flying when I came out of it."

He headed out over the sea, but the plane came back. The major climbed over the side twice, but each time he wasn't suited with the angle of the plane and reentered to right it before he finally bailed out at 700 feet.

3 Nazi Warships Reported Wrecked

TIRPITZ, from Page 1.

to the fleet in the 1918 scuttling at Scapa Flow.

The Tirpitz, completed in 1941, is a battleship of more than 40,000 tons mounting eight 15-inch guns.

The Scharnhorst, completed in 1939, is a 26,000-ton battleship mounting nine 11-inch guns. The Luetzow, completed in 1933, is the former pocket-battleship Deutschland with a displacement of 10,000 tons and carrying six 11-inch guns.

The Alten Fjord is on the northern tip of Norway near the North Cape and the Arctic Ocean. It is near the town of Hammerfest.

All three ships, plus the pocket battleship Admiral Scheer, were said by Norwegian sources in London to have taken part in the German naval attack against the garrison of Spitzbergen early this month.

A 'Must' for Morale

"SERVICE men welcome cheerful letters from home and recent photographs of family and friends." (A consensus of opinion from officers just returned from the fighting fronts.)

Last sitting date for Navy Overseas mailing October 10

Make Your Appointment for Christmas Photographs Today

Underwood & Underwood

Connecticut Ave. at Q Call EMerson 0200
Open Thursdays until 9 P. M. Sunday 12 to 4 P. M.

Meet Flight Officer GAY GAHAGAN

...of the Civil Air Patrol, a veteran of six years' flying—a Camel smoker for five years.

IT'S CAMELS FOR ME — THEY HAVE A RICH, FULL FLAVOR AND AN EXTRA MILDNESS THAT'S SO EASY ON MY THROAT

THE "1-ZONE"

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BUY A BOND
RECEIVE A FREE DINNER

J. Willard Marriott
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Hot Shoppes

Has Set Aside TODAY

To Make You the War Bond Guest of the Hot Shoppes

BUY A WAR BOND

From Any Hot Shoppe War Bond Hostess and

RECEIVE A FREE DINNER

At Any Hot Shoppe This Evening—5 to 9 P. M.

Choose your favorite from the day's dinners on the regular Hot Shoppes menu. Buy a \$25 Bond for \$18.75 and have a Free Dinner—what a value, what a reason: DON'T MISS IT! Back the Attack! One day only—that's today—at all

Hot Shoppes

13 CONVENIENT LOCATIONS

HURRY! HURRY! HURRY!

Men Are Dying . . . More and More Equipment Is Needed . . . It Is in YOUR Power to Shorten or Lengthen This War



Official U. S. Marine Corps Photograph

Look down in your heart . . . Have you failed the boys who are bleeding and dying for you? Can you, as the 3rd War Loan Drive draws to a close, say you have invested every dollar you can scrape up to back up our gallant fighting men to the limit?

Before September ends buy at least one EXTRA War Bond besides your regular Bond purchases. Do it NOW . . . Today!

"Back the Attack With War Bonds"

PERPETUAL

"America's Largest"

Building Association

11th and E Sts. N. W.

Est. 1881

Cargo Ship's Gun Crew Gets 10 Nazi Planes

Destruction of 10 enemy planes which attacked a convoy in the Mediterranean was disclosed yesterday by the Navy in making public a letter of praise sent naval gunners from the entire crew of a merchant ship.

The letter, written by Ralph E. Byers, chief steward of the S.S. Anne Bradstreet, and signed by all hands, told of the attack by about 50 German dive-bombers and torpedo bombers as the convoy steamed toward Gibraltar August 13.

"It was a surprise attack, and the planes came into the convoy low and fast, hedge-hopping over the horizon," wrote Byers, of St. Cloud, Minn.

"The Germans meant business," he continued. "In spite of the point blank fire from the convoy's anti-aircraft guns, they came in head-on a few feet above the water in what looked like a suicidal assault. And that's what it proved to be."

Torpedo Plane First Victim

A huge four-motored Junkers 88 was the first victim. Roaring in at deck level, the plane banked to launch torpedoes. The momentary target was all the gunners needed. The craft seemed to fall apart in midair, burst into flames and crashed into the sea, wrote Byers.

Meantime, the forward gunners were peppering a Heinkel 111 which dove at a Liberty ship next to the Bradstreet. Barely clearing the mast, the plane loosed its bombs, but so distracting was the concentrated fire, said the steward, that the missiles missed their target and the German craft plunged smoking into the water.

Meanwhile, Byers continued, a Dornier roared in through a wall of fire. As it approached white streaks of smoke streamed from the fuselage but the pilot didn't drop his bombs until he was close enough for the sweating gunners to see his goggles.

Incredibly to the steward, these bombs missed, too, and the smoking plane zoomed off so close to the water that the crew was certain it also was lost.

Ten Planes Shot Down

There were other planes engaged by our gunners both in this attack and in one that immediately followed," wrote Byers. "So it is possible that they aided in downing some others. There can be no doubt that it was the concentrated firepower of the Bradstreet that distracted the enemy bombardiers, causing them in every instance to overshoot their mark. There is no other explanation for the incredibly poor marksmanship of the Germans, particularly as in two instances the planes were almost resting on the mastsheads of the ships they were bombing.

The 27 men and commanding officer who comprise the armed guards of the Bradstreet are all volunteers. They are, by and large, in their late teens or early twenties, and only one of them had ever been on the high seas before. This hectic engagement was their moment, the time for which they had waited. The score was no ships sunk, two damaged, ten German planes shot down."

Allied Planes Again Swarm Over Channel

By the Associated Press
London (Monday) Sept. 27.—Clouds of bombers and fighters swarmed in the hundreds across the Channel late yesterday, attacking among other places an airfield at Rheims, France.

It was one of the greatest operations of the crushing Allied air offensive. Bombers and fighters—layer upon layer—went over at altitudes ranging from 1,000 to 30,000 feet.

It was one of the most spectacular exhibitions of Allied air power yet seen, but the only resulting communique was restricted to the action at Rheims, from which all forces returned without loss. The communique said:

"It is announced by the Air Ministry and the headquarters of the European theater of operations of the United States Army that United States Eighth Air Force Flying Fortresses attacked the Champaingne airfield at Rheims last Sunday.

"U. S. A. F. Thunderbolts and RAF Dominions and Allied Spitfires supported the heavy bombers.

"None of our aircraft is missing from the operations.

"Two RAF fighters are missing from an offensive patrol over France earlier in the day."

TONIGHT
"THE
TELEPHONE HOUR"
presents
HELEN TRAUBEL
and the
Baltimore Symphony Orchestra
9 p. m. W R C
E. W. T.

Advertising Praised by Commerce Department as Help to Home Front in Winning of War

America's advertising was praised by the Commerce Department yesterday as "a major weapon of the home front," with vital information its ammunition.

Summarizing what it termed the official attitude of "the Government as a whole," the department issued a 96-page booklet declaring that advertising scheduled in all

media should be maintained as "a constructive contribution to the war effort."

"With the attack on Pearl Harbor," it said, "the Department of Commerce immediately recognized that advertising would be a major weapon on the home front. People had to be informed. Talents used so effectively in creating a desire for goods could with equal effective-

ness show how to help win the war. "At the same time, the Department of Commerce sensed the danger of a gradual decrease or cessation of advertising, either by companies that had converted wholly to war production, or by those whose civilian output had been curtailed. In either case, carefully built brand names, trade marks and goodwill would suffer.

"And so, as liaison officer between business and government, this department has continually reminded both of the necessity of advertising, not only as a means of maintaining markets but as a mighty force for social good.

"The record shows that business has shared this viewpoint. Companies continue to advertise. And they keyed their messages to ad-

ding the Government in its prosecution of the war.

"It is evident in the eyes of Government that advertising has a rightful role in wartime and that it is filling that role successfully."

The booklet is a compilation of letters, articles and other endorsements of advertising by Government officials from President Roosevelt down. It is addressed, the department explained, to "those

who shortsightedly view advertising as an economic waste in wartime and informs them that the Government strongly disagrees with this attitude."

Acid Indigestion

Relieved in 5 minutes or double your money back

When excess stomach acid causes painful, souring gas, your stomach and heartburn, doctors usually prescribe the fastest-acting medicines known for symptomatic relief—medicines like those in Bell-sens Tablets. No laxative. Bell-sens brings comfort in a half or double your money back on return of bottle to us. 25c at all drug-gists.

PITTSBURGH'S
HOTEL
ROOSEVELT
Famed For Friendliness
and MORE FOR YOUR MONEY

The art exhibit that millions saw!



Down the Ropes and into a life raft slide and swim officers and men of the stricken aircraft carrier *Hornet*. After all were safely off, the big ship capsized and sank. This picture is one of many done for LIFE by artist Tom Lea, who had spent 66 days aboard the doomed *Hornet* and who painted for LIFE a series of pictures graphically depicting the vivid story of the great ship's last fight and death.

THE millions of readers who see LIFE each week have been viewing, during the past two years, a remarkable exhibit of art... the results of a new venture in journalism.

They have seen the colorful, dramatic reproductions of seventy canvases painted by leading American artists... paintings which are on-the-scene reports of battle actions and of the men who fight, paintings that bring home the very feel and sound and smell of World War II.

This great, continuing exhibit of paintings is part of LIFE's plan to bring Americans as graphic, accurate, and interpretive a story of this war as it is possible to obtain.

Even before Pearl Harbor, LIFE had commissioned America's leading easel artists to go out and paint our troops, our ships, our growing Army and Navy.

After Pearl Harbor they continued to paint for LIFE's readers a colorful record of the war itself. As these paintings appear in LIFE, it is the first time in history that fine arts have been used on a wide scale to augment the other skills of modern journalism.

Art exhibit on tour

Today, 146 of these paintings are here in America. They have been grouped as a complete exhibit, were shown at the National Gallery of Art in Washington and at the Metropolitan Museum of Art in New York City, and are now on tour throughout the country.

Large as the attendance at these exhibits has been—26,733 New Yorkers visited the Metropolitan Museum of Art to see these paintings—it is a mere handful of people compared to the 22,000,000 civilians who read LIFE each week

and have already seen these paintings reproduced in LIFE's pages.

To date, twenty-seven LIFE artists have covered the fighting fronts or are traveling to them now. Meanwhile, more paintings are being commissioned, and as they are completed they will be reproduced in LIFE magazine.

At the end of the war, all of the original canvases will be presented by LIFE to the U.S. Government for housing in whatever memorial is erected to the heroes of World War II.

LIFE

LIFE's historic new venture in journalism wins high praise from art critics:

EDWARD ALDEN JEWELL, of the New York Times, says:

"This exhibition contains much fine and serious work... has an intimate, personal touch.

"LIFE magazine has performed a genuine service by sending well-equipped artists into every theatre of war, and then reproducing the results of their observations."

ART NEWS, leading monthly art magazine, says:

"When LIFE commissioned its first artist to paint its first defense picture, it launched an

art campaign on a truly fabulous scale.

"These pictures appearing in this magazine, give a knowledge of painting to a vast and more varied public than could ever be reached by art exhibitions alone."

CARLYLE BURROWS, of the New York Herald Tribune, says:

"No effort has been withheld by the publishers of LIFE in presenting these vivid records of Army and Navy battle actions. Some of the best known young American artists were chosen to make these pictures."



B-24 Hoisted to Rest. This is one of a series of eight pictures Paul Sample painted at the Norfolk Navy Yard. It shows handlers towing a giant B-24 out of water onto a ramp. Sample made first sketch of this plane just as it returned to the base at early dawn.



Tossing the Cane is the name of this picture painted for LIFE by Tom Lea. It shows a destroyer firing depth charges from a "Y" gun. It is one of a series showing action on the Atlantic patrol—result of the artist's weeks aboard a destroyer on convoy service.

Soap and Tobacco Are American Soldier's Passwords to Society and Luxury on Capri

By Don Whitehead
Associated Press Staff Writer

Capri, Italy, Sept. 23 (Delayed).—With a good supply of soap and cigarettes an American soldier on Capri can barter his way through the island in luxury on this Mediterranean beauty spot.

For two years soap and tobacco have been rarer than tourists here.

When ships or boats put in at Capri's small harbor, the men wander through the novelty-filled shops which are doing a rushing business.

Caprians point out the villas owned by Grace Fields and Mrs. Harrison Williams, and think it quite a joke that a British officer has taken over the villa which once belonged to Count Ciano.

Many villas are thrown open to the American visitors in a gay welcome to the "liberators," but there probably is none happier to see the Americans than Mrs. Theodore Catuogno and her daughter, Constance, of Philadelphia, who are the only American citizens living on the island.

Popular With Officers

The Catuogno villa is a gathering place for young officers with leave from sea duties.

Mrs. Catuogno and Constance came to Capri for a two weeks' visit, fell in love with the island, and have been here six years.

"Our friends urged us to leave when the war began," the mother said. "But we thought it would be over in a short time. I did not think Italy could possibly stay in the war more than two months. Then when we wanted to leave we couldn't."

The two women received an allowance from Theodore Catuogno, who formerly operated Philadelphia's Rittenhouse Hotel along with Mrs. Catuogno's brother, Vincent Bruni.

But since the Germans occupied

Rome they have been unable to get funds from the Swiss Legation.

"Because we had an Italian name," said Constance, "not many people on the island knew we were Americans. We want to get back to America as soon as possible."

Lieut. (jg) George Steele of Fairhaven, Mass., and Lieut. (jg) George Patterson of Macon, Ga., dropped by to eat grapes from the Catuogno vineyard.

"Where we heard there were Americans on the island," Steele

Big Guns Wrecked By Navy Fire Lie On Italian Shore

With the U. S. Navy at Salerno Beach, Sept. 22 (Delayed).—Several huge 15-inch Italian shore guns which were intended to repel Allied invasion litter the shore of the Sorrento peninsula, where they were knocked out by Allied naval artillery.

The guns, manned by Germans, were Vickers Armstrongs, given to the Italian government by Britain during the World War, and were sisters to the 15-inch batteries that held back Gen. Sir Bernard L. Montgomery's Eighth Army at Catania, Sicily, for so long.

"Frankie and Johnny," two big German mobile guns which move up and down the roads behind Salerno village lobbing 7-inch shells into the bay continue to be annoying, however.

From their hinterland hideouts, "Frankie and Johnny," as they have been dubbed by U. S. Navy gunners who carry out daily duels with them, represent the main Nazi resistance to the continuing flow of supplies.

They also lay an occasional barrage along the main road artery controlling our entrance into the Bay of Naples.

"we dropped by just to talk to someone from the United States." Lieut. (jg) Bob McLeod of Minneapolis, Minn., said, "I did not think there was any place left in the world like this. You can see Naples from here and still you feel the war is far away. Yet the Germans left the island only 10 days ago after dominating life on Capri."

Made Up Own Soap

Mrs. Catuogno said that "if the Germans got drunk and created a disturbance no one did anything to them. I guess the Fascists were afraid of them, although most Italians hated the Germans and wouldn't speak to them on the street."

Constance Catuogno tried making her own soap with a mixture of olive oil, milk, soda and talcum powder.

"I was supposed to put in some perfume," she said, "but I didn't have any."

"Still, it was not so bad until I washed with it and the skin on my hands began peeling off."

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Baby Born in Field Hospital in Italy Is Renamed 'Evac' by U. S. Troops

By International News Service

Allied Headquarters in North Africa, Sept. 26.—Her mother christened her Irene—which means "peace"—but the boys at the front line American Army hospital where she was born call her "Evac," and she is getting along just fine, thank you.

"Evac" is short for evacuation, and the soldiers believe it is appropriate because it is that kind of a hospital. Irene's mother, Mrs. Theresa Russo Paolilli, a native of the Salerno region, was brought to the hospital to be treated for a

shrapnel wound she received on the day the American Fifth Army landed on Italian soil.

Irene's time to enter this war-torn world came while the mother was at the hospital, so attaches summoned the nearest doctor—Capt. Morris Gershman of New York City.

Captain Gershman was an orthopedic specialist in private life, but he performed nobly and soon Irene's healthy cries were mingling with the sound of shells exploding and machine guns rattling a short distance off.

Lieut. Helen Kilpatrick, an Army nurse from Philadelphia, was asked to assist Captain Gershman. At first she refused to answer the summons, thinking it was a gag.

"Golly, it's real!" she cried, when she entered the room and saw the wailing infant.

Attaches admitted to the Stars and Stripes reporter who stumbled onto the story of Irene that her arrival disrupted regular evacuation hospital procedure considerably, for both patients and staff members wanted to visit the first child to be born on American-held

soil in Europe.

The situation was complicated, too, when soldiers stationed nearby heard about the event and showed up to pay their respects.

The soldiers tried their best to persuade Mrs. Paolilli to christen the girl "Evac" but the mother decided on Irene and agreed that the boys could use "Evac" for a nickname if they desired.

According to Nurse Kilpatrick's estimate, Irene weighed about 6 pounds and despite the rugged scene into which she was born and the amount of company she has

had, she is doing nicely under the care of Maj. Charles B. Edgar, Memphis, Tenn., physician.

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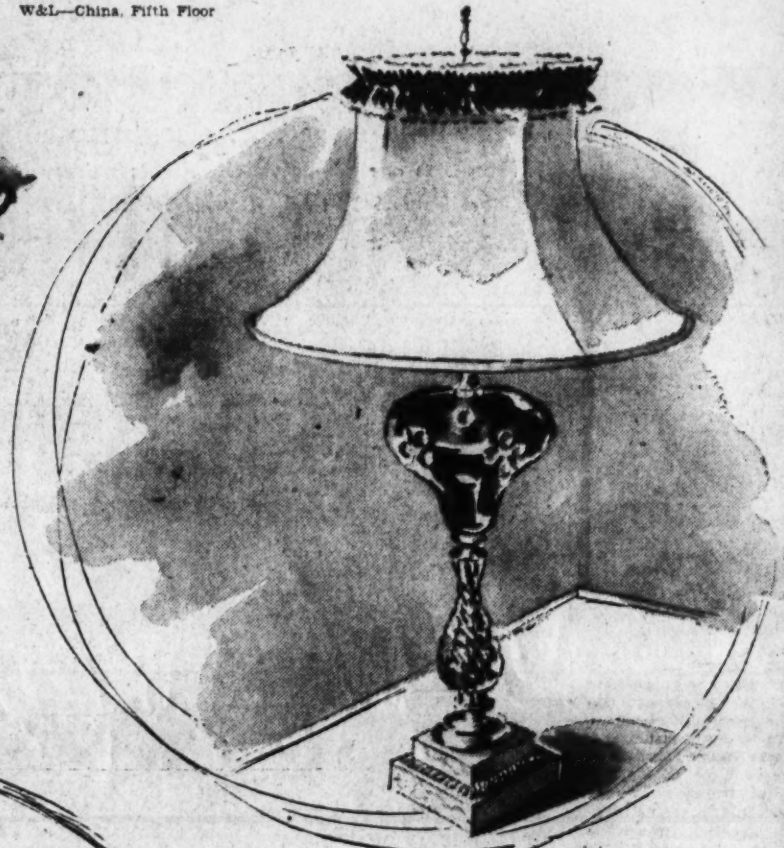
Vase, \$7 Bowl, \$10 Small Pitcher, \$1.50
W&L—China, Fifth Floor



A Touch of Warmth . . . in this Lovely Lamp for Fall

Picture the soft glow of light on the ruby-colored font . . . contrasting with the sparkling clarity of the swirled crystal-glass shaft . . . accented with bright trim and the cool alabaster base. The shade is eggshell rayon lined with tearose, bell-shaped, with a ribbon-trimmed top to match the lamp font.

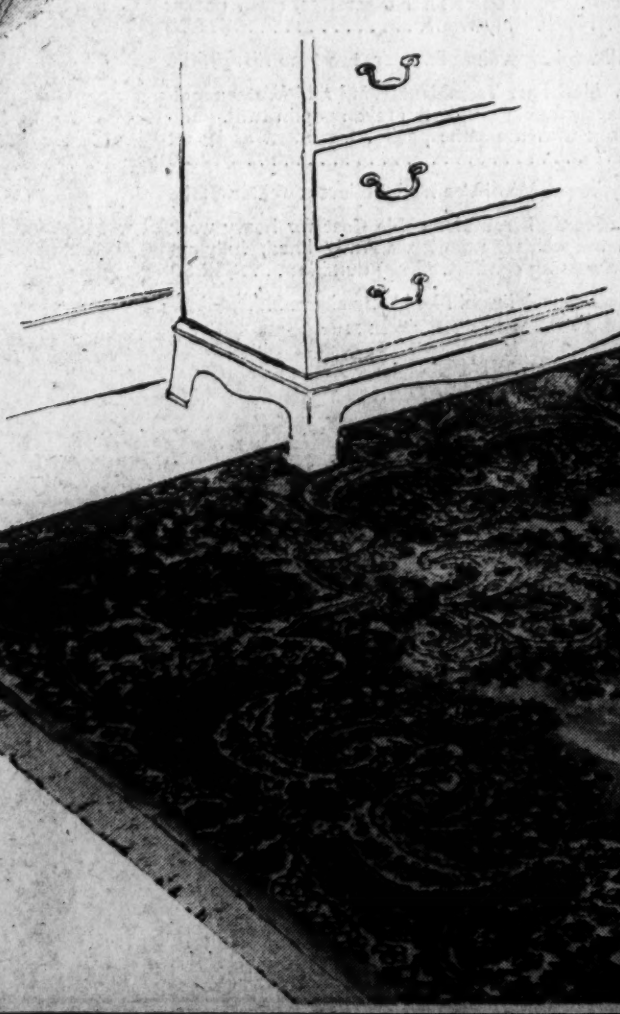
The Lamp, \$18.50 The Shade, \$6.50
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W&L—Lamps and Shades, Seventh Floor



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3x5, \$19.50	8-6x10-6, \$97.50
	9x15, \$139.50
	9x18, \$169.50

W&L—Floorcoverings, Sixth Floor

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10:00 P.M.

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House Ways and Means Committee Summoned For Preliminary Tax Problem Discussion

By Coleman B. Jones
New York Herald-Tribune Bureau

Members of the House Ways and Means Committee, already plagued with preliminary uncertainties in attacking the complex problem of increasing the Government's war tax revenues, yesterday were summoned to meet today for discussion of a program.

Chairman Robert L. Doughton (Democrat) of North Carolina described the meeting as a "round table conference" at which he expects the members cautiously to feel each other out as to their views and try to arrive at some plan to speed up the public hearings, now scheduled to begin on October 4.

Meantime, some of the Treasury Department's "alternative suggestions" aimed at raising an additional 12 billion dollars a year in taxes are expected to reach the committee.

January 1 Deadline Set

Doughton again expressed confidence that the committee and the House could complete a bill—he continued to refrain from setting any revenue goal—in time to send it to the Senate for enactment before January 1.

Representative Frank Carlson of Kansas, who led the fight which put over the pay-as-you-go Ruml plan in modified form earlier

this year, expressed the opinion that the only way the January 1 deadline could be met would be for the committee to agree to confine its bill to increasing individual, corporation and excise taxes. He didn't see how it could be done unless highly controversial issues, such as the Administration's long-sought outlawing of separate returns by husbands and wives, or the incorporation into the bill of war contract renegotiation problems, were eliminated from consideration.

Carlson disclosed that he was trying to dig out something specific on the so-called "inflationary gap" between the mounting national income and the supply of goods available for consumer purchases, and also in plans for simplification of tax returns under the pay-as-you-go program.

Simplification Sought

Among the latter, he is studying several suggestions whereby not only the victory and normal individual income taxes but the first surtax bracket might be combined into a single tax without risking loss of revenue now derived through the surtax from income received by owners of Government securities.

In the former category, he was studying the effects of cancellations of contracts for obsolescent

or no longer needed war materials on the increasing supplies of civilian goods, on the theory that the "inflationary gap" would be narrowed if that were accomplished.

Representative John Taber of New York, ranking Republican member of the House Appropriations Committee, disclosed that he was attacking the broad problem from the viewpoint of cutting down unnecessary war as well as normal governmental expenditures. Some members of Congress have suggested that, by reducing expenditures by five billion dollars or six billion dollars, the Treasury's tax goal could be cut back by an equal amount.

Representative Joseph W. Martin, Jr., of Massachusetts, Republican floor leader, expressed the opinion that "there are plenty of chances to save" on Government expenditures all along the line, and that the tax goal could be "substantially cut" in that way. He remarked that "saving is just as good as taxing," and agreed that many voters would think it better.

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Farm Bloc Girds for Fight on New Subsidy Plan

CONGRESS, from Page 1.

keep all food prices down would cost from \$2,000,000,000 to \$3,000,000,000 yearly.

"I think Mr. Jones will need a better story than he was able to produce in support of the milk subsidy before he gets approval of the program from Congress," Alken said.

Explaining that he was not opposed to all subsidies, the Vermont Senator declared he would back the price support program under which CCC would buy in a sagging market sell at a loss to increase production of foodstuffs.

That portion of the proposal seems likely to meet with general approval in the Senate, although it has some opposition in the House.

Although the Administration program calls for no additions to the "rollback" subsidies now being

paid with Reconstruction Finance Corp. funds on meat and butter, Senator Taft (Republican) of Ohio said he would demand an accounting of the cost of the latter.

"I imagine that the whole subsidy question will be opened up again and I would not be surprised if a move is made to ban roll-backs," he said.

Taft was largely instrumental in effecting a compromise last summer when Congress continued the

life of the CCC until January 1, and increased its borrowing power from \$2,650,000,000 to \$3,000,000,000. This action came after President Roosevelt vetoed a similar bill carrying a rider banning roll-backs. The veto was sustained by the House.

Representative Wolcott (Republican) of Michigan, who led the House fight against the subsidy-rollback program, indicated he would renew his opposition.

"I don't think I can go along," he said, "with a program which by subterfuge would effectuate a

common subsidy which was so roundly repudiated by the last session of Congress."

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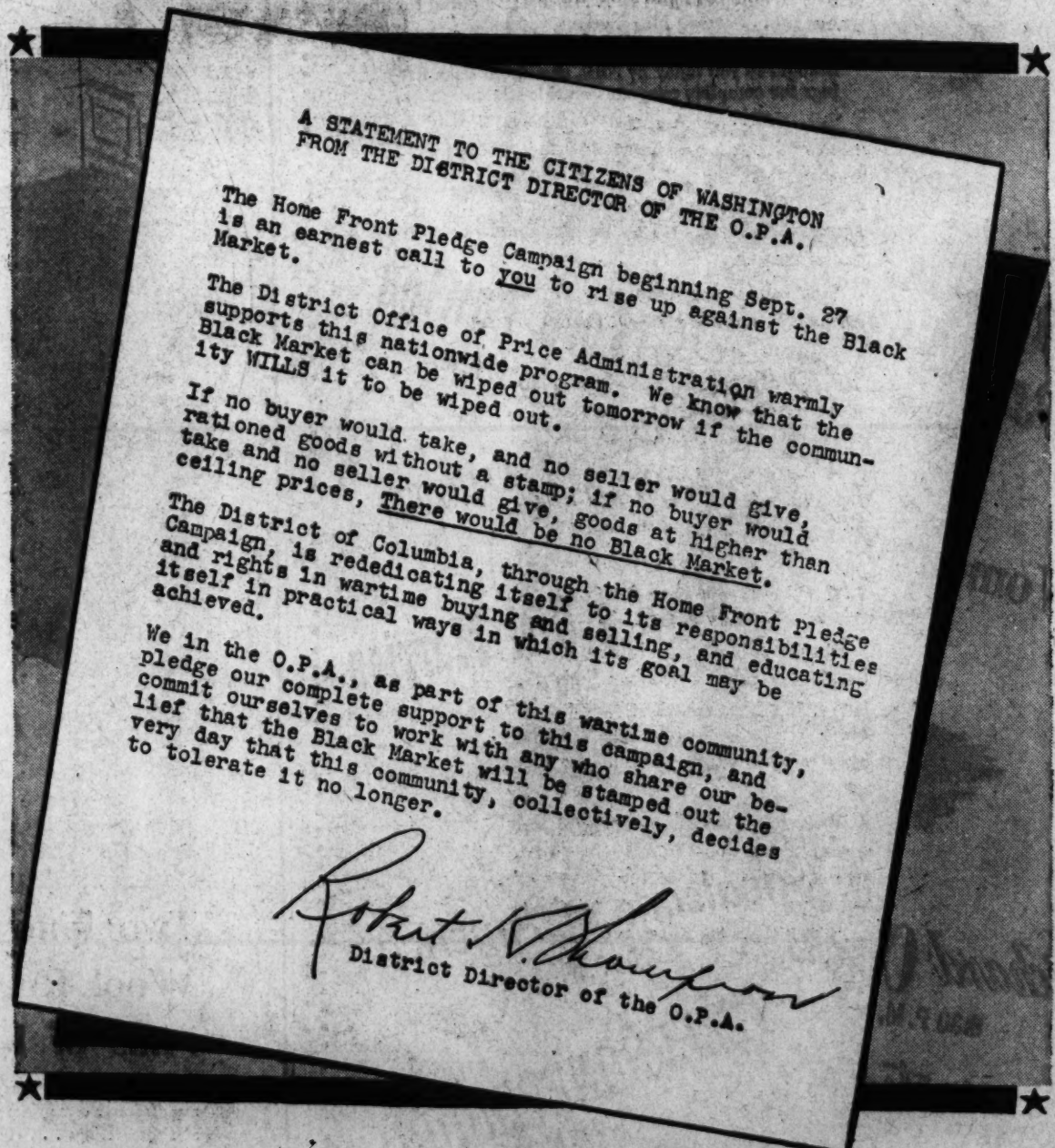


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Invasion comes high—in blood and money.

Part of the cost must be paid with human life. That means deep and lasting hurt for many and many an American family.

Part of the cost must be paid in cash... this September. And that's going to hurt, too!

Sure, you've answered America's call for help before. In the First and Second War Loan Drives you opened your hearts—and your purses—and invested generously.

But this is no time to say, "Sorry, I've done all I can."

No man or woman can hold back. No man or woman can point to his payroll buying and say, "They don't mean me!" No man or woman can say, "I'm already lending 10% or 12%—I'm doing enough!"

Not when our troops are smashing ahead and men are bleeding and dying.

Not when the cry from every front is for more tanks... more guns... more invasion boats... more planes to strike the knockout blow.

A big job? Yes! But invasion is a big job, too... And that's what the Third War Loan is for—INVASION.

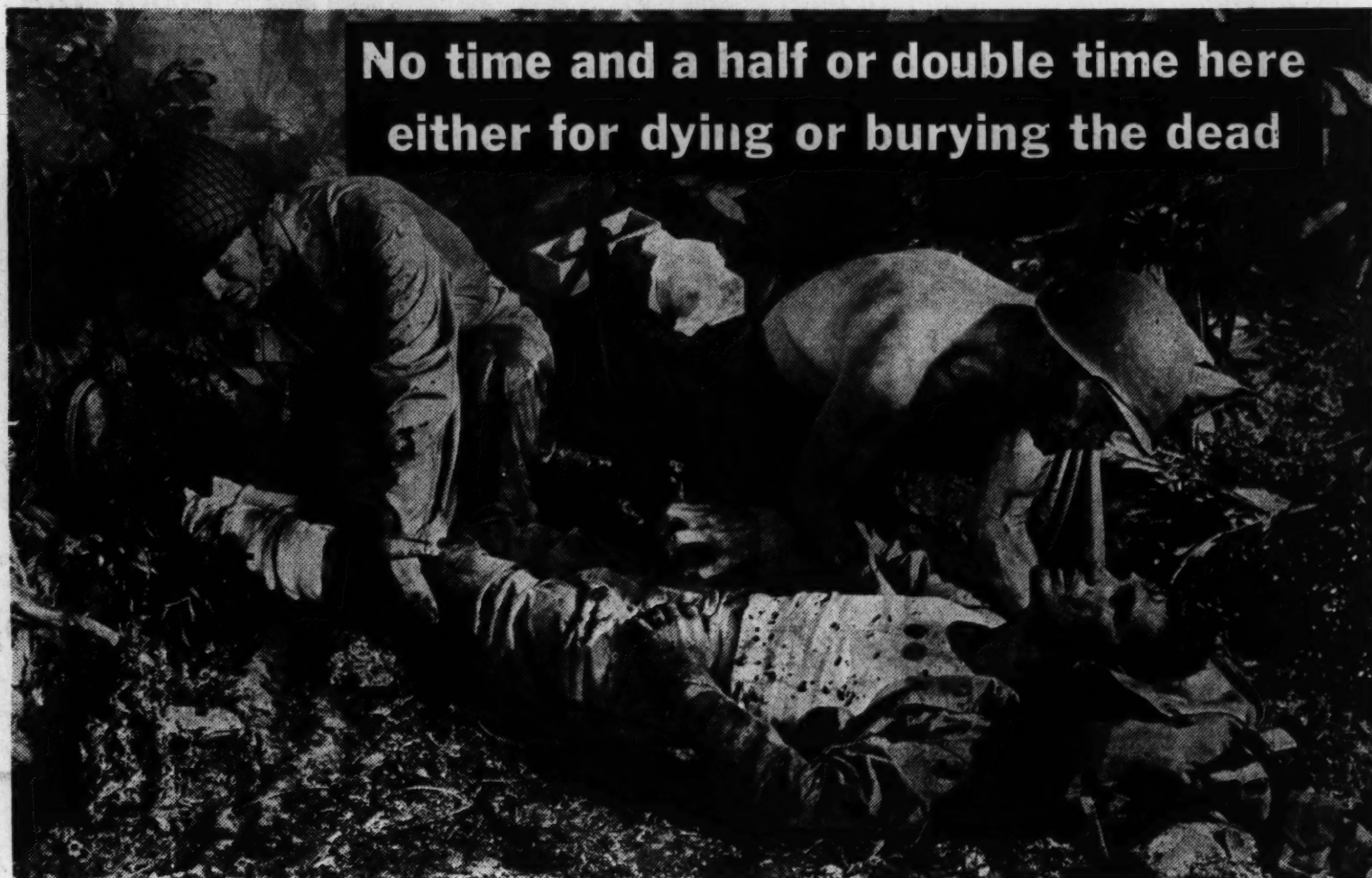
And it's for your loved ones, too. You are the link between some soldier you know and victory.

Maybe he's a son, a husband, a sweetheart, a brother or father. He may be just a friend. You know, the boy who used to crack your evening paper up against your front door around dinner time.

Wherever he is today—on one of the invasion beachheads, or waiting the signal to open still another front—he's your boy, and he's counting on YOU!

Are you going to let him down?

No time and a half or double time here
either for dying or burying the dead



It boils down to this: Are you going to buy enough war bonds during the Third War Loan Drive to pay for the weapons he needs? The boats you're building... ammunition... medicine... food...

Our government is asking for 15 billion dollars worth this month—to be purchased by individuals. That means that the men and women of Higgins must put every dollar they can scrape together into War Bonds now.

You can't do less and remain an American. You know what America means—it means freedom.

Sure it'll be tough to dig into that extra money. But we've got to do it—and we will.

We'll do it partly because of the look that would come over the faces of our fighting men if we should fail. We'll do it partly because the cheapest, easiest way out of this whole rotten business is for everybody to chip in all he can to help end it quickly.

You are urged to buy at least an extra \$100 bond above your regular pur-

chases. It's a lot less than our men are paying now to keep freedom a living, breathing reality.

And your hands—the hands of an American—will be passing the Invasion weapons of victory to that boy of yours—or some boy you know!

It should not be necessary to appeal to our patriotism... Even if one is a little slack on that, it's still Good Business to lend your country \$3 to get back \$4.

Let your dollars fight today for Americans and create a Rainy Day fund for you.

Cut out a few of the parties—the good times. Keep out of that card or crap game. Cut down on your pleasures and you'll have the moneey for Bonds.

They'll help pay for Victory—and pay YOU back with interest when YOU may need it.

JOHN STEINBECK,

NOTED AUTHOR, WHO HAS SEEN WAR'S
HARDSHIPS AND HORRORS, SAYS:

"I have seen the hospitals and the mauled men, the legless and blind, the fingerless hands and the burned faces—all the destruction that steel and fire can do to a man's body and mind. I have seen children hauled out of a blasted building; lumps of crushed, dirty meat in pinafores, and dead—boxed and buried carrion.

"In God's name, what is the Third War Loan for except to get this horrible thing over with as quickly and as thoroughly as possible? And if this is true, it should not be a matter of who will lend his money? but who dares not to?"

This Page contributed to the 3rd War Loan Drive by

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3RD WAR LOAN

BACK THE ATTACK... WITH WAR BONDS

Members of Both Parties Laud Stettinius

Democrats and Republicans who knew Edward R. Stettinius, Jr., as lend-lease administrator, generally agreed yesterday his selection as Undersecretary of State was an "excellent" and "fortunate" choice.

Chairman Bloom (Democrat) of New York of the House Foreign Affairs Committee said the Chairman's appointment will "above all bring harmony to the State Department."

"And that," he added, "is most necessary at this time."

Both Bloom and Senator Taft (Republican) of Ohio lauded Stettinius' work in lend-lease and predicted, too, that President Roosevelt's simultaneous appointment of Leo T. Crowley as chief of the Office of Foreign Economic Administration would strengthen economic policies.

"Excellent Choice"

Taft termed Stettinius "an excellent choice" and while Senator Wagner (Democrat) of New York expressed a similar view he said he and many others regretted the departure of Sumner Welles from office.

"Mr. Stettinius has an outstanding knowledge of foreign affairs and foreign relations as a result of his good work for the Lend-Lease Administration," Wagner said.

"I think he will make a very admirable and efficient Undersecretary. Members of Congress have the greatest confidence in him."

Senator White (Republican) of Maine said Stettinius had made "a most favorable" impression in his appearances before Senate committees.

This lend-lease work has given him an intimate knowledge of conditions throughout the world and I think that would be very essential for this diplomatic post," White said.

Representative Fulbright (Democrat) of Arkansas, author of the House-approved resolution for postwar collaboration to maintain a lasting peace, said he regarded a good foreign policy "largely a matter of good common sense and I believe that Mr. Stettinius has it."

Speaker Rayburn of the House commented that Stettinius "has done a grand job in lend-lease and I think his appointment as Undersecretary of State is a fortunate one, and will be so regarded by the great majority of our people."

Representative Stearns (Republican) of New Hampshire called the appointment "welcome news."

To Mr. Stettinius, he declared, "it comes as recognition of the outstanding executive ability he displayed as lend-lease administrator. To the department it brings assurance of efficient administration under our distinguished Secretary of State. To the American people it means closer relations between the department and Congress, whose confidence Mr. Stettinius has had to a marked degree."

YWCA Chapter Opens Campaign For New Members

An inspirational meeting addressed by Miss Elsie Austin, opened the drive of the Phyllis Wheatley Young Women's Christian Association for 2000 members yesterday. To continue until October 9, the drive will include activities calculated to demonstrate the facilities and opportunities offered by the association.

Mrs. B. C. Anderson will conduct a fraternal hour, beginning at 7 o'clock tonight. Talent hour and variety night will be at the same time Thursday and Friday under direction of Fay Williston. On October 4 Adrienne Marshall will conduct a physical fitness demonstration.

Other speakers yesterday included Mrs. Julia West Hamilton, president; Miss Dorothy Heigh, Mrs. Henrietta F. Childs, Mrs. P. W. Curren, Mrs. A. N. Williams, Ida Alphin, Genevieve Carlton and Nettie Booker.

Industry Labor Leaders to Hear Secret War Data at D. C. Conference

More than 200 industrial, labor and newspaper leaders will gather at the Pentagon this morning to receive from Gen. George C. Marshall, Army Chief of Staff; Gen. H. H. Arnold, commander of the Army Air Forces, and other ranking officers a confidential report on the war situation and the obstacles that must be overcome by the United Nations.

The representatives of what the War Department called "the Army's partners on the production front" are coming from all parts of the country, invited by Undersecretary of War Patterson, who will preside at the opening session.

General Marshall will discuss the military situation on all battlefronts at a morning session.

Maj. Gen. George V. Strong, Chief of the Military Intelligence Service, will present data collected from all sources on the strength of the enemy, and Lieut. Gen. Joseph T. McNarney, Deputy Chief of Staff, will outline the military task ahead.

Air War Discussion

The afternoon session, at which Lieut. Gen. William S. Knudsen, Army director of production, will preside, will be devoted to a discussion of the war in the air. Brig. Gen. Laurence S. Kuter, assistant chief of the staff for plans, will report on the strategic bombing of German military and industrial objectives. His assistant, Lieut. Col. Frederick S. Wildman, will explain the air strategy being used against Japan.

Previously undisclosed information on the establishment of air bases, the movement of supplies by air and aircraft production problems will be given to the conferees by Lieut. Col. William G. Hips of the operations division, General Staff; Col. Emmett O'Donnell of the Army Air Forces Advisory Council, and Brig. Gen. Benjamin W. Chidlaw, chief of the materiel division, Army Air Forces. All phases of the air war picture will be touched upon by General Arnold in his address closing the afternoon session.

To Hear of Supply Problem

Tomorrow morning the complex supply problems that go with global war and the measures necessary to cope with them will be discussed by representatives of the Army Services Forces, Maj. Gen. W. D. Styer, commanding in the absence from Washington of Lieut. Gen. Brehon Somervell, will open the session, after which Maj. Gen. LeRoy Luyes, director of operations, will talk on the general subject of logistics and Col. Lee A. Denson, Jr., acting director of the requirements division, will outline what is needed to keep our troops supplied.

The tasks confronting the United States in helping Allied nations will be described by Lieut. Col. William S. Gaud, Jr., assistant to the director of the international aid division. Brig. Gen. Hugh C. Minton, chief of the production division, will introduce representa-

tives of each of the supply services to highlight their major production needs for the coming year.

Also scheduled for consideration at this session are such technical problems as contract pricing, to be discussed by William L. Marbury, general counsel, purchases division; contract renegotiation, by James M. Dodge, chairman of the War Department Price Adjustment Board, and contract

termination, both now and after the war, by Brig. Gen. Albert J. Browning, director of purchases. The status of plans for industrial and military demobilization when the war is won will be outlined by Brig. Gen. William F. Tompkins, director of the special planning division, general staff. James P. Mitchell, director of the industrial personnel division, Army Service Forces, will discuss wartime man-

power problems, after which S. C. Allyn, president of the National Cash Register Corporation, Dayton, Ohio, will tell what the citizens of that community did through cooperative action to alleviate their manpower problem.

Tomorrow afternoon the conferees will move by bus to Fort Belvoir, Va., where they will hear addresses by Secretary of War, Stimson, James F. Byrnes, direc-

tor of the Office of War Mobilization; Charles E. Wilson, executive vice chairman of the War Production Board, and Lieut. General Knudsen.

The program will conclude with

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a military exhibition at Fort Belvoir in which the production leaders will see the planes and weapons they built in action.

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FACTS

From the Small Businessmen of the TIRE INDUSTRY

Independent business has been the foundation of the American system of free enterprise. In the Tire Industry, independent tire dealers and tire rebuilders have pioneered and are still today the backbone of the servicing of America's motor-vehicle transportation system. In the war crisis, with its rubber shortage, America now realizes that had it not been for the pioneering of, and the millions of dollars invested by, independent tire servicing institutions, our motor transportation system, so necessary to both essential civilian and war production, would have collapsed.

The Major tire manufacturers have been undermining our system of free private enterprise and destroying independently-owned tire servicing institutions through the establishment of company-owned retail stores throughout this Nation. These owned and controlled stores are used as a device to bring about the concentration of control in their hands of the retail sales and servicing of tires. They do not stop with the sale and servicing of the automotive transportation system but are extending their store operations in lines of merchandise foreign to the automotive transportation system (wall paper, clothing, bicycles, dishes, cooking utensils, furniture, luggage, sporting goods, toys, garden implements, electric stoves, card tables, phonographs, cutlery, et cetera, et cetera).

As a result of extensive and separate public hearings, surveys, and investigations,* by both the Senate and House

Small Business Committees of the U. S. Congress in 1941, 1942, and 1943, these Congressional committees have recommended and sponsored legislation in the Congress of the United States to preserve free private enterprise in the tire manufacturing and distributive industries.

These Bills would free the retailing of tires and tubes, and tire rebuilding from concentration of control in the hands of the major tire manufacturing companies which now threaten the destruction of 300,000 independent businesses in the tire industry. These Bills would likewise prevent control of tire manufacturing by retailers.

Not once, but twice have these Congressional Small Business Committees made these legislative recommendations. In 1942 they were known as S. 2560 and H. R. 7156. S. 2560 was favorably reported to the Senate on November 25th, 1942 by the U. S. Senate Banking and Currency Committee.

In 1943 these Bills are S. 1122 now before the Banking and Currency Committee of the Senate, and H. R. 2817 before the House Banking and Currency Committee.

*Senate Small Business Committee Print No. 2, Aug. 1941, "Small Business Problems in the Tire Industry." Senate Small Business Committee Print No. 6, Sept. 1941, "Small Business and the National Defense Program." House Small Business Committee Hearings, Jan. 15, 1942. House Small Business Committee Resolution, Feb. 5, 1942. Senate Small Business Committee Resolution, Feb. 28, 1942. Senate Small Business Committee Hearings, Part 2, March 2, 4, 6, 1942. Senate Banking and Currency Committee Hearings, S. 2560, June 9, 10, 11, July 14, 15, Nov. 19, 1942. Senate Banking and Currency Committee Report on S. 2560, Nov. 25, 1942. Senate Small Business Committee Hearings, Part 19, April 5, 7, 8, May 6 and 13, 1943.

—INDEPENDENT TIRE DEALERS AND REBUILDERS OF AMERICA

"As One American to Another"

Senator KENNETH S. WHERRY of Nebraska, Member of Senate Committee on Small Business, speaks with Mr. Jeffers about the Rubber-Tire Bill. Following is reproduction of testimony (an excerpt) from Senate Committee on Small Business Print (Part 19, Page 2801, TIRE DEALER AND REBUILDER PROBLEMS: II, April 5, 7, 8 and May 6 and 13, 1943).

SENATOR WHERRY: Mr. Jeffers, speaking as one American to another in a perfectly frank fashion, do you feel that there is any way in the world through your office that the independent tire dealers could be protected to the extent that they could enjoy their normal business, through directives orders or allocations, or in any way give them this relief instead of passing this legislation? I mean by that, does it come within the scope of your authority and would it be advisable in your opinion?

MR. JEFFERS: It does not come within the authority of the Rubber Director to do some of the things that you suggest. I have been hopeful, Senator Wherry, that it might be handled without the necessity of legislation. I doubt it.

SENATOR WHERRY: You think the time has come when it is absolutely mandatory that Congress act in order to protect the independent tire dealer in the normal course of his business; it has to be done?

MR. JEFFERS: I am very much interested in protecting him. As I say, I have been at my wit's end trying to figure out how it can be done without legislation. Of course, it is not going to do all the things the independent wish or hope it will, because some are bigger than others, and they will begin the same thing all over again among themselves.

"I Have No Objection to the Tire Bill as Now Written"

Statement of WILLIAM M. JEFFERS, Rubber Director Rubber Division, War Production Board

Reproduction of testimony (an excerpt) submitted at hearings before the Special Committee to Study and Survey Problems of Small Business Enterprises, United States Senate, Seventy-Ninth Congress, First Session, Pursuant to S. Res. 66. Reference: Senate Committee on Small Business Print (Part 19, Pages 2808-2809, TIRE DEALER AND REBUILDER PROBLEMS: II, April 5, 7, 8 and May 6 and 13, 1943).

Senator ALLEN J. EISENBERG of Louisiana, Chairman of Senate subcommittee sponsoring this legislation, asked Mr. Jeffers for his views on the Rubber-Tire Bill. Mr. Jeffers' reply follows:

As I understand it, the purpose of the Bill is to prohibit or prevent the big rubber companies from using outlets. Now, as to that I think my views are pretty generally known. I am rather sympathetic with the independent tire dealer. I say that because in the present emergency had it not been for the independent tire dealer, so-called, we might have found ourselves in a lot of difficulty in this country because of the urgent necessity of recapping, retreading, and repairing so much tire equipment. I had hoped, as I said in a previous hearing, that the situation could be cleared up, perhaps through getting together, if that is not a violation of some sort of law in restraint of trade, that would prevent cutting prices, cutting prices to the extent the independent could not live. Now, you ask me as to my view on the bill. My view is this: I hold no brief for the big rubber companies. I think it is important and imperative that the independent be permitted to operate. Still I appreciate that the big rubber companies with their outlets have a good many millions of dollars invested. As to what is to become of that investment—that is something else again and something I have no responsibility for. That is for you gentlemen to determine. So I say I have no objection to the Bill as now written.

BACKGROUND OF FIGHT TO MAINTAIN FAIR COMPETITION IN TIRE INDUSTRY

1936 FEDERAL TRADE COMMISSION held hearings in Chicago, June 1936, at dealers' request. Purpose of Hearings: To apply "Fair Trade Practice Rules" to tire industry. Major tire makers failed to attend and failed voluntarily to support efforts of this Government Agency to help improve deplorable marketing conditions existing in the tire industry.

1937 CONGRESSMAN WRIGHT PATMAN of TEXAS sponsored H.R. 4722, on which hearings were held by a subcommittee of the Committee on Interstate and Foreign Commerce. Purpose of Bill: "To prevent manufacturers of products from offering for sale and selling the same at retail in certain cases, and for other purposes." Independent tire dealers and rebuilders testified in favor of this Bill. Major tire makers (represented by the Rubber Manufacturers Association of America, Inc.) and Sears, Roebuck & Co. and Montgomery Ward & Co. (represented by the Mail Order Association of America) opposed the Bill.

1938 Late CONGRESSMAN JOHN A. MARTIN of COLORADO introduced a House resolution to investigate marketing practices of the tire industry. SENATOR JOHN A. MILLER of ARKANSAS introduced a similar Senate resolution, approved by the Senate Committee on Interstate Commerce. This resolution was placed on Unanimous Consent Calendar.

GRAND JURY INDICTS TIRE COMPANIES ON COMPARATIVE PRICE ADVERTISING

(Reprint from Columbus, Ohio, Better Business Bureau Bulletin, July 31, 1939)

On July 28th (1939) the Franklin County Grand Jury voted 7 indictments charging fraudulent advertising on several counts in alleged violation of the Ohio "Printer's Ink" statute. Those named in the indictments are as follows: The B. F. Goodrich Co., Sears Roebuck & Co., Firestone Tire & Rubber Co., Mayer Hoffman doing business as the Tire Mart, Mayer Hoffman doing business as the Power Oil Co., Western Auto Supply Co., The Goodyear Tire & Rubber Co., Inc. [The Columbus Better Business Bureau further stated: "All the indictments involve comparative price advertising in one form or another. It is believed that these are the first indictments of their kind to be returned by a Grand Jury in connection with the recent tire advertising such as was published in

1939 Major tire companies engaged in a nationwide program of "false, deceptive and confusing advertising." Local BETTER BUSINESS BUREAUS in Atlanta, Boston, Chicago, Columbus, Ohio, Long Beach, Calif., Los Angeles, St. Louis and others, supported by independent tire dealers and rebuilders in all parts of the country, took action to compel the offending major tire companies to discontinue their "brazen use of phony comparative prices and value claims." (See below reprint from Columbus, Ohio, Better Business Bureau Bulletin, July 31, 1939.)

1940 FORMAL COMPLAINTS issued by FEDERAL TRADE COMMISSION against The Firestone Tire & Rubber Company and its subsidiary, Firestone Tire & Rubber Company, The Goodyear Tire & Rubber Company, and The B. F. Goodrich Company, whose advertising had been the "subject of widespread criticism by Better Business Bureaus throughout the country." [On January 18, 1940 the Chicago Better Business Bureau, in a printed bulletin, issued the following statement: "Complaints allege the companies conduct nationwide tire sales through their dealers, causing advertisements to be placed in newspapers and other periodicals in which it is falsely represented that the respondents' tires are being sold at various purported discounts from the regular prices, such sales usually being conducted just prior to Memorial Day, July 4, Labor Day and at other intervals."

many cities from coast to coast. [Various articles appearing in trade publications in July (1939) indicate that the whole tire industry has been torn by the avalanche of allegedly deceptive copy which featured not only comparative prices based on so-called list prices, but such phrases as "Save up to 30%," "40% off," "50% off," "Half price," "2 for the manufacturer's list price of 1," "20% saving," up to 50% off, and representations of similar meaning. [It would appear that insofar as consumers are concerned, they must be hopelessly muddled and confused with "list price," "first line," "first quality" and "standard," accompanied by "bargain" appeals which were shouted at them from the columns of newspapers all over the country."

TO ALL FUEL OIL USERS!

Many people are holding off ordering oil now. This may make a jam-up in deliveries and perhaps even a shortage of supplies when the first cold weather hits. The oil is here now. Our trucks and men are ready to make immediate deliveries. Send us your coupons today. Our Essoheat Coupon Deposit Plan will assure you prompt service.

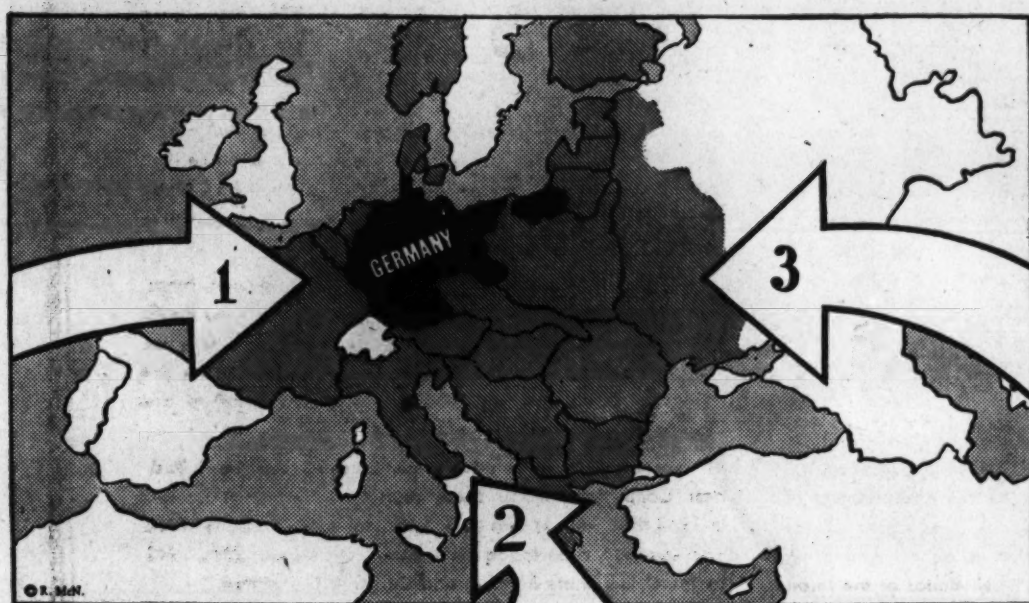


STANDARD OIL COMPANY OF NEW JERSEY

261 Constitution Ave. N.W.
Washington, D. C.

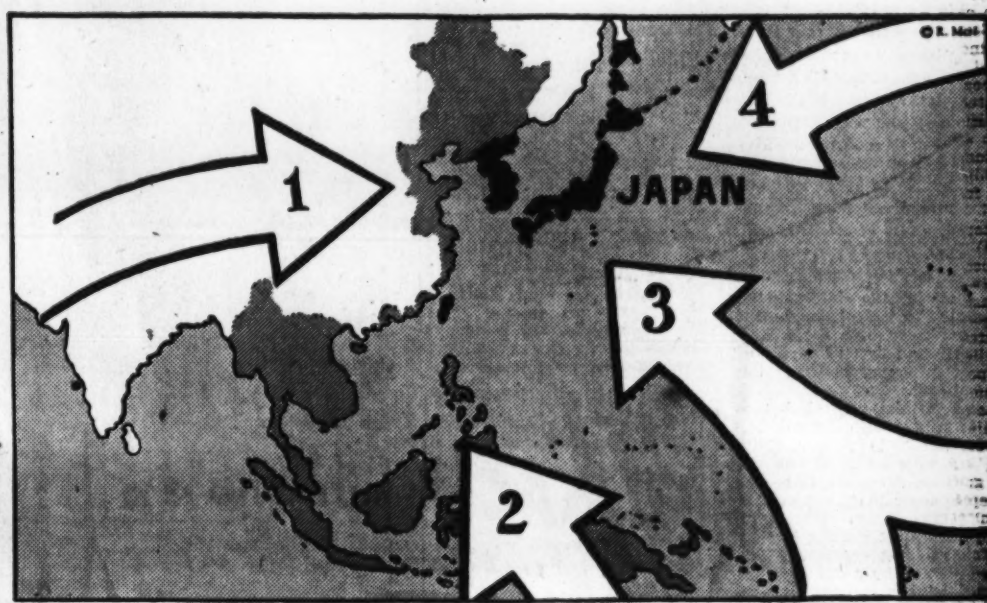
.. Now, for fighter and worker alike.. the "BIG PUSH" is on!

On the battlefronts and on the production fronts the drive for Victory sets an even greater pace



Even as this message is released, the fleets and armies and air power of the United Nations press in upon our enemies from all directions. In Europe the attack comprises (1) mighty American and R.A.F. air blows from Britain; (2) assault by sea, air and land from Africa and through Italy; (3) the irresistible power of the great Russian war machine rolling on and on.

Against Japan there are (1) attacks by air and land through China and from India; (2) our relentless push up through New Guinea from Australia; (3) successful attacks by our fleets on enemy outposts; (4) recovery of the Aleutians as a base for possible future offensive operations.



WITH the walls of Hitler's Europe breached—with Allied might pushing forward in the Pacific—with the Great Attack now under way on every battlefront—the production front, too, is gearing itself to the bitter, decisive effort.

Back the Attack

We can all join the "Big Push"—and we must!—by buying the War Bonds and Stamps that put more and better weapons in the hands of our brave fighters. Buy more War Bonds and back the attack!

And with ever-increasing demands in America's manpower for the fighting forces, war goods manufacture, food production and other necessary civilian activities, General Motors is keenly aware that the demands of the crucial months ahead call for utmost devotion to the job—for even greater efficiency and productivity from those of us left to work when so many have gone to fight. ★

Keeping Pace With Change

Successful production for war means change—change to match or surpass the improved weapons of our enemies—change to fit our weapons to new and constantly changing theaters of war—change to build improvements and new designs into our war production, based on the lessons of experience on the actual battlefields.

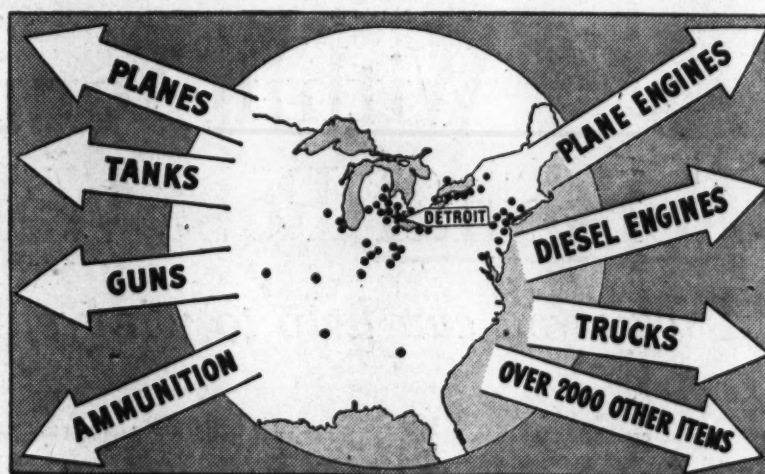
Of course, changes in production mean temporary setbacks in volume of output, involving, as they do, many problems of tooling, material supply and retraining of manpower.

Nevertheless, General Motors is meeting the demands of these changes, with all the difficulties they present, and at the same time

continuing to push production higher and higher—now more than 100% above a year ago—each quarter higher than the last. Through improved methods and more effective organization of production we are giving our fighting forces more and more guns, planes, tanks and other war supplies.

We know our job is to give our armed forces "what they want when they want it."

The ultimate in production will depend on the country's decision on the balance between war production and manpower requirements for other purposes.



A continuous flood of war materials goes out from 112 General Motors plants in 50 cities of the United States and Canada to our fighting forces the world around.

★75,190 GENERAL MOTORS EMPLOYEES ARE NOW IN THE ARMED FORCES.

Every American can well be thankful for the demonstrated ability of our military leaders to cope with the changing requirements of this mechanized and global war.

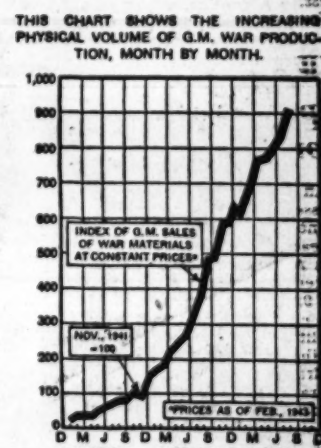
And it should be equally gratifying to know that American industry has also been able to adapt itself to these changing conditions. Cooperating with the military, American industry is performing the greatest production feat in all history.

The Job Ahead

The crucial months ahead will doubtless bring equal if not greater problems, as new strategies call for new equipment.

There must be no let-up in the war effort. There must be the utmost devotion to the job on the part of every man and woman in industry. We are acutely conscious of the need for increased effort, improved methods, greater efficiency and, above all, more effectiveness from available manpower.

As long as the "Big Push" is on along the battlefronts, the production push for more and better weapons will continue in General Motors plants—so that we may deliver, as we are now delivering, our allotted share of the overwhelming air power, fire power, armored power, mobile power and sea power which, on battlefronts the world around, already foretell the Axis' doom.



GENERAL MOTORS

CHEVROLET • PONTIAC • OLDSMOBILE • BUICK • CADILLAC • FISHER BODY • FRIGIDAIRE

AC Spark Plug • Aeroproducts • Allison • Cleveland Diesel • Delco Appliance • Delco Products • Delco-Remy • Detroit Diesel • Eastern Aircraft • Electro-Motive • Guide Lamp • Hyatt • New-Departure • Brown-Lipe-Chapin • Delco Radio • Detroit Transmission • Harrison Radiator • Inland • Morsine Products • Packard Electric • Proving Ground • Research Laboratories • Rochester Products • Saginaw Malleable Iron • Saginaw Steering Gear • Ternstedt • United Motors Service

Units of General Motors

"Victory is Our Business!"

Britain Assails Foreign Policy Of Argentina

By the Associated Press
London, (Monday) Sept. 27.—Britain followed the lead of the United States today in publicly attacking Argentina's foreign policy after completing a deal to purchase her exportable surplus eggs for two years.

A statement by the foreign office said it wished no "political significance" to be attached to the trade with Argentina. That country alone, the statement said, of all American nations, has not broken with the Axis. It has permitted Axis nationals to conspire against the United Nations and it has failed to give British interests and nationals "proper consideration and protection."

Similar to Hull's Letter

The statement recalled Secretary of State Hull's letter to Foreign Minister Segundo Storni on August 30, which led to an Argentine political crisis and the resignation of Storni.

Hull sharply rejected Storni's request for American lease-lend aid.

The British foreign office made its statement in conjunction with an announcement by the food ministry of the egg purchase agreement for the 1943-44 and 1944-45 seasons. A meat purchase agreement had been concluded earlier.

Friendship Sought But—

The foreign office statement said Britain wished to continue her friendship and commercial intercourse with Argentina but said it never understood why Argentina, alone of the Western republics, failed to follow the recommendations of the Rio de Janeiro conference of foreign ministers regarding the severance of relations with Axis powers.

"His majesty's government . . . hope that in the international sphere the Argentine government will at an early date range herself wholeheartedly on the side of the freedom loving nations," the statement said.

While remaining neutral, Argentina has sold practically all her available meat to Britain, thus creating a huge credit in London. The Argentine government's recent decision to apply 30 million pounds sterling (120 million dollars) of that credit against sterling foreign debt bonds kept Argentina's financial standing at its usual high.

Under the egg contract it was estimated Argentina will send 450 million eggs to Britain this year—dried or in the shell—compared with about 250 million dried eggs in 1942-43. The agreement was expected to stimulate the production of small as well as big producers in Argentina, where plenty of feed is available because of the lack of shipping. Much has even been burned as fuel.

Dr. Ayer Talking Capital Needs 'Revival,' Says Cleric

A spiritual revival to "shake Washington to its very foundations" was urged yesterday by Dr. William Ward Ayer, pastor of New York City's Calvary Baptist Church and prominent radio evangelist.

Arriving by plane after preaching his morning sermon in New York, Dr. Ayer addressed 800 laymen and clergy from 29 Baptist churches at a rally heralding the city-wide Baptist evangelistic campaign October 17-31.

Speaking at First Baptist Church, 16th and O sts. n.w., Dr. Ayer said spiritual revivals had saved America in the past and could only save her now. Washington Baptists have a peculiar responsibility in saving souls, he said, since Washington is increasingly becoming the spiritual and material center of the world.

Edward H. DeGroot, chairman of the board of deacons of National Baptist Memorial Church, said that "the world is on fire because men have deliberately rejected Christ" and challenged fellow Baptists to make successful the coming drive.

The Rev. James P. Rodgers, pastor of Petworth Baptist Church and general chairman of the campaign's steering committee, presided at the mass meeting. The First Baptist choir sang under Harwood Hall's direction.

In Congress

TODAY

Senate

Not in session; meets at noon tomorrow.

House

Meets at noon.

LOUIS ABRAHAMS
Established 1895
LOANS ON JEWELRY
2255 E. L. Ave. N.E.
Cash for Your Old Gold
725 12th St. N.W.

LUNCH-BOX STOMACH
Pepto-Bismol
is good for that.

War work and hasty lunch-box meals sometimes result in upset digestive systems. PEPTO-BISMOL helps to relieve stomach distress and discomfort—and to retard simple diarrhea. Tastes good and does good. Ask your druggist for PEPTO-BISMOL—when your stomach is upset.

Sforza Opposes Any Movement at Present to Destroy Italian Monarchy

By the Associated Press

New York, Sept. 26.—Count Carlo Sforza, former Italian foreign minister, spoke out tonight against any movement at present to destroy the Italian monarchy.

Declaring Italy's first duty was "war to the death against the Germans," Sforza told "Free Italy" rally:

"So long as a government in Italy is loyally engaged in the task of fighting and defeating the Germans and devotes all of the resources at its disposal to that struggle, it may be dangerous to weaken now its position or hamper its work of fighting for the liberation of Italy from the German invasion."

Rallying Point Urged

Former OPA Administrator Leon Henderson, also addressing the rally, said in a prepared address that the Allies should "provide a rallying point for liberal Italians" and "place less reliance on Fascist officials."

Sforza advocated the retention of Libya, Eritrea, Somaliland and Trieste by Italy, but concerning the Dodecanese Islands, he said "we'll be glad to see them go to Greece as a manifestation of our sorrow for the criminal aggression against Greece."

Declaring that Winston Church-

ill said of the Italians that "their empire is lost," Sforza said:

"I agree because only Mussolini called empire his criminal conquest of Ethiopia and his foolish conquest of Albania."

Referring to possible loss of Libya, Eritrea and Somaliland, Sforza asked: "Is it wise to wound the feelings of a nation which voluntarily has begun so bravely to fight the Germans as soon as the traitor Mussolini disappeared?"

Supreme Interest

He said Italy had a supreme interest in collaboration and friendship with the Yugoslavs, adding:

"It is more in their interest than in ours that I warn them against the danger of certain nationalist leaders or pseudo-leaders like one who wrote recently: 'It is strange that the citizens of Trieste believe themselves to be Italians, while they are Slav.'"

Sforza said that "for those who

know Mussolini, as I know him, the authenticity of his last broadcast is undeniable."

Henderson said in his address:

"Make no mistake, if Badoglio and his reactionaries have interim control of the mechanisms of government, and access to the Allied radio, they will be prepared for something just as bad as Fascism, though it will be dressed in a coat of many colors instead of black. And make no mistake, either, the Communists will be prepared. . . ."

"I here propose that our leadership go further than mere urging that liberals and left-wing elements associate themselves with

Misery of

Piles Fought In Few Minutes

Within a few minutes of the very first application, the doctor's prescription China-roid usually starts fighting the agony of piles in 3 ways: 1. Soothes and eases pain and itching. 2. Helps shrink sore, swollen tissues. 3. Promotes healing by easing irritated membranes and alleviating nervousness due to Piles. Has helped thousands while they worked and enjoyed life in greater comfort. Get China-roid from your druggist today under positive guarantee of complete satisfaction or money back. Don't wait. Fight your Pile misery with China-roid today.

HOPE SAYS BYE-BYE TO LOOSE FALSE TEETH

Your plate will fit more securely if you sprinkle HOPE DENTURE POWDER on it. This curiously softer powder holds false teeth very much tighter. Try it. Amazing security for nervous people. Get HOPE for extra comfort, only 50c. All Peoples Drug Stores have HOPE.

King Victor Emmanuel and Marshal Badoglio."

He suggested that the AMG in Italy could serve as the rallying point for liberals by taking, as an initial step, "some liberal advisers from the ranks of those who have resisted Mussolini for many years—labor leaders, professors, intellectuals, and members of the underground. In the liberated areas, the AMG can

place reliance on peoples' councils for assistance in administration—and less on Fascist officials."

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Fifty-Two Costumes

The four Angel Sisters, Dorothy Lamour, Betty Hutton, Diana Lynn and Mimi Chandler, wear a total of 52 costumes in Paramount's new musical "and the Angels Sing."

CAN WATER AID IN ARTHRITIS—RHEUMATISM?

YES—If it's Mountain Valley Mineral Water, the famous health water from Hot Springs, Arkansas.

MOUNTAIN VALLEY—Helps

- stimulate kidney action
- eliminate the wastes — so often the underlying cause of Arthritis and Rheumatism.

Why not give Mountain Valley a trial! It has helped many thousands for more than 50 years. Delightful to drink . . . delivered just as it flows at Hot Springs.

Order a Case Today!

Call or Write for Free Booklet

MOUNTAIN VALLEY MINERAL WATER

904 12th ST. N.W.

ME. 1062



Like millions of other good Americans, the Carl A. Birs, 2071 Richland Ave., Lakewood, O., have a lot of hopes and plans for the future. They know that the kind of Post War World they will have depends a great deal upon what they themselves do today.

Within Your Reach the Personal Post War World You Want

A way you can help to win your own "Better Tomorrow"

THE security and comfort that you expect after Victory . . . the personal Post War World that you want for yourself and your family . . . depend upon what you do today.

There are seven practical things which your Government suggests that you can be doing right now—to help win the war and help win and hold the benefits of a better future. Here they are:

1. Buy and hold war bonds—to lend our country the money it needs now to fight the war to victory.
2. Pay willingly your share of taxes—including increased taxes—that our country needs.
3. Provide for your own and your family's future by adequate life insurance and savings.
4. Reduce your debts as much as possible and avoid making needless new ones.
5. Buy only what you need and make what you have last longer.
6. Live faithfully by the rationing rules to conserve goods of which there are shortages.
7. Cooperate with our Government's price and wage stabilization program.

PROBABLY you have already been doing many, if not all, of these things. That's because you're an American, and we Americans have always believed in hard work—and in denying ourselves some of the comforts we'd like today so that we can be free to enjoy them tomorrow.

And, by hard work and hard saving you are not simply providing for your own future; you are helping right now to hold down the cost of living.

So, even if you've been doing some of these seven vitally important things, start today to do them all. Use the budget form here. You'll find it a mighty useful guide in starting the battle to make your hopes of the Post War World come true.

AMERICA'S LIFE INSURANCE COMPANIES bring you this plan of action not only to help you to win the kind of future you want, but to urge you to join wholeheartedly with all loyal Americans to keep down living costs during these critical war days.

By acquiring life insurance, with the guidance of their life insurance agents, 67 million policyholders have already joined together in taking one of the effective steps our Government suggests.

Remember that the premiums you pay for your life insurance are also helping to pay for the war—for a large part of them are invested in Government bonds.

CARL A. BIR is manager of a self-service market in Cleveland. He is putting about 40% of his current income into "security dollars"—war bonds, life insurance, savings and payments on the home he owns. Use the budget form below to see if you can equal or better his fine record.



OUR FAMILY INCOME THIS YEAR WILL BE _____

OUR BASIC LIVING EXPENSES (including taxes) _____

OUR SECURITY DOLLARS _____

WAR BONDS _____

LIFE INSURANCE _____

SAVINGS ACCOUNT _____

DEBT PAYMENTS _____

LIFE INSURANCE COMPANIES OF AMERICA . . . 60 EAST 42nd STREET, NEW YORK 17, NEW YORK

TALKING ABOUT TEETH

"Brush your teeth thoroughly, morning and night with Revelation Tooth Powder." That's the advice of dentists generally. Cleans quickly and safely. You'll like the pleasant after taste.

*In some localities there might be a shortage of Revelation Tooth Powder at times. The Armed Forces have first call.



REVELATION TOOTH POWDER

Today Marks Shipbuilding Record of U. S.

Washington Bureau of Chicago Sun

One of the great accomplishments of the home front—the construction in 24 months of more than 100 ocean-going merchant vessels totaling more than 21 million deadweight tons—will be celebrated today in "Victory Fleet Day." It commemorates the second anniversary of the launching of the first Liberty ship, the Patrick Henry.

Three Liberty ships, of which the Patrick Henry was the first, were launched in September, 1941. This September the United States Maritime Commission expects delivery of 170 ships, aggregating more than 1,700,000 deadweight tons.

Two years ago there were about 100 yards and 21 yards devoted to shipbuilding, with some 200,000 workers employed. Today there are more than 300 yards in approximately 70 shipyards, with almost 750,000 workers engaged.

How Job Was Done

The Maritime Commission noted yesterday that the story of America's ship production is not entirely the story of shipyards. Its key words are "standardization," "centralization," and "prefabrication." Standardization of design brought about the centralization of procurement, and control of material flow from factory to shipyard. Then the power and speed of prefabrication were brought into play, so that today the shipyard ways are no more than the end stations of a massive assembly line stretching into more than 1200 factories, and dipping into the natural resources of every State in the Union.

Manufactured articles from war plants of 35 States, along with raw material from all States and many foreign lands, are poured by more than a million workers onto the vast production line, the commission said.

Women Paid Like Men

Women shipyard workers now draw the same pay as men "and are expected to deliver the same quality and quantity of work."

Production of Liberty ships is to be curtailed soon, when many yards begin production of the new, swift Victory ships. The first Victory keel is to be laid next month. Yards have contracted to deliver 339 of them by the end of next year.

Like the Liberty ship, the Victory is an emergency vessel, but it will be superior in design and speed. Equipped with a turbine engine, it will be able to make from four to six more knots than the Liberty.

The present delivery schedule for 1944 calls for 1799 ships as follows: Victory, 339; Liberty, 820; C-type, cargoes, 300; tankers, 340.

Mount Vernon Church Players To Open Season

The Mount Vernon Players of Mount Vernon Place Methodist Church will open their eighth season tonight at 8:15 o'clock, with the presentation of "Brief Music." Emmet Lavery's three-act comedy of modern college life. The play also will run tomorrow and Wednesday, and October 1 and 2 at 8:15 p. m. It will be presented in the Undercroft Auditorium of the church, 9th and Massachusetts ave. n.w.

Leading players are June Marie Pitkanen, Louise Gertz, Helen Acosta, Billie Hudson, Jean Grether, Helene Lippitt and Teddy Marie Kinsey. Edward Perkins Mangum again will direct the group.

Two Officials Sent to Honolulu to Unravel Troublesome Legal Tangle

By Joseph Paul
Post Staff Writer

Two officials, representing the Justice and War Departments, left the Washington National Airport yesterday for Honolulu where they will attempt to break the impasse which has existed for almost four weeks on the question of whether martial or civil law is to prevail in Hawaii.

The Justice Department sent Edward J. Ennis, chief of the alien enemy control unit. The War Department dispatched a lieutenant colonel attached to the Judge Advocate General's office.

With Open Minds

Charles Fahy, Solicitor General of the Justice Department, said that the men went to the islands with open minds, indicating that no single plan was reached by officials of the Justice, War, and Interior Departments after three weeks of conferences.

In the event of the bombing of the United States mainland, the decision in this case could affect every person in the Nation. At its base is the right of citizens to habeas corpus proceedings in time of limited emergencies.

Two solutions to the problem, stemming from a decision by Federal Judge Delbert Metzger in a case involving the fight of two interned German-Americans for freedom, were suggested.

Metzger could withdraw the contempt order he directed on August 25 at Lieut. Gen. Robert C. Richardson, Jr., then commander of the Army's Hawaiian department, when the Army refused to allow the interned men in court to argue their case. In turn, the Army could relax the ban on habeas corpus proceedings if announced August 26, when Judge Metzger fined Richardson \$5000.

Alternate Plan

The alternative plan is that Judge Metzger issue the writ and demand that the two men be released.

Since it is probable from Army statements, that the order would be ignored, the case would then be taken up on appeal to the United States Court of Appeals in California for a solution.

Since the incident neither the judge nor the general has budged in the matter. The War Department backed Richardson, who on September 18 was promoted to

commander of the U. S. Army forces in the central Pacific area.

Basis For Decision

Judge Metzger based his decision that the proceedings were authorized on the relaxing of the martial law in Hawaii last March. This order returned 18 civilian rights to the islanders, but specifically banned the habeas corpus right. But

Judge Metzger ruled that to restore a part of the court's function was to restore all of it.

The two men being held are Edwin R. Seifert, who claims he is charged with antisemitism, and Walter Glockner, who says the Army charges he gave a Hitler salute in 1938 and visited a German boat later.

Meanwhile, in face of a Supreme

Court decision upholding a martial law order of a curfew on Japanese in West Coast areas, three judges have released civilians from internment in alien camps. They based decisions on the ground that the present emergency did not warrant the internments.

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71 Washington Men to Enter Armed Forces

Seventy-one Washington men, among them 64 Negroes, will report to the armed forces tomorrow.

The following 40 Negroes were inducted into the Army September 7:

Richard H. Crutcher, Ernest E. Barton, Louis Montgomery, Alfred Tyler, Caesar W. Bennett, Jr., Carlton A. Watson, Walter D. Walden, Joseph G. Bynum, Leon C. Corbin, Samuel R. Small, Jr., Perry L. Frazer, David E. Griffin, Eddie M. Edwards, Bernard W. Doak.

Leo Williams, Leo H. Epps, Jr., Samuel Harper, Alonzo J. Lee, Marion A. Thorpe, William E. Tyler, Jr., Richard L. Evers, Robert L. Williams, Ernest N. Francis, Herman W. Foster, James R. Green, Edward S. Atkins.

Edgar Fowler, Odell O. Woods, Moses Evans, James A. Ward, James M. Allen, William Morris, Edward Davis, John E. Coates, Alvin A. Thompson, George L. Murphy, Robert L. James, Jr., Richard L. Edwards, Floyd E. Woodward, Joseph L. Holmes.

Victor W. Caputy and Andrew B. Candelaria also will join the Army. The following men were inducted

into the Marine Corps September 14:

George H. Outright, Earl J. Singletary, Edward F. Saltsman, Benson E. Carpenter, George A. Fife.

Twenty-four Negroes, inducted September 21, will go to the Navy:

James Brown, Alfonso E. Steward, James H. Cagle, Edward Welch, Andrew Chestnut, George Wilson, Jr., James E. Woods, James T. Mallory, Clarence E. Ford, Joe T. Ives, Harold S. Nelson.

Willard H. Brown, James P. Alexander, Nathaniel Daniels, Robert L. Hudson, William C. Barnes, George W. Williams, Blue H. Montgomery, Alex A. Jeffries, James W. Cunningham, James L. Williams, Jacob C. Smith, David Stephens, Earle W. Chambers.



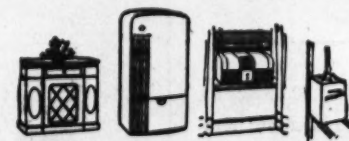
ANOTHER SECRET WEAPON THAT TELLS THE STORY OF PHILCO AT WAR!

THE news of another American secret weapon is out. The "Bazooka", an amazing rocket gun that's as easy to carry as a rifle and can shatter the heaviest enemy tank like a howitzer.

And now we are permitted to tell another fascinating part of the sensational story of Philco at war. Not long ago, you read how the Philco Radio Division served the scientific branches of the Army and Navy in the production of a spectacular radio weapon. Now it's the Philco Metal Division that's in the news, for its part in building the projectile of the Army's latest secret weapon: the Bazooka!

As fantastic as a "Buck Roger's" weapon, the Bazooka makes a two-man soldier team a tornado of destruction: Tanks, pill-boxes, buildings, bridges and railroads wither under the fire of its deadly, rocket-propelled projectile. Conceived and developed by the engineers of the Army Ordnance Department, Philco is proud of having been chosen for a leading part in its final perfection and production.

This is one more example of how the diversified Philco research, engineering and production facilities are serving almost every branch of the Army and Navy. It is a promise, too, of the future: when Philco ingenuity will be turned once more to the pursuits of peace. And Philco leadership will bring you the newest developments of war research in Radio, Television, Refrigeration and Air Conditioning.



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Small Replica Of Monument Buried Nearby

By Emily Towe
Post Staff Writer

Soldiers put up bets that there was a second Washington Monument buried near the Capital's most lofty landmark while others laid down money that it was all a myth.

Besieged with questions during the past week from servicemen and officers attending "Back the Attack" show, Charles Herman, genial custodian of the Washington Monument, yesterday cleared the mystery surrounding the submerged obelisk.

"A sergeant came up to see me yesterday and said he was the spokesman for a group of soldiers who were speculating on whether or not there was another monument and guesses on its height ranged all the way from 5 to 55 feet," Herman chuckled.

Then he described the miniature replica of the monument to this country's first President, of which only few persons have heard and fewer have seen:

"The Coast and Geodetic Survey installed a concrete obelisk 13 feet 6 inches in height in a manhole in 1898 to compute settlement records for the monument. This model, shaped like the Washington Monument, is 150 feet south of the familiar landmark. It is 3 feet square at the base and tapers toward the top. It rests upon a foundation 12 feet square and 4 feet in height. The top of the obelisk is 1 foot and 8 inches below the surface of the earth."

Herman, who has been a guard at the monument since 1934, said that he knew the miniature model was there but for nearly a decade he had been unable to find its history and measurements. Finally, he took the question to Department of the Interior offices, where the above facts were unearthed.

The top of the manhole is removed at regular intervals for the settlement readings by the Coast and Geodetic Survey. However, sinking is not a problem for the massive landmark which has settled less than 2 inches during the past half century.

Herman said attendance at the Washington Monument was 54,772 during August and on Saturday night the clicker reached 19,059,070, the total number of visitors since it was opened in October, 1888.

Bomber Crashes In Denver; Seven Fliers Killed

Denver, Sept. 26 (INS).—The quiet of a Denver residential district was shattered today when a four-motored bomber crashed, killing seven fliers and setting fire to three homes.

Residents of the burning homes escaped without injury, but one aged resident was removed to a sanitarium suffering from shock.

Damage to the houses was more than \$10,000. The \$250,000 bomber was destroyed.

The crash occurred in the wake of a row between Gov. John C. Vivian and Brig. Gen. Albert Sneed, commanding officer of Lowry Field. The Governor had complained of Army bombers flying low over Denver, but Gen. Sneed retorted that the low flying was necessary.

War Sidelights

Spellman Hopes Rome Won't Be Hit

New York, Sept. 26 (AP).—Archbishop Francis J. Spellman expressed the hope today that Allied military leaders "will find it possible to spare our Holy Father's city from devastation."

"Naturally the enemies of God and the enemies of the church would like to see Rome laid in ruins," he said. "But I am sure that we shall, with the help of God and our prayers for the guidance of the military leaders avoid that catastrophe, which would be a catastrophe for world peace."

Asked to comment further on an earlier statement that Pope Pius XII was a prisoner of the Germans, he replied:

"Well, obviously he is a prisoner."

Nazis to Respect Pope

London, Sept. 26 (INS).—Although the position of Pope Pius and the Vatican state still is very delicate, authoritative sources said today the crisis is past and the Nazis will leave Vatican territory alone.

The Sunday newspaper Empire News reported that German ministers in neutral countries have warned Adolf Hitler that any attempt to hold the Pope as hostage for Der Fuehrer's own safety would be nothing short of disastrous.

Convoy Reaches Port

London, Sept. 26 (AP).—An Atlantic convoy which Prime Minister Churchill told the House of Commons was under attack by German U-boats as he spoke September 21 has reached port, it was disclosed today.

The Admiralty has not yet issued an announcement on the outcome of the battle. Berlin has asserted that 12 escorting destroyers were sunk, and three others probably sunk, but it was said here this claim was exaggerated.

Rhodes, Crete Attacks

Cairo, Sept. 26 (AP).—RAF Beaufighters attacked a destroyer ground off Cape Prasso on the island of Rhodes, yesterday scoring hits with cannon fire and starting fires, an Allied Middle East air command said today.

The ship appeared to be badly damaged.

RAF Hudson and Mitchell bombers raided the German airbase at Kastelli (Hierapetra) on the island of Crete Friday night, causing fires.

Jap Barracks Bombed

New Delhi, Sept. 26 (AP).—Mitchell medium bombers of the Tenth USAAF attacked Japanese barracks in the Maymyo area east of Mandalay in Burma yesterday, an air force command said today.

Four buildings were destroyed and two heavily damaged.

Medium bombers also attacked Japanese shipping on the upper Irrawaddy River at Katha Friday. A direct hit was scored on one large ship and several near misses on four others. Considerable trackage and rolling stock was destroyed by another formation in a raid on the Naba Junction northwest of Katha.

550 Canteen Volunteers Serve a Year

Top billing for this week at the Stage Door Canteen will be given 550 volunteer workers who have faithfully performed their duties there for an entire year, entertaining 831,403 servicemen during that period.

Since the canteen opened last October, these volunteer workers have braved the difficulties of gasoline rationing, help shortages to donate their services for men in the armed forces.

Stars of this "behind-the-scenes" show are those on KP duty. Among the 121 volunteers who have served in the kitchen and at the food bar are Mrs. Sidney Lust, Mrs. Charles B. Keyser, Mrs. Paul D. Hammacher, Mrs. Mary Turner, Mrs. Bertha R. Ewing, Mrs. Arthur Neuman, and Mrs. William M. Smith. Among the 42 bus boys with a year's service are Senator Guy Gillette, Ralph L. Wilson, Joseph F. Gondon and Abraham Kaplan.

In spite of shoe rationing, 329 Washington girls have danced with servicemen during the year's service as junior hostesses. Of the 43 senior hostesses, some of the most faithful have been Mrs. Arthur MacArthur, Mrs. Harvey Delano, Mrs. Glen Jamison, Mrs. E. E. Norris and Mrs. Guy Gillette.

Sentries at the stage door entrance since the opening have included Mrs. Ruth Graham, Miss Margaret Herrick, and Mrs. Everade Jones. Booking of entertainment shows for the soldiers has been directed by John J. Payette and Harry Anger, of Warner Brothers, and Mrs. Donald Palmer and Miss Celo Karley of the canteen program committee. They have obtained the services of such well-known stars as Helen Hayes, Bob Hope, Frank Sinatra, Katharine Cornell and Alec Templeton.

Mrs. Robert Peel has registered and fingerprinted 6000 volunteers who have served during the year at the canteen.

High Pressure Urged On Argentine, Spain

New York, Sept. 26 (AP).—Declaring there is "no such thing as being neutral in this war," Mayor F. H. LaGuardia today urged President Roosevelt and Winston Churchill to press Spain and Argentina to break with the Axis.

A country is either with the United Nations or not, and the countries who are with the United Nations should immediately break diplomatic relations with the Nazis," said the mayor.

17 Greeks Executed

Cairo, Egypt, Sept. 26 (AP).—Greek resistance to German occupation resulted in the execution of 17 Greeks at Larissa September 1 and the burning of the village of Veleshtinos, Greek exiles reported today.

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Lonsdale Says His Comedy Is Merely That

Playwright Frederick Lonsdale believes in fun—and he thinks that escape from the miseries of life, of wartime life especially, is a blessing that artists can and should be happy to give to the people of our time.

"I am not the man for messages," the author of some two dozen plays yesterday told a querying reporter who wanted to find out what the "significance" of his new comedy, "Another Love Story," was.

"There is nothing topical in the play," the British-born author said. He has been in this country for about 20 years and is eager to point out that he is not a wartime refugee

from the battered British Isles. Lonsdale made an excursion out of the real of fun and joy, presented in some of the most successful comedies of the last two decades, some three years ago when he decided to preach his ideas of lasting peace and quick victory.

"It didn't work," he admitted yesterday. "So I decided to go back and write about people as I know them and the world as I know it."

"I don't know the war," he said, explaining that he has not returned to Britain since its outbreak. And after critics had convinced him

that "he was not the man to deliver messages" and after he had taken a rest of about a year or so from all writing, Lonsdale produced his present comedy which will come to the National Theater tonight before going on Broadway.

Informally, Lonsdale, a guest of former Ambassador Joseph Kennedy at the Statler Hotel, believes in an inevitable collapse of Germany shortly. Some of the letters he has received from Britain lately express the "alarmist" opinion that Christmas might be celebrated in peace again—"this Christmas," he stressed.

And after Christmas? Playwright Lonsdale has no opinion. But Lonsdale, the man who has lived in this world for more than 60 years, who has seen two World Wars and observed an awful lot of people, says "it won't happen again."

"Not if I can help it," he exclaimed.

Sicilian Takes Bread to Princess

With the U. S. Navy at an Advanced Mediterranean Base, Sept. 25—(Delayed AP).—Answering the question of whether bread-loving Sicilians are hungry is the story of the princess, her palace and the old family servant.

When the Navy arrived at this base they requisitioned the palace of the Princess, one of Sicily's old reigning families, for billeting. The drawing rooms, which have been converted into the Navy officers club, required the help of servants, and the old family servant, whose only name is "Pompey," was made top man.

Lieut. William T. Hanley, USNR, a former New York banker, now club secretary for the base, gave the servants small amounts of food to keep them up to snuff.

Today, after receiving a loaf of

bread, Pompey grabbed his hat and was making his way toward the iron gates, when he was noticed by Hanley. He sheepishly explained he was taking his loaf to the princess.

Man Who Fined Hitler Dies in N. Y.

New York, Sept. 26 (AP).—Dr. Kurt Rosenfeld, 67, Prussian minister for justice in 1919-20, who once fined Adolf Hitler 1000 marks for contempt of court, died Saturday.

Queens. A former Reichstag member and Berlin attorney, he was forced to flee Germany in 1933.

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BACK THE ATTACK . . . WITH WAR BONDS

The CROW'S NEST

Thoughts and comment on a great American whiskey in wartime

Pearl Harbor to Tokio is 4,000 miles as the crow flies. Please remember that fact, if you find the Old Crow flowing a bit less freely these days. For the Old Crow Distillery at Frankfort, Kentucky, is today devoted 100% to the production of alcohol for war purposes. This alcohol is needed for munitions, synthetic rubber, plastics, medicines, chemicals and other war needs.

We are apportioning Old Crow as equitably as possible—so as to extend our present stocks for the duration. If your store runs short, keep checking them. They'll probably get a new supply in very soon. Those in the know keep asking for Old Crow.

BACK THE ATTACK—BUY MORE WAR BONDS!

The 3rd War Loan Drive is on. Do your share—and more.

Los Angeles Rail Strikers Back on Job

By the Associated Press
Los Angeles, Sept. 26.—The Pacific Electric's big red cars and buses rumbled over their routes to 55 surrounding communities today carrying passengers and war-vital freight following termination of a strike that had halted service for two days.

At a closed mass meeting last night, approximately 1500 members of the Brotherhood of Railway Trainmen, heading appeals of their leaders, voted to end the walkout. Their grievance committee chairman, William P. Nutter, will return to Washington tomorrow to confer with a new mediation board on the crew's wage demands.

The line carries some 400,000 passengers daily, and also delivers freight to aircraft factories, shipyards and other war industries.

Nutter issued a statement saying approximately 80 per cent of the men showed hands in favor of the motion to return to work at 2 a. m. today and "later a motion to make the action unanimous was carried by a substantially stronger vote."

He said a last-minute understanding with the P. E. management permits the men to reassert their original wage demand of \$1.04 1/2 per hour. The present top scale is 87 cents.

Employees and company agreed some time ago to a 13-cent increase, making the maximum pay \$1 an hour, but Fred M. Vinson, economic stabilization director, vetoed this and authorized only a 3-cent raise.

The strike settlement, it was learned, provides the workers will receive full pay for the two days they have been off work.

Mrs. Lester Johnson of Arlington, Va., and Dr. W. H. Gorton, Washington, captured the mixed pair title in the Cumberland Valley Bridge Tournament, which closed last night at Wardman Park Hotel.

The local team defeated two nationally known players from Philadelphia, Mrs. B. M. Golder and Charles J. Solomon.

Played Saturday evening, results of the mixed game did not become official until 1:30 p. m. Sunday, when the protest period expired. At 12 noon the score was posted and it showed the Quaker City luminaries leading. This is the moment when everybody is asked to check for errors. Just five minutes before the deadline a mistake in recording was discovered when corrected Mrs. Johnson and Gorton had 206 1/2 match points, to 204 for Mrs. Golder and Solomon. That was the high spot of the tourney.

Other teams among the mixed-game leaders included Superexpert Charles H. Goren, also of Philadelphia, who was teamed with Mrs. H. C. White of Washington; Mrs. J. R. Belt and Sam Rose of this city and Miss Frances Jacoby of Wilmington, Del., and Capt. R. H. Skinner, Arlington. Mr. and Mrs. W. S. Athey, the defenders, finished seventh among the 40 competing teams.

Final event of the tournament was a game for open pairs, played in two rounds yesterday. Forty-two pairs entered the qualifying session; of this number 26 survived for the evening final. Top qualifiers in Section 1 were Mrs. White and Goren, Miss Jacoby and Skinner, Mr. and Mrs. F. Salvatore and J. T. Onley and G. I. Dickerman. In Section 2 Mr. and Mrs. John Donnelly and Mrs. Golder and Solomon led, with Mrs. T. M. Boyle and Mrs. Maurice Reddy and Mrs. R. H. Skinner and Capt. Jack Fagan, in second place.

19-Year-Old Flying Liberator Sergeant Boasts 35 Bombing Missions, Wears Five Ribbons

By Linton Burkett
Post Staff Writer
Nineteen-year-old Staff Sgt. Jerrold A. Gibbs' beardless cheeks are tanned by hot African suns, and his voice is gentle, but the five ribbons he wears on his chest bespeak a year packed with more fast living than most men of three times his age can boast.

He arrived at the home of his stepfather and mother, Mr. and Mrs. G. E. Scarborough, 1300 Taylor st. n.w., yesterday after his most recent mission as waist gunner on a Liberator in the Mediterranean which took him over Salerno on the days of the landing of American troops.

While no one knows what the four Nazis in their four Messerschmitts called him before they fell blazing from the skies under the fire of his guns, his family ignore the formal Jerrold and call him simply Tommy. (He also is credited with two probable kills.)

And as knights of old were wont to bring back tokens for their lady loves, so he brought back tokens for his mother—a gold and silver embroidered handbag from Cairo and a seductive perfume of sandalwood.

In his Liberator, Satin's Sister, he rode 300 hours and 10 minutes on combat missions since he arrived in Tunis last April.

The gallant ship which bore him and the other members of the crew on the longest flying mission of the European war is now no more. She was shot full of holes on her last raid, repaired and cracked up irreparably on test flight. Two men, test fliers, died with her.

When Tommy talks of his various missions he looks straight at you—with the exception of that one over Gerbini, when he was hit

and his ship received her fatal wounds.

Satin's Sister was in the last wave of Liberators to hit Florentia oil fields. The staff sergeant substantiated reports that while the loss to Americans was heavy—the damage to the great Nazi oil producing center was heavy—very heavy.

And there there was the time over Catania. Well, there was slack and there were Messerschmitts. In fact, there were 12 of them. One unwary Nazi came across Tommy's gunsights. As the clatter of the .50-caliber guns filled the ship, the Messerschmitt stalled, spun and hurtled toward the earth.

It was Tommy's first.

"Yes, the Distinguished Flying Cross, the Silver Star, the Oak Leaf Cluster and the Purple Heart.

"Oh, they were just for missions, including a long one into Austrian territory.

"No, we did not have fighter escort. You see, the Liberators are such fine fighting ships they do not need them. They are not like those 'sissies' the Flying Fortresses."

"Why, a Liberator could fly

longer, carry more gasoline, a heavier bomb load, fight off more enemies than any Fortress in the skies," he said.

"The Forts could climb about 5000 feet higher than the Liberators, but shucks, what difference did that make?"

He was asked what was his toughest fight.

Sergeant Gibbs did not hesitate. "Gerbini," he was quick to answer.

Satin's Sister was winging her way to the mission over Gerbini when fighter opposition was encountered. They were attacked by 12 fighters and Satin's Sister lost her No. 3 engine. Doggedly the crew fought the ship and fought the Nazis and continued on to the target. Bombs away, and back the ship fought her way through heavy flak and with Nazi fighters still pressing in for the kill. Tommy was wounded in the right eye—for which he got the Purple Heart decoration—but the wound is not serious. The wounded ship made base with 126 holes in her.

He said they flew over Salerno the first two days of the landing but from their elevation, he could not tell how things were going.

Canon Smith, in Cathedral Sermon, Lays Misuse of Power to Leaders' Fears

Misuse of political and military power was deplored yesterday by Canon Charles W. F. Smith in his morning sermon at the Washington Cathedral.

"A powerful nation is a political question mark until we know what its power is intended to be," he said.

And thus ended his 35 bombing missions in a little over a year.

The youthful veteran was born in Ames, Iowa, and the family came here in 1939. He attended Mount Rainier High School but returned to Toledo, Iowa, where he continued his schooling until he enlisted in the Army in August, 1942.

He asked, "The men the world accounts powerful in affairs do not show mercy and pity."

"Is that because they are powerful and can scorn weak virtues?" he asked. "Or is it because they are afraid—because they are weak to the very core and terrified that unless they bear down all the time something may happen to overthrow them, or discredit them, or take the future from them?"

"To judge by this ruthlessness three and four years ago, Hitler

was powerful. He certainly scorned mercy and showed no pity. But was it because he was strong, was it because he had a sure sense of permanence—which is the basis of real strength? Or was it because he was afraid—afraid that if he did not kill and starve and enclose in barbed wire, some would repudiate him, some would say something to undermine his cause, some would prefer some other way of life to his?"

"Only the truly powerful can afford to show mercy and exercise pity. It is the strongest thing you can do, because it shows you have no fear whatsoever."

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Lydia E. Pinkham's VEGETABLE COMPOUND

Mrs. Johnson, Gorton Win Bridge Title

By Marian H. Barre
Mrs. Lester Johnson of Arlington, Va., and Dr. W. H. Gorton, Washington, captured the mixed pair title in the Cumberland Valley Bridge Tournament, which closed last night at Wardman Park Hotel.

The local team defeated two nationally known players from Philadelphia, Mrs. B. M. Golder and Charles J. Solomon.

Played Saturday evening, results of the mixed game did not become official until 1:30 p. m. Sunday, when the protest period expired. At 12 noon the score was posted and it showed the Quaker City luminaries leading. This is the moment when everybody is asked to check for errors. Just five minutes before the deadline a mistake in recording was discovered when corrected Mrs. Johnson and Gorton had 206 1/2 match points, to 204 for Mrs. Golder and Solomon. That was the high spot of the tourney.

Other teams among the mixed-game leaders included Superexpert Charles H. Goren, also of Philadelphia, who was teamed with Mrs. H. C. White of Washington; Mrs. J. R. Belt and Sam Rose of this city and Miss Frances Jacoby of Wilmington, Del., and Capt. R. H. Skinner, Arlington. Mr. and Mrs. W. S. Athey, the defenders, finished seventh among the 40 competing teams.

Final event of the tournament was a game for open pairs, played in two rounds yesterday. Forty-two pairs entered the qualifying session; of this number 26 survived for the evening final. Top qualifiers in Section 1 were Mrs. White and Goren, Miss Jacoby and Skinner, Mr. and Mrs. F. Salvatore and J. T. Onley and G. I. Dickerman. In Section 2 Mr. and Mrs. John Donnelly and Mrs. Golder and Solomon led, with Mrs. T. M. Boyle and Mrs. Maurice Reddy and Mrs. R. H. Skinner and Capt. Jack Fagan, in second place.

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Tex Gilman on the job at a Todd Shipyard

"The San Francisco's fighting again

BUT MY BOY'S NOT ON HER DECK... THAT'S WHY I'M WORKING"

Tex Gilman, Shipyard Driller

ON A November night in 1942, the cruiser San Francisco raced between two formidable lines of Jap men-o'-war and blasted her way into history alongside the immortal ships of the United States Navy.

With lightning speed, her salvos put a battleship out of action, sunk a cruiser and finished off a destroyer.

The heroism was not without its costs. The San Francisco was damaged. She limped home from the South Pacific—and shipyard workers like Tex Gilman sent her back to sea again like new.

But all the miracles of surgery could not do the same for Tex Gilman's boy.

Blown over the San Francisco's side, he was picked up by another ship. He lost an arm.

Tex has another boy in the South Pacific. That's why he's doing all he can to shorten the war... and bring him home safe. He's never away from his job on a working day.

And he's getting a lot of help from thousands of other Todd workers... millions in other American industries... who realize the shorter the war, the more of our boys we'll see come back after the victory. They know one man's absence from work may bring a boy home with a sleeve in his pocket.

★125,000 men and women work in Todd Shipyards on our three coasts—63,137 have one or more close relatives in the armed forces. Over 27,000 former Todd workers are in the Army, Navy or Marine Corps.

IF YOU HAVEN'T A BOY TO WORK FOR, "ADOPT" ONE...

Isn't there some youngster in the fight for whom you say a silent prayer?... a neighbor's boy... a young fellow who worked with you... that swell kid who delivered the groceries. Get his address. Write and tell him that you'd like to "adopt" him for the duration... so you'll have someone out there to work for! He'll get a great kick out of knowing that you're fighting as hard on your job as he is on his.

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Monday, September 27, 1943

Perspective On The War

Gen. George C. Marshall made two brief, simple and characteristically straightforward talks last week, one before the annual convention of the American Legion and the other at the "Back the Attack" show. His appraisal of the war's progress, while designed to throw cold water on those who regard victory as already "in the bag," is essentially hopeful and heartening. It presents our current situation in sharp and enlightening perspective.

"It has seemed to me from reading the papers recently," General Marshall told the Legion, "that there is some misunderstanding as to the degree of success we have attained in the prosecution of the war. One gathers the impression that our various moves of late were the final steps in the conflict." The chief of staff, whose professional competence in this particular sphere is not inconsiderable, does not view the situation in so rosy a light. He puts it this way, simply and succinctly: "For most of the past year and a half we have been engaged in establishing bases for future operations. . . . Save for assaults in the air, only a small portion of our combat strength has been engaged. Now, at last, we are ready to carry the war to the enemy. . . . But please remember that this phase is just about to begin. . . ."

But if we are only now ready to make a beginning, we are ready to make it under the most favorable auspices. Our armies today, says General Marshall with wholly pardonable pride, will not suffer the handicap of unpreparedness which the AEF endured in 1917 and 1918. It is his special concern to see to it that the American soldier "has every available means with which to make successful war, that he is not limited in ammunition, that he is not limited in equipment and that he has had sufficient training and medical care; in other words, to see that for once in the history of this country he is given a fair break in the terrible business of making war."

The period of preparation having been completed with great thoroughness and thoroughness, it is not unreasonable to hope that the final phase of the war, now in its inception, can be brought to a conclusion with economy and speed. That is one wise purpose of all that has gone before. But there is another purpose no less weighty to a chief of staff who sees beyond purely military maneuvers and grasps the larger implications of the terrible ordeal in which we are involved. "We must proceed," said General Marshall, "in the most businesslike manner possible to make this war so terrible to the enemy, so overwhelming in character that never again can a small group of dictators find a sufficient following to destroy the peaceful security of a civilized world." There can be no victory which is less than absolute.

Reconversion Funds

In an article appearing today on the page opposite, Albert Huston points out that SEC estimates indicate that at the end of June corporations held 59 billion dollars of liquid assets in the form of cash, bank deposits, Government securities and inventories, while offsetting income tax liabilities amounted to only 12.5 billion dollars. Moreover, at current rates of earning the Treasury estimates that additions to corporate surpluses by the end of 1944 will amount to 22 billion dollars.

In face of this astounding statistical record, many people will conclude that the hue and cry raised by industrialists about the need of funds to finance conversion of their plants to peace time uses is hypocritical—to use no harsher word. But, as is often the case, statistics conceal as well as reveal facts. Some companies will emerge from the war with super-abundant reserves for carrying on peacetime business. They will be independent of bank credit and independent of the capital markets. Others, particularly war industries that have experienced an extraordinary expansion of operations, will be hard pressed for funds and may be poor credit risks. For these concerns some provision must be made.

The Post has already given its reasons for concluding that allowance for postwar reconversion needs cannot properly be made by officials engaged in negotiating war contracts. And we are glad to note that our correspondent shares this view. We think, however, that some further modification of the tax laws to allow more liberal provision for building up postwar reserves would be

desirable. In addition, the House Naval Affairs Committee proposal to set up a special fund for concerns needing postwar financial aid is certainly worthy of consideration. It would only carry over into the postwar period a form of Government aid comparable to that made during the war period when funds for conversion purposes have been largely provided by the Government.

Stettinius And Crowley

The appointment of Edward R. Stettinius, Jr., as Undersecretary of State is in some respects a strange climax to the row between Secretary Hull and the retiring Undersecretary, Sumner Welles. Mr. Stettinius had not been publicly mentioned for the post. Probably his appointment is entirely satisfactory to Mr. Hull. At the same time it is doubtful whether he was Mr. Hull's choice for this assignment. In this and in other respects Mr. Hull's apparent triumph in ousting Mr. Welles from the Department of State appears to be something less than a hundred per cent.

A great deal of public interest centered in the appointment of Mr. Stettinius partly because of the rumors and speculation that have been flowing out of Washington since Mr. Hull and Mr. Welles came to a parting of the ways some weeks ago. Actually, however, this appointment was not the most important of the series of events of which it was a part. Of far more significance is the creation of the Office of Foreign Economic Administration under direction of Leo T. Crowley. The effect of this move is to weaken the indirect control of the State Department over the multifarious economic activities this Government is pursuing in other countries. That is certainly no victory for Mr. Hull.

The transfer of Mr. Stettinius to the State Department would have occasioned less surprise if control over lend-lease, foreign relief and the purchase of strategic materials abroad had been assigned to that department. For his work as lend-lease administrator he has given him much experience in the field of our economic relations with other countries. Likewise his special training before he joined the Government service was in the field of business administration. But as he takes over his post of Undersecretary of State, the Lend-Lease Administration, which he has directed with commendable results, is shifted farther away from the Department of State than it was before.

Despite his lack of experience in diplomacy, however, Mr. Stettinius will take to the department some positive advantages. Undoubtedly he can improve its administrative routine. He will not be warped by the bickering, schisms and jealousies that have bedeviled the department in recent years. Whether or not he can remain free from these influences and give Mr. Hull the sort of help he needs to rehabilitate the department for the great task ahead of it remains to be seen.

A still larger question arises as to the relationship between the new Office of Foreign Economic Administration and the State Department. There had been much discussion of making this agency an integral part of the State Department under direction of a second undersecretary. Considering the department's lack of administrative efficiency and its traditional inclination to stand upon protocol, any such arrangement might have seriously handicapped urgent wartime activities. So the President left the new OFEA entirely independent of Secretary Hull in administration. Mr. Crowley is instructed only to exercise the broad powers given him "in conformity with the foreign policy of the United States as defined by the Secretary of State." Whether that means much or little will depend entirely upon the working relationship which the two men evolve as the OFEA extends its operations.

Certainly it is a net gain to have lend-lease, foreign relief and rehabilitation and our economic warfare activities consolidated under one head. Mr. Crowley, who is described by the President as "one of the best administrators in or out of Government," will have ample use for his talents in unifying these loosely organized segments of the war effort. Undoubtedly he will have an easier time of it because of the relatively free hand the President has given him. Yet it would be naive to suppose that the seeds of dissension in carrying out our economic policies abroad have been destroyed. A split between the State Department and the new OFEA would lead to the same sort of confusion and frustration that have led to the present reorganization. We can only hope that the presence of new faces in both spheres will lead to a much greater degree of cooperation in the common cause of beating the enemy and preparing the way for a lasting peace.

Aid For Mothers

Congress moved with commendable speed last week to provide additional aid for the wives and infants of men in uniform. The bill providing a new appropriation of \$18,600,000 to be spent for this purpose by State agencies, with the approval of the Children's Bureau, was briefly debated in the House and passed by a vote of 327 to 0. Hearings were then held by the Senate and it is assumed that the bill will be passed by that body tomorrow.

There is good reason for this prompt action. The small fund previously appropriated to provide medical care for expectant mothers who have husbands in the armed services, and for their infants when they are born, has been exhausted. And the granting of such aid has been clearly recognized as a national responsibility. There seems to be no question as to the approval of the larger appropriation, but there is still a question as to whether this commendable

program will be hamstrung by amendments to the bill.

The House found it necessary to vote down an amendment that would have defeated the purpose of the program as it now operates. Representative Smith of Ohio tried to change the aid to be given expectant mothers from payment of their doctor and hospital bills to direct cash grants. If this program should degenerate into the mere giving of cash, there would be no assurance that the money would be spent for the purpose for which appropriated. In such circumstances medical care would be provided in some cases and would be utterly neglected in others. If cash grants were made, moreover, they would have to go to all wives of soldiers, sailors and Marines who are expecting babies. At present medical aid is being provided only where request for it is made. There is no reason why public funds should be spent to pay doctor and hospital bills of women who have ample means of their own. The basic purpose must be kept in mind. It is to insure adequate medical care for women who are bearing children while their husbands are fighting or preparing to fight the Nation's battles. The Senate can best support that commendable aim, we think, by accepting the House bill without any hamstringing amendments.

Milk Subsidy

The milk crisis has already resulted in a decision to put maximum delivery and sales quotas into effect in a large number of urban marketing areas in the hope (probably vain) of averting resort to rationing. Now Food Administrator Jones announces a plan to stimulate milk output by paying temporary subsidies to dairy farmers to offset increases in feed prices and prevent a rise in retail milk prices. Viewed in isolation, certain advantages can be claimed for the WFA's subsidy proposal as an alternative to a Nation-wide increase in retail milk prices. Not all areas have been equally hard hit by the rise in feedstuff prices and in other production costs. By varying the size of payments according to regional needs, total subsidy outlays will be less than the additional payments that would be exacted from the public by a general advance in milk prices.

The argument is persuasive but there is danger that it will be used too often to justify plastering subsidies over a great variety of articles in order to conceal from the public the extent of the rise in prices and living costs. It is entirely reasonable to pay production-incentive subsidies to a small number of high cost marginal producers to obtain the last increment of indispensable supplies of some commodity. It is a quite different proceeding to pay subsidies to whole classes of producers to offset a general, even if uneven advance in costs of production. That is what Administrator Jones is doing in the case of this milk subsidy. It is designed primarily to offset increased feed costs that have affected all areas and all dairy farmers in varying degrees. The remedy in such case would appear to be an advance in prices, not on a uniform national scale but on a local basis adjusted to differences in local conditions.

The action taken in this case, despite congressional hostility to the proposal, again brings to the forefront the never resolved controversy over the Administration's food subsidy program. The latest milk subsidy will be paid for by the Commodity Credit Corporation, and it is reported that Mr. Jones will soon ask Congress for another billion dollars for that agency to cover next year's lending operations and subsidy program. We hope the debate that will follow this request will lead to some definite plan for limiting the scope and cost of the subsidy program. Otherwise there is no knowing to what lengths it may go before the Administration is ready to call a halt.

Canada has been touted as a shining example of a country in which subsidies have helped to keep down living costs. As a matter of fact, Canadian subsidy payments have been small and limited to a few commodities. Canada's success in keeping down prices has been largely the result of a strict wage control system. And we learned only yesterday from an article in The Post by Janet R. Keith that the Canadian price-control system is in grave jeopardy because of labor's hostility to wage "freezing."

Here in the United States we are trying to propitiate labor by subsidizing consumers, at great cost to the Treasury and with very limited benefits for the public, instead of concentrating our efforts upon getting more out of the people for the Treasury by an effective tax and savings program. The higher the subsidies the greater will be the amount of money people will have to spend for non-essentials, and the harder it will be to control the steady push of prices against ceilings, even in the unlikely event that organized labor could be bought off from pressing for wage increases. We shall be laying up future trouble and adding billions to present Government costs unless a halt is called to the practice of paying subsidies to conceal the fact that production costs have risen.

MAN

What should I know of peace? I am a man
And all man's make is war and war is war.
Where have feet felt, upon dense earth they
TAN

While breath that lifted struggled to a star.
Or I am cloud where water keeps with flame
The silent thunder till the torrent's motion
Leaping from skies to seas from which it came
Breaks in one storm the striving air and ocean.
I am a man. In me the earth and wind,
In me both fire and night compound me whole.
Being the combat, nowhere can I find
This part is body and this bit is soul—
But in the fierce engagement feel my breath
Fight with my flesh unto the peace of death.
JOHN LOUIS BONN, S. J.

Tripartite Meeting

By Mark Sullivan

Territorial Issues

SHORT OF OFFICIAL ANNOUNCEMENT, there are now some practical certainties about the relations of our Government and the British to the Russian Government. These include an early meeting at Moscow of the heads of the foreign departments of the three governments—American Secretary of State Cordell Hull, British Foreign Secretary Anthony Eden, and Russian Foreign Minister V. Molotov. (Whether Mr. Hull will attend is not certain at this writing—in it is not absolutely certain that the meeting will take place.) Assuming it preliminary meeting takes place, and that all goes well at it, there will be a later meeting between the three heads of state—President Roosevelt, Prime Minister Churchill and Premier Stalin.

Approach of these meetings is accompanied by fragmentary revelations of what close observers have long known—namely, that the Russian government has seemed reluctant to have the meetings, Prime Minister Churchill, using guarded and courteous language, has implied this. Last week British Foreign Minister Eden spoke in the House of Commons of the difficulty of cooperation with the Russian government.

That there are differences between Russia and the other two governments, everybody knows, differences of point of view and of interest. These differences become acute as the postwar peace begins. During war, it was not difficult for the three governments to agree upon the purpose of conquering Germany. But what to do about Germany after she is conquered brings up fundamentally opposing points of view. The Russian government is Communist—hence can hardly avoid wishing that whatever future government is set up in Germany (or Italy and elsewhere) should take a Communist or Socialist direction. The American and British governments, being not Communist nor Socialist, must have a different wish.

IN ADDITION TO THIS, there are deep differences about whether Russia, after the war, is to have certain territory she wants—parts of Poland, Finland, Rumania, and the three small Baltic countries, Latvia, Estonia and Lithuania. Mr. Stalin says he needs these territories to form a defense belt against aggression. These territories, he says, of Russia run directly counter to principles laid down by Messrs. Roosevelt and Churchill in the Atlantic Charter, and to war aims announced by Britain.

In the meetings about to be held, the Russian government will have an advantage. The advantage accrues to her by her success in arms, and by the present state of the war.

It is not necessary to believe, or even inquire into, the rumors about Germany trying to make a separate peace with Russia. That Germany will make the attempt is inherent in the circumstances. And it is not necessary to assume that Mr. Stalin would make a separate peace—we can assume the contrary, that he would live up to his treaty with Britain by which he is pledged not to make a separate peace. Mr. Stalin can get the advantage of Germany's offer without accepting it.

TENDER BY GERMANY of a separate peace to Russia would include surrender of all the territory, now rapidly diminishing, that Germany conquered in Russia. The surrender would not be costly to Germany's part, because it is doubtful whether she can continue to hold much or any of it. Germany would surrender to Russia, in addition to Russia's own territory, the territory of Poland and the three Baltic countries which Germany now holds. A separate peace would leave Mr. Stalin free to have also what he wants of Finland and Rumania. A separate peace would mean for Mr. Stalin all the territorial gains he desires. If the Germans think their offer of a separate peace to Mr. Stalin would be apparent with a temptation by throwing Hitler out of power, they would be equal to that, either in reality or in subterfuge.

When Mr. Stalin meets with Messrs. Roosevelt and Churchill, he will be free to say—or the condition will be apparent with a temptation by throwing Hitler out of power, they would be equal to that, either in reality or in subterfuge.

Officers' Quarters

Washington landlords should hide their heads in shame over their treatment of the married commissioned officers stationed here. Of course these officers receive an allowance for quarters in addition to their pay, but this allowance is usually only about a half or third of what is necessary for decent living quarters due to unprincipled gouging property owners. The classified ads in which the heroic and sacrificing gentlemen of the armed forces offer up to \$200 monthly rental for a small furnished apartment or residence are a pathetic commentary. Congress should commit itself to a remedy. CHARLES E. CROSS, Washington, Sept. 15.

Churchill And Stalin

By Paul Schubert

Men And History

DO MEN make history? Or does history make men? Winston Churchill had a finger in the making of history in London for many years before the historic moment, in 1940, when he replaced the faltering Chamberlain. Yet the pre-1940 Churchill seems, in retrospect, a different man than the Churchill we know today. Indeed, had the crisis of 1940 not arisen, Churchill might have lived out his days without the attainment of greatness, and might well have been forgotten a short time after his death. He was, to be sure, a distinguished man—but there are many distinguished men in these eventful times, though few who can be called great.

As it is, the name of Winston Churchill is sure to go down as one of the outstanding names in English history—in the world history of this era.

What should we have done without him? His steady influence made itself felt the instant he began to speak, on that day when he accepted the great burden of office.

HE BROUGHT all the needed qualities to the task before him—intellect, presence, experience, courage. He brought something more—the ability to rise to the occasion, to grow in stature, to reject littleness, selfishness, personal ambition. Having reached the pinnacle, what personal aspiration could he have? It was immediately evident that he felt humble, for all his pride. It was immediately evident that he realized the fleeting nature of life—the immortality of behavior.

Churchill became the figure about which the democracies rallied. He was "the man of the hour"—and the time will come when we shall cherish the memory of his leadership. . . . we here in the United States no less than the people of Britain. To this day his reports to the House of Commons on the progress of the war are the clearest blueprints we have had of the job we are doing. Nor does it imply any disloyalty to our President to say that Prime Minister Churchill has given us a kind of spiritual leadership that we have not found elsewhere. We know Josef Stalin less well.

Once Stalin was a bugaboo in America, and in England, too. With the passage of time we have come to appreciate the fact that Stalin, like Churchill, is a "man of the hour."

Stalin's world is Russia. . . . not only the Russian people with all their temperament, their Asi-

atic strain, their fundamental Slavic approach which is so different from the approach of western Europe and the New World. . . . Stalin's world is the Russia which emerged from the War 1914-1918, a Russia of revolution, of political and economic experiment, a Russia as unstable as shifting sand. . . . Stalin's Russia was chaotic. It had thrown overboard its old leadership. . . . It was suspicious of all leadership—and yet without leadership it was as helpless as a kindergarten without the firm hand of adult guidance.

STALIN'S RUSSIA was sure of a great future, if only it could live through the embryonic cycle, develop young maturity, poise, confidence. . . .

It is hard for us to realize the self-doubts of a proletarian state which has cut itself adrift from the aristocracy which past history taught it to obey. . . . The guilt of hands bloodied during the hours of revolution.

Russia talked big, made grandiose plans. . . . Russia whistled to keep up courage.

Germany, coblooded and calculating, planned to murder the young Russian state before it could attain maturity. . . . murder Russia before it was too late. Stalin became the individual who pulled Russia together into a cohesive militant unity in the face of this danger. His is clearly the spirit about which the Russians have rallied. Stalin did for Russia what Churchill did for England.

During these years we have come to have a growing, often grudging respect for "Uncle Joe." He is knobby, solid, blunt, unshakable. . . . He has his feet on the solid earth. He is unpretentious, there is a certain humility about him. He knows how to laugh. . . . he knows how to pick men, how to inspire the loyalty of individuals and of a nation.

He is a Russian, a proletarian. . . . Under his leadership, Russia has become more consciously Russian, less consciously Communist. Russia has fought for life, fought to defeat the Germans—put aside the theorizing that was a greater enemy to Russia than Hitler ever was. Yet Russia has emerged firmly implanted with the proletarian ideal.

Churchill and Stalin are opposites. This country has cause to be grateful to the greatness of these allied statesmen.

Listen to Paul Schubert
Tonight at 10:30 on WOL

Letters To The Editor

Communications must carry the writer's name and address, though pen names are permitted at the editor's discretion. Letters should be held to not more than 200 words. They are subject to condensation.

Pool Of Single Men

If the contents of this letter are correct, I believe the subject is one which should be brought to the attention of the people.

Comments made by Senator Robert A. Taft during the past week indicate that the principal reason for carrying out the drafting of fathers is to bring pressure on them to transfer to war industry. In view of this, many of us are unable to understand why the hundreds of thousands of single men who have been turned down by the armed forces because of more or less slight physical defects, which in no way prevent them from engaging in war work, should not be placed in such work, thus releasing other single, able-bodied men now engaged in war work for the armed forces.

Apparently this huge pool of single men who are not eligible for the armed forces, and also other single men over 38 years of age, who are capable of performing as much work as anyone else, are free to do as they please, since they are not eligible for the armed forces.

It would be necessary for many of us fathers to take substantial financial losses if we were to give up our businesses to go into war work, while if we were to go into the Army our families would have nothing for their support. In view of this, it is difficult for us to understand why the situation outlined above is fair or just.

Most of us can listen to reason, and can also do our part, but the situation, as it now exists, apparently is not based upon reason.

JAMES H. DEIBERT,
Petersburg, Va., Sept. 23.

Covetous Hysteria

The treatment that a serviceman receives in the "liberty towns" near his camp plays an important part in his wartime life. There he goes for change, relaxation, entertainment. He goes there, too, for reminders of the civilian life he left to and to which he hopes some day to return. Unconsciously he draws some strength from contact with the civilian values for which he is pledged to fight.

Where such places fail him miserably and expose him to the petty profiteering of restaurants, taverns and supply houses, and when plain people, like the people he left at home, gouge him unmercifully for sleeping rooms, he has reason to wonder about this covetous hysteria that makes him a prey.

I feel that the situation is widespread enough to warrant public recognition. Public consideration might end a miserable state of affairs.

CORP. E. S. MERRY, USMC,
Cherry Point, N. C., Sept. 21.

Hitting Below The Belt

You are certainly hitting below the belt in your editorial this morning when you accuse the superintendent of nurses at Gallinger Hospital of being responsible for the failure to fill nurse vacancies. When I was working at Gallinger a short time ago, personal loyalty and admiration for Miss Moran was all that was keeping nurses there rather than elsewhere. Hospitals everywhere cannot get sufficient help. No one wants to work in obscurity when there are all sorts of glamorous nursing jobs in the Army and Navy with possible honors and medals and certain reemployment rights and pensions glimmering in the future.

As far as housekeeping inspection is concerned, a superintendent of nurses is an executive rather than a kitchen policeman. Find out if the money appropriated for assistants to the superintendent of nurses is sufficient for adequate personnel to oversee such details, which are as foreign to the personal attention of a superintendent of nurses as the personal setting of type is to a newspaper publisher.

During Miss Moran's career as superintendent of nurses at Gallinger she has rendered a greater service to the District of Columbia than ever could be repaid to her.

OLD-TIME RESIDENT,
Washington, Sept. 23.

Laugh In Public

Writer of the letter, "Laugh in Private" in The Post of September 16, I think you are wrong in objecting to prominent people becoming hilarious in public.

This subject of laughter in wartime came up for discussion 80 years ago. A Congressman has considered President Lincoln for what he considered unbecoming levity during a serious crisis in the war. The President replied, "With the fearful strain of war upon me, if I did not laugh I should die."

Modern scientists agree with President Lincoln on the value of laughter. Dr. James Walsh of Fordham University says, "Few people realize that health actually varies according to the amount of laughter."

Our fighting men know the restorative qualities of laughter and they joke even in the grimmest situations. They would be the last ones to wish us to go around with long faces on their account. To me the picture of Mr. Churchill and President Roosevelt chuckling together is a real morale builder. Particularly as I know that it has the opposite effect on Berlin and Tokyo.

DONNA KIDDER,
McLean, Va., Sept. 20.

The Once Over

By H. I. Phillips

Lines On An Overworked Team

"We're working on it" used to be an explanation put:
And "we are looking into it"
Was simple, straight and flat:
But now a new word's all the rage
And swivel chairs purr.
To any sort of inquiry,
"It's being PROCESSED," sir.

II
Nobody simply "does a job."
Or "sees the matter through."
Nobody merely goes ahead
And states a fact or two:
The simple and efficient course—
The quick and clear report—
Is out of style: "we're processing
That matter," they retort.

III
You ask about your fuel-oil book,
And seek a "yes" or "no";
"That's being processed" is the gag
That ever seems to flow:
You cannot get the bare facts on
Your milk, gas, coal or meat;
"The office is processing it,"
Comes through the summer heat.

IV
"Hey, what about my two boiled eggs?"
You ask a waiter, and
"They're being processed," he replies,
"I trust you understand."
A phone call takes a half a day—
You're waiting, you complain;
"It's being processed," is the way
That central will explain.

V
You call a cop, he doesn't come;
You ask the station why;
"It's being processed," says the sarge
(This is the stock reply);
Your house ablaze, you yell for aid;
If no one hears the call,
The fire ladders simply are
Processing it, that's all!

VI
One day you kick the bucket and
You reach St. Peter's gate;
But no one knows about you and
You have to stand and wait;
But finally it's all explained,
As all the angels sing,
"We have your application, but
We're processing the thing!"

"Gypsy Rose Lee's new play,
"The Naked Genius," has been withdrawn
for rewriting."—Dramatic item.
It needs a little dressing up.

Heating Problem Mother Goose
Jack Grohl
Could get no coal;
His wife could get no oil;
But listening to licks made
Their temperature boil.

"Our forefathers did without sugar until the thirteenth century, without coal until the fourteenth, without butter until the fifteenth and without tea, coffee or soap until the seventeenth. What was it you were complaining about?"—From the OPA newsletter.

We were, since you ask, complaining about the waste of paper and ink.

"The radio does not permit long speeches"—Mussolini on German soil.

It's a fine time for Benito to find that out!

"One Per Cent Allies"

Within the last few days many of us have seen a very revealing newsreel showing Chinese constructing an airport by hand labor. Thousands of them, working with practically no tools except their hands; But they are working with a devotion to the Allied cause which shames the rest of us. They have done this, we know, for more than six years, losing millions of men by famine, death in battle, and disease, where we have lost but thousands.

And yet we could not keep the Burma road open. We cannot send them even a few planes. We bomb Germany in thousand-plane raids drawn from magnificent reserves, but cannot send China more than a few hundred altogether. Our "1 per cent" Allies! For their brave and patient struggle, we give them 99 per cent thanks and a little more than 1 per cent of our lend-lease aid.

We hear it answered in terms of "strategy," "possibility" whenever they do the impossible. With fewer weapons than we have! And now we send Mountbatten to regain Burma. Trained in a different section of the war, we send him down to take weeks or months learning a job that any of a dozen Chinese generals have proven they can do for years, and could start right now.

"TEN BROCK."

Washington, Sept. 24.

Thanksgiving Day

I believe it is generally agreed by all Americans that we have much to be thankful for and especially those of us on the home front, when we contrast life here in America with that of those in the rest of the world.

Having this in mind, and in order that the forthcoming Thanksgiving Day be one of thanksgiving in fact as well as spirit, I am suggesting that consideration be given by you, to our youth, influence and that of your paper, to prevail upon the President when making his annual Thanksgiving proclamation, that he ask that all places of amusement, sports and drinking be closed for the day, so that our people throughout the Nation truly and honestly use this day for one of prayer and thanksgiving for the many blessings that have been bestowed upon us. E. R. HAAS, Executive Vice President, National Radio Institute, Washington, Sept. 23.

State Department

By Ernest Lindley

Foreign Economic Operations

ONE OF THE BASIC QUESTIONS behind the reorganization announced Saturday night was to what extent the State Department shall be converted into an operating agency outside its traditional fields. The State Department's principal duty is to assist the President in determining policy in relation to international problems. Normally it maintains our main lines of official communication with other governments and conducts negotiations with them. Apart from its own housekeeping, it has certain administrative duties, but they are not numerous and do not require a large staff.

Thus the State Department's prime need is for men who can obtain full and accurate facts about developments all over the world, who can appraise accurately their significance in relation to our interests and purposes, and who can advise the President what, as a result, we should do. This foremost task is comparable to that of the intelligence and war plan branches of the Army and Navy, or to the work of reporters, columnists, and editorial writers on newspapers. The worth of a State Department is determined chiefly by its ability to do these things, and so to arrive at sound conclusions as to what our national policy should be. Beyond that, it must have men who know how to negotiate with other governments.

Various schemes were proposed for drawing into the State Department operating agencies such as lend-lease, the Office of Economic Warfare, Relief and Rehabilitation, and the foreign propaganda activities of the Office of War Information. Any of these arrangements would have required the introduction into the State Department of a great array of new talent. For the type of work the State Department has done in the past has not developed men for large administrative duties. There are reporters or editorial writers who become good managing editors or publishers, just as there are good intelligence or war plan officers who become good field commanders. But, perhaps more often than not, a first-rate reporter or analyst will not make a good administrator, and a first-rate intelligence officer will not make a good field commander. Secretary Hull himself, who is a wise analyst and a skillful negotiator, has displayed little talent as an administrator. Moreover, the State Department has only a handful of men who know economics and finance, whereas it has many who know diplomacy and the political currents in other nations.

FROM TIME TO TIME, there has been difficulty because independent agencies—such as OEW, in its former days as the Board of Economic Warfare, and OWI—undertook to formulate their own foreign policies. This was due partly to misunderstanding

and poor coordination, but partly also to headstrong officials, who disagreed with the policies of the Government.

The foreign policies of the Government must be clearly understood and faithfully adhered to by all agencies having contacts with the governments and peoples of other countries. But no agency charged with doing an immense volume of business could ever get it done if every transaction had to be cleared through the regular State Department channels. If every short-wave broadcast sent out by OWI had to be reviewed by a dozen State Department officials, or even by one, who weighed it as a diplomatic note would be weighed, there would be few OWI broadcasts. If OEW had to clear every transaction in the same way, it would be unable to perform its duties.

As a practical matter, agencies such as OEW, and Lend-Lease, in the economic field, and OWI, in the propaganda field, must have freedom to conduct their affairs. They need even their own channels of communication, if they are to be able to do their job at the highest level.

THE ALTERNATIVE was to leave these agencies outside the State Department, providing only the coordination and liaison necessary to see that they conform to major policies. This, roughly, is the British method. The British have their Board of Trade and its subdivision concerned with overseas trade maintains liaison with the Foreign Office. They have separate ministries of Economic Warfare and Information. Their Treasury, which plays an important role internationally, is independent. Coordination of major policy is obtained through the cabinet. At the same time, the Foreign Office is conveniently relieved of direct responsibility for every single transaction or action by another agency.

The State Department needs to be exposed to the prodding that comes from operating agencies, and it can benefit from the information they supply. But it can probably operate better as a policy-framing organization if it is removed from the pressures and administrative burdens of operating agencies. Likewise these operating agencies must have the overall guidance of the policy-formulating department, but freedom from supervision of their day-to-day transactions by officials who feel the responsibility for scrutinizing every word and act with a view to its potential diplomatic significance.

The reorganization just announced recognizes these practical considerations. The State Department will continue in its traditional role, but with a new and highly competent administrator, Undersecretary Edward R. Stettinius, Jr. Foreign economic operations are grouped in a separate agency under Leo T. Crowley, also a highly capable administrator. They will conform to the over-all policies of the Government, as framed by the President, with the aid of the State Department, but will have the freedom of daily operation necessary for efficiency.

forces of the French Committee of National Liberation, the publication disclosed.

French Royalists Would Fight Nazis

Madrid, Sept. 26 (AP).—The French Royalist newspaper, L'Action Francaise, has critically publicized an appeal by Francois Valentin, former national director of the Vichy government's French Legion, calling upon legion members to join anticollaborationist forces.

Valentin had asked the legion members to help the underground and when possible to join the

In publishing an article on the former director's appeal Sept. 21, the newspaper roundly condemned Valentin for his actions, but it gave many French Legion members the first they had received of Valentin's call to change camps. L'Action Francaise is classed as collaborationist and anti-Republican.

Off The Record

By Ed Reed



"Let Junior alone—it isn't exactly his own idea!"

Reconversion Funds

By Albert Huston

Postwar Funds For Industry

There has been considerable discussion recently before committees of Congress, at the recent convention of the Controllers Institute in New York and in the press as to the financial requirements of corporations at the termination of the war in order to reconvert and prepare for production of peace time goods. In the course of these discussions spokesmen for industry either explicitly or implicitly assume that there will be a need for corporate liquid resources far in excess of the amounts which they will have available at the time. These spokesmen have been urging that the Government adjust its procurement and tax policies in order to facilitate the accumulation of liquid savings by corporations to supply what they find to be a present deficiency in such funds. On the other hand, statistics from Government sources seem to indicate that the volume of corporate liquid assets is rather more substantial than would appear from these statements.

The Securities and Exchange Commission, for example, in connection with its recent release on savings estimates that as of June 30, 1943, corporations held over 20 billion dollars in cash and bank deposits, 13 billion dollars in U. S. Government securities and 26 billion dollars in inventories, a total of 59 billion dollars in these liquid assets alone.

Offsetting these items there were \$12,500,000,000 of Federal income tax liabilities on this date. These liquid assets are at the highest level in corporate history and reflect in large part accumulations of the fifteen months from our entry into the war to the end of June this year, during which corporations accumulated almost 7 billion dollars in cash and deposits. United States Government bonds, increased inventories about 500 billion while their Federal income tax liabilities increased only \$5,500,000,000 in this period.

Mr. Randolph Paul, general counsel of the Treasury Department, recently testified before a hearing of the House Ways and Means Committee that by the end of 1944 corporate earnings after dividend distribution at the current rate will add to corporate surpluses after all charges and taxes, 22 billion dollars; that the postwar refund is estimated to be around \$2,000,000,000 and that the new plant and equipment financed under the accelerated depreciation provided by law is in the neighborhood of 5 billion, constituting a total cushion to subject corporations of 29 billion dollars. These Government estimates of present corporate wealth are in sharp contrast with the impover-

ished condition of industry which its spokesmen have pictured and upon which they base their request to the Government for assistance to make the necessary reconversion into peacetime production. It would appear from these Government estimates that business as a whole is well provided with cash and other liquid assets to finance a large amount of new or reconverted facilities.

However, in spite of the generally sound condition of corporate business there are some companies, particularly within a few industry groups, which while needing to reconvert their facilities in order to continue production may not have sufficient financial resources to carry them over and cannot obtain loans or capital from the banks or through the capital markets. Such companies may well be said to be in need of assistance from the Government. It is particularly among the aircraft companies and machine tool manufacturers that these difficulties may eventuate from evidence which has been presented to date.

In view of the fact that the need for Government assistance to corporations does not appear to be general but rather due to an uneven distribution of corporate liquid wealth some question has been raised as to whether provision for general treatment such as tax exemption for special reserves is really warranted. The Committee on Naval Affairs of the House of Representatives, in its investigation of the renegotiation of war contracts looked into this problem and concluded that it could not accede to the request for consideration of special reserves in renegotiation proceedings partly because the amount which a company might require for postwar adjustment is so uncertain as to be purely speculative and partly because some companies will require no conversion at all but will operate just as they are doing in wartime.

Furthermore some of the important industrial companies have testified to this committee that they will be quite able to handle whatever reconversion may be necessary by the use of their own funds and the substantial postwar refunds that they will receive under the present tax act. Also available to industry through the capital markets will be the vast reservoirs of idle money which has been accumulating for more than a year at an unprecedented rate.

The House Naval Affairs Committee, however, in its report on the renegotiation of war contracts recognized the problem facing certain companies which may be in difficulties at the termination of the war and suggested a reconversion allowance. This would provide a Government fund to be kept in escrow and made readily available to industries which certify to the Treasury Department that they do not have other resources available to effect their own conversion or rehabilitation. It is proposed that restrictions should be placed upon such payments so that they will not be available to companies whose weakened condition may be due to improvident management, or to excessive dividend payments or to extravagant and unjustified salaries.

This committee takes the position that Government aid to business rehabilitation and conversion should be directed where needed, but that a general liberalization of price adjustment policies or the allowance of postwar reserves as costs for tax computation would in many instances be a Government handout to enterprises that have no need of such benefits. In view of the generally liquid condition of corporations the proposal of the Naval Affairs Committee would seem to be the more prudent and economical treatment of the problem.

Fordham Gives Chen Li-Fu Degree

New York, Sept. 26 (AP).—Chen Li-Fu, China's Minister of Education, was awarded the honorary degree of doctor of laws today by Fordham University, which praised his "ideal of learning" and his "qualities of mind and heart."

Wei Tao-Ming, Chinese Ambassador to the United States, in accepting the degree for Dr. Chen, who is in China, said the Chinese education program would eliminate illiteracy there by the end of 1949.

U. S. Foreign Policy

Shield Of The Republic

By WALTER LIPPMANN

Order In The World

Britain, Russia and America are allies, not by conscious choice but under the compulsion of their common enemies. The unconditional surrender of Germany and of Japan is bound to leave all the Allies with an immediate sense of mortal peril averted; and this will reduce the compulsion that binds the alliance together. There will then be opened up disputable secondary questions which push apart the members of the alliance.

This has always happened in wars won by a coalition. It happened at the Congress of Vienna; it happened at the Peace Conference in 1919; it can and may happen again. These fissures will tend to become wider and deeper the more any one of the great powers seeks to aggrandize itself either at the expense of one of the other great powers, or at the expense of their smaller allies.

Thus, an American policy of imperialistic aggrandizement at the expense of the British Empire would impair profoundly the Atlantic community. It would become necessary for Britain to look for her security in some combination which thwarted American aggrandizement.

A British policy of refusing to recognize the necessary changes in the colonial and imperial system of the 19th century would raise up against Britain insurgent forces in Asia, the Middle East and Africa. Britain could not count upon American support in resisting these forces, and almost certainly she would have to count upon Russian and Chinese encouragement of these forces.

A Russian policy of aggrandizement in Europe would be regarded as such a threat to Britain and America that they would begin to encourage the nations which resisted Russia. In Asia a Russian policy of aggrandizement against China would disrupt Russian-American relations in the North Pacific and, in the coming air age, across the top of the globe. On the other hand, an anti-Russian policy in which Britain, America and the European states sought, as they did in 1919, to blockade and even disrupt Russia would provoke Russian Communist intervention to counteract it.

A Chinese policy of aggrandizement in India, Malaya, Indo-China and the Netherlands Indies would encounter opposition from Britain, from America, and from Australia and New Zealand, from France and the Netherlands.

The assurances opened by any one or all of these tendencies to aggrandizement would soon become a breach. This would be followed inevitably and immediately by competition among the Allies to win over to their side the vanquished nations. Thus because aggrandizement had made them rivals they would restore the aggressor powers which had threatened them. The postwar era would thus be transformed, as the late Frank Simonds observed in the early '30s, into a prewar era.

For these reasons it is evident that a nuclear alliance of Britain, Russia, America and, if possible, China, cannot hold together if it does not operate within the limitations of an international order that preserves the national liberties of other peoples. Nor could the nuclear allies combine to oppress and exploit the rest of mankind. For, in the last analysis, the resistance would disrupt the alliance: one or the other of the great powers would find that its interests and its sympathies lay with the peoples resisting oppression.

In no other way but by supporting a world-wide system of liberty under law can the great powers win the consent, earn the confidence and insure the support of the rest

of the world in the continuation of their alliance.

The order which they originate because it is necessary to their own security can, therefore, be perpetuated only if they act so as to gain and hold the good will of the other peoples. Delivering the weaker states from the Nazi and Japanese conquest will not in itself hold their good will. For the memory of the deliverance will become obscured by what happens afterward. Their own concept of their own interest, rather than gratitude, is for all masses of peoples the motive which determines their actions. The gratitude of the liberated to the victorious powers will continue only if the great powers remain united enough to keep the peace of the world against aggressors and, at the same time, become liberal enough so that there is no good reason for rebellion against the order which they maintain.

An order of this kind can endure, not forever in a changing world, but for a long and beneficial period of time. It was because the Roman law that the Roman empire lived on so long, and when it fell, lived on in men's memories for a thousand years as an ideal to which they longed to return. It has been Britain's devotion to law which, despite all the rebellion against British rule, has brought so many nations to Britain's side whenever Britain has been really threatened. And I think Americans may without false pride believe that in the last analysis it is our own preference for liberty under law, and not our material power only, which has made our neighbor republics believe that their vital interests and ours are the same.

The structure of the order with the nuclear allies could or should institute, the laws and covenants they could or should subscribe to—these matters lie outside the province of this inquiry. We have been concerned with finding the American foreign policy which will most adequately and surely make this republic solvent in its foreign relations. We have, therefore, dwelt upon those measures which are indispensable to America if it is to fulfill the commitments it has, if it is to be able to make commitments at all. We have found, I believe, that the measures which will most securely maintain the vital interests of the United States are measures which will not less securely maintain the vital interests of our neighbors, great and small alike.

Guided by this principle, and determined to apply it, we shall be capable again of forming an American foreign policy. We shall no longer be, as we have been for nearly 50 years, without a foreign policy which takes account of our interests. We need no longer be divided because the national interest upon which we must unite will have been made evident to us. We shall no longer exhort mankind to build castles in the air while we build our own defenses on sand. Then, when we know what we ourselves need and how we must achieve it, we shall be not only a great power. We shall have become at last a mature power. We shall know our interests and what they require of us. We shall know our limitations and our place in the scheme of things.

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Tugwell Blames Lack of Policy For Troubles of Puerto Rico

By William D. Carter
Associated Press Staff Writer

Gov. Rexford G. Tugwell of Puerto Rico said yesterday that the United States policy toward the Caribbean possession is "not a policy at all" and spoke out against the dangers of "suppressing an angry people."

Tugwell submitted a 30-page statement to a Senate subcommittee headed by Senator Dennis Chavez (Democrat) of New Mexico which held an investigation in Puerto Rico last spring.

In it he: (1) Charged Congress with failure to adopt any set policy toward Puerto Rico or of failing in some instances to act at all; (2) said that if the present trend is continued "an angry people" might feel "somehow they had been wronged"; (3) defended his own administration which has been under attack repeatedly in the past; and (4) offered a solution for the island's present and future problems.

"Not a Policy At All"

"The difficulty with the present policy," Tugwell stated, "is that it is not a policy at all. No one can say, no one can even guess, what the intentions of the United States are toward Puerto Rico."

"Why is it that the United States will not move decisively toward such assistance as would bring the possession up to the standards of Statehood? Two million people cannot permanently be kept in the twilight zone of colonialism. Or, if closer union is not to be the policy, why is no move made toward independence, as was done in the case of the Philippines?"

Congress Blamed

Stressing the difficulties of administration during the first year of the war, Tugwell blamed Congress for not acting in setting up subsidies to sugar growers to make them grow food instead of cane, or

of helping later when the insular government had spent all it could spare of its own funds "in the belief that if Puerto Rico strained her own resources to the utmost, Federal officials and the Congress would adopt a more sympathetic attitude."

After doing that, he said, the insular government "had every right to expect Federal aid. That aid has not yet come."

Pointing up the seriousness of Puerto Rico's immediate economic problems and warning of the danger of ignoring them, Tugwell declared that "it would cost as much to keep peace with an idle and starving population which comes of spirited stock as to furnish the means of reconstruction."

"The matter must be put thus bluntly. American policy in Puerto Rico has the choice of economic assistance with a rather hopeful prospect or of suppressing an angry people who would feel very deeply that they had been wronged."

Defends His Course

In defense of his administration the governor said that no previous island executive had arrived in office to face an emergency as drastic as the present war. He defended his "social reforms" as something "looking toward the creation of new enterprise and larger sources of income for Puerto Rico."

"It would be better," he said as to future moves, "if first for a few years a deliberate policy of assistance were carried out, at the end of which time the Puerto Rican electorate might be given a chance to express itself."

"If a desire to become a State was expressed, the Congress might then take definite action. If either the plebiscite or the action of Congress was adverse to Statehood, a policy of gradual separation could be worked out as was done in the Philippines," he said.

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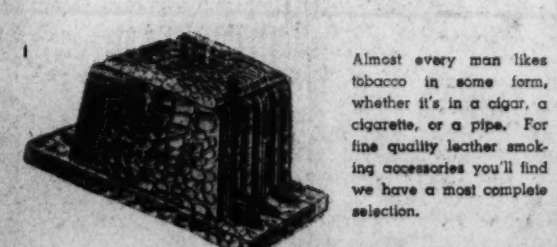
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Basis Of Security

By Roger W. Babson

Home, Garden, Children, Religion

All of us want to be free from worry about jobs or sickness or a poverty-stricken old age. We also want to see peace among workers, farmers and businessmen; and to secure freedom for venture capital and protection against monopolies or unreasonable Government regulations. These are splendid goals for Vice President Wallace and the rest of us to seek; but history teaches this simple fact: Only as the percentage of people who own their own home and garden and have three or more children and live by a sane religion increases are such goals attainable.

Although both children and religion are necessary for security, I will this week discuss only land. The soil is the basis of all security; yes, without land there would be no children nor religion! I am especially anxious to discuss land assessments and taxes. Readers will remember that some weeks ago, when discussing this subject, I asked them to write me as to how "land assessments" in their counties compare with actual values; also whether they had rather buy or sell land at the present time.

I am pleased to report that 70 per cent of my replying readers want to buy land and only 30 per cent want to sell. This shows that people are beginning to think wisely. Those desiring to buy predominate in the South and West where the assessments are low enough so that people can afford to own and work the soil. Those desiring to sell predominate in the East. The replies indicate a strong desire to move out of the big cities into open spaces where people can have a little garden, fresh air and sunshine.

The largest group of people want to buy land in Texas. This means either that Texas' assessments are abnormally low, or else, more people think Texas has the best future of all the States. One correspondent suggests that Texas, in 75 years, will have a majority of the United States House of Representatives. With her climate, soil, rail, sea coast and airfields, this may be true.

Next to Texas, the repliers prefer Illinois, Indiana, Iowa, Missouri, Kentucky, Tennessee, Virginia and the State of Washington. In this respective order. This means that either the land assessments in these States are low or else their people are getting land hungry. Hence, these States may be headed for a land boom. I also had a host of postal cards from people in Washington, D. C., who are frantic to buy property. They write that Washington is having a temporary real estate boom.

Massachusetts leads all the States for the number of replies from those desiring to sell real estate. They claim assessments in Massachusetts are too high; they would be thankful for a chance to get out at present assessed values. Other Eastern States feel the same as do the people of Massachusetts. Incidentally, more postal cards have come from people in Florida who desire to sell than from people there who desire to buy. This may mean that the coming Florida boom may not be "just around the corner." Due to its socialistic experiments, there is also an excess of sellers in Wisconsin. A land boom has already started in California.

My study demonstrates two things: (1) That there is great in-



ROGER W. BABSON

justice and nonuniformity in present land assessments, and (2) that we should talk about "tax bills" instead of "assessments." In fact, I wish again to forecast that the time may come when the American dollar will be based on land exchangeable, either way, at the rate of 40 times the tax bill. Such a dollar would mean something and encourage land owners. I repeat that the security of America is proportional to the percentage of people owning their own home and garden.

Although some of us conservatives may look upon Mr. Wallace as a dreamer, he, nevertheless, interprets the desires of a great many people. I am surprised at receiving so many postals upon which were written these words: "I would like neither to buy nor sell but to be able to retain the property I have earned and paid for by hard work."

Yet the Roosevelt Administration has done much to help people along these lines. The Securities and Exchange Commission, the Federal Land Banks, the lowering of interest rates and various other legislation have been in their favor. Land owners, however, should now do their part by working their land, raising good families and going to church.

Just one more thought: Many postal cards have a P. S. saying that Henry George's ideas must some day be considered. Clippings of statements by England's Archbishop of Canterbury and other prominent men along these lines are also being sent to me. All of these things are signs that bonds, stock certificates and bank books are gradually losing their charm and that people are coming to think more of fertile land, good families and sane religion. Since last writing on this subject, I, therefore, have become quite an optimist; and I especially now thank all who sent me postal cards. The American people are okay if we will cut out propaganda and give them a chance to do some real thinking as to what are real assets.

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Ringside Table

With Mary Harris

MODEL'S PROGRESS. You can talk about your Powers models but Consuelo Flowerton who opens at Olmsted's Club tonight is the original Howard Chandler Christy model. From there it was only a skip to Ziegfeld and George White shows. With ambition eating at her young vitals, Consuelo devoted much time to voice and dramatic study but revolted at the goosy sweetness with which stage directors cloaked her talents. Upshot she's the leading femme exponent of songage that treats sex with airy levity.

Matt Windsor will open his new Windsor Room next Thursday. It's a handsome spot gleaming in red, white and blue. Matt will be at the piano with a pretty New York singer doing the vocal chores.

MERITED RECOGNITION will be extended to union musicians and hotel and club entertainers at the first anniversary week of the Stage Door Canteen beginning today. Paul Schwartz, head of the Musicians' Union, will receive a tribute of thanks in behalf of his musicians tonight. Paul McNutt will express the canteen's appreciation of hotel and club diversions tomorrow night. . . . It should be mentioned the nitery boys and girls do not confine their efforts to the Stage Door Canteen. Del Courtney, now at Del Rio, will take his orchestra and singers to the war bond show at Fort Belvoir on October 3. Georgia and Jerry of the Anchor Room, frequently entertain the wounded boys at Walter Reed. These are only two instances among many.

THE UNRAFTED THIRD of a dance act will lend luster to the new Lotus revue opening today. We mean Irene of the former Del Rio, daring adagioer. Her two partners are in uniform, but Irene is carrying on with tap and acrobatic stepping. Also new at Lotus will be the circus act of the La Fontaines and dancers Helene and Haynes.

UBALAIKAI Washington's Theatre Restaurant Cocktails—Dinner—Supper Two Shows Nightly, 8:30 & 12 All New Russian Revue Featuring GYPSY CAMP THE DAZZLING DANCE SWISS MUSIC BOX For Dancing Original Balalaika Orchestra Cocktail Hour 4 to 6 Phone RE. 5970 CONNECTICUT AVE. & M ST.

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DENNY BECKNER AND DORIS, young bandleader and songstress of the Victory Room

Leo, Mayfair's astrologist, is engaged to Nancy Cegar, willowy blonde owner of the Cogar Kennels, down Alexandria way. Nancy is also a veterinary, has nursed White House canines back to health.

ON BANDSTANDS. Johnny Shaw of the Mayflower Lounge has added four new men to his band. They're Pianist-Accordionist Frank Coviello, who comes from the Earle

MUSIC-ENTERTAINMENT Jean La Rue—Dick Collins Bette Blue—Grace Pearson Noel & Trappe The Blue Bloods Cocktail Hour 4 to 6 400 LUNCH DINNER after Theatre 1425 F STREET OPEN TIL 1 A.M.

Good Mixing!

RESTAURANT "823" Come in for Delicious Food: Tip Top Cocktails and Fine Entertainment 823 15th Street N.W. OPEN TIL 2:00 A. M.

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New Show at Olmsted Club 1335 G ST. N.W. 01. 8235 FROM 10 P.M. TO 2 A.M. The Nation's Number One Sophisticated Entertainer

CONSUELO FLOWERTON Nationally Known AILEEN COOK HAL YATES Golden Voice of Radio and Stage

WEDNESDAY NIGHT. Singer Jean Lee will remain with the Bowersox crew.

BOND SALES ROLLED UP to \$2250 in about an hour at El Patio the other night. Adrian Rollini conceived the bright idea of making records of his numbers, as he played them, then giving them to the persons buying the most war bonds. The competition was terrific, indicated how Rollini records

will sell when the record making ban is called off. The stunt cannot be repeated, unfortunately, because of the impossibility of getting more record blanks. . . . Good bond selling news also comes from Restaurant "400", where every employee has subscribed.

KING COLE ROOM EVLYNN KNIGHT and BOB BREWER SINGERS

Don't Miss the ADRIAN ROLLINI TRIO VICKY VIGKEE The Blue noted voice of the Blue Room with her sultry songs. 8 to 9 and 9:15 to 1:45 DINNER—Liquors—Cocktails—very fine \$1.25 1311 13th St. N.W. RE. 5916

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THURSDAY LATE BANKING HOURS Beginning Thursday, September 30, and each Thursday thereafter all Washington banks will be open from 4 P.M. Until 6:30 P.M.

When any legal holiday falls on Thursday banks will be open on the next day from 4 P.M. until 6:30 P.M.

Late hours previously observed by local banks on other days will be discontinued. All banks will continue to open for business at 9:30 A.M.

This change in banking hours has been made in cooperation with the Area Office of the War Manpower Commission and has the approval of the Office of the Comptroller of the Currency, so that banking facilities may be available to Government employees and all who are engaged in essential war work and those who are unable to transact their banking business during regular banking hours.

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Arlington Trust Company Fridays, 4:00 P.M. to 6:30 P.M. Bank of Bethesda Fridays, 4:30 P.M. to 6:30 P.M. Citizens Bank of Takoma Park Mondays 5:00 P.M. to 7:00 P.M. Prince Georges Bank & Trust Co. Hyattsville, Md. Mondays, 4:30 P.M. to 6:30 P.M. Suburban National Bank Silver Spring, Md. Mondays, 5:00 P.M. to 7:00 P.M.

All above banks are members of Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation

Theater: Steel Guitarist Jack Norman who used to be at the Lounge Riviera; Saxist Leo Baum and Drummer Johnny Brown. Duke Ellington and Ella Logan are the favorite band and singer of Leader Ralph Hawkins of Crossroads. He parks at their spots whenever he visits New York. . . . Maestro Harold Nagel, now at the Carlton is a walking encyclopedia of information on Manhattan hotel entertainment policies. River Bend's George Stein opines he's a combo maestro-bus driver. He charis his band down to R. B. every night. . . . Jesus Martinez, leader at Copacabana, is the lone Mexican in an all-Porto Rican band. . . . Hi Hat's Jack Neal is camouflaged in a smart but gay gray suit with chartreuse stripes. . . . Henry Doye, all feather stitched up neatly by the surgeons, is back leading his Knights at the Neptune Room.

Advent of Durward Bowersox, highly gifted violinist, as leader of his own new band in the Dubonnet Room, will be the big event of

Wash. Post Washington's Most Picturesque Nite-Club RAY KING AND 12-PIECE ORCHESTRA Dinner • Supper Finest Mixed Drinks RE. 5076 Club Louisiana 11th & ST. WIS. AVE. N.W.

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The Federal Diary

By Jerry Klutts

300-Pound Prichard Was Too Big for Army

Edward Prichard, the 300-pound plus assistant to Economic Stabilizer Vinson, is no longer the biggest private in Uncle Sam's army. He has been discharged because of his overweight and bad legs. Prichard, who sought army service, spent most of his month at Fort Custer in the base hospital, he was slated for AMGOT if he had been able to complete his basic training. In Washington, he has the reputation of being one of the New Deal's youngest and most influential "brain-trusters." He'll probably be back soon in a Federal job.

Jame McCamy, one of the three top assistants to Milo Perkins at the old Board of Economic Warfare, is leaving for a job at the Budget Bureau. Rumor has it that Lazo, chief of the export division, as the next bigwig to move on. . . . Interior Undersecretary Abe Fortas plans to offer himself for enlistment in the army within the next two weeks. His deferment has a month to run. His wife, a Justice attorney, is debating an offer from a private firm at a big boost in salary. A Federal agency experimenting with a super-spaghetti to feed the Italians. The spaghetti would contain wheat and eggs and it would be vitamin-packed and a meal in itself. . . . The Agriculture personnel policy is being condensed and written up in a small booklet by S. E. Herrell, chairman of the personnel policy committee.

Office of War Information has written a story on the gas problem but it hasn't been able to get an okay from the Petroleum Administration for War. . . . The Government-controlled Virgin Islands Co., the makers of Government House Rum, have benefited from OPA price ceiling. In the spring it sold 50,000 gallons of green rum to a private buyer at 72 cents a gallon. Not long afterward the ceiling price was fixed at \$1.50 and 40,000 gallons were sold to a second buyer and it automatically made the first buyer a handsome profit. More recently, Schenley's purchased 60,000 gallons of the distilled rum at \$2.50. This purchase was one and two years old and in oak kegs. At Interior, it was said that Schenley's was to sell the rum to the Army for use outside the United States. No one seems to know what the Army finally had to pay for the rum.

James F. Mitchell, the able civilian personnel director of the Army Service Forces, has had a college degree conferred upon him. But he surely can't be proud of it as the college honor was bestowed by uninformed and suspicious Representative Paul W. Shafer, Michigan Republican, who said Mitchell was an alumnus of Harvard and a protégé of Justice Felix Frankfurter. The truth is—and the facts are easily available—that Mitchell is anything but a Harvard man. Mitchell started his career in the shops of Western Electric and worked his way into the company's personnel office. His college book-learning consisted of night courses at New York University in personnel and labor relations. He helped War Production Board set up its highly successful training within industry courses before Lieut. General Somervell made him his top labor man.

Federal agencies have been ordered to place all their employees who enter the military service on a leave without pay status. The order came from the Civil Service Commission. Many employees have been forced to submit resignations before they entered the service and they should make certain that they're now carried on leave without pay. It's to their interest as it makes a real difference under the Civil Service Retirement Act. If you're carried on leave without pay and if you're wounded or disabled physically you're entitled to an annuity under the Civil Service Act as well as from the Veterans' Administration. But if you're separated you can't get disability payments. Moreover, it's possible to get a greater retirement annuity if you're carried on leave without pay. Reemployment benefits, however, are the same no matter how you're carried.

As Undersecretary of State, Edward Stettinius will lay down policy to be followed by civilian agencies in overseas relations. Leo T. Crowley, as chief of the new Office of Foreign Economic Administration, will see that Stettinius' policies are carried out. The merger of Lend-Lease, the Lehman office, OEW, and State's old Office of Foreign Economic Coordination, will unquestionably mean a big shake-down in personnel, particularly among top people. The reorganization appears to be a victory for the Budget Bureau which has repeatedly recommended the consolidation. Further revamping steps are expected. OEW may lose its export division. The division was offered to WPB. Moreover, War Foods' authority over the foreign purchases of food may be transferred to Crowley.

Sinatra Loses Shirt in Bond Auction

New York, Sept. 26 (AP).—Frank Sinatra, the crooner, auctioned off his clothing, via mail, in a program over Radio Station WABC and the shirt went to a girl who bought a \$500 bond. Other bond purchases: Shoestrings, \$100; necktie, \$275; wrist watch, \$10,000; key chain, \$1500; shorts, \$1000. He didn't wear an undershirt or garters.

The Washington Post

MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 27, 1943 1B

Part of Crowd Getting Last View of 'Back the Attack'



It was "Standing Room Only" on last day of mighty Army show on the Monument Grounds

D. C. to Apply More Steam To Bond Effort

BOND, from Page 1.

Today is "Victory Fleet Day" and President Roosevelt urges Americans to buy an extra bond and thus become "a builder of ships." Tonight at 7:05 Mrs. Roosevelt will talk over the air on behalf of the drive.

Many persons will be enjoying free dinners at the Hot Shoppes between 5 and 9 p.m., having earned that right by purchase of bonds in any of the company restaurants. After their free dinner they may attend any one of several local theaters free, simply by putting their money in war bonds. They pay interest, and there is no better investment than the bonds of your own government. Purchases by big financial institutions prove that. When the men who manage these institutions put their money in bonds you know it is a good investment for you to make. When you really need your money you will get it back with interest.

"More important, these bonds in the hands of individual Americans will serve as a cushion against any shock which our national life may experience as we convert from a war economy to a peace economy. Foolish indeed is the man who when the sun is shining does not save money for a rainy day. As never before the sunshine of high wages and spendable income is being heard down throughout this land. Our national annual income is approaching the all-time high level of 150 billion dollars. "It is estimated that in the coming year after buying all available goods and services and after paying all personal taxes, individual Americans will have over 40 billion to invest or spend. If we spend this surplus money, bidding up prices in an effort to get more than our fair share of the available goods, it will be impossible to hold ceiling prices. We will make black markets. We will start an inflation spiral that will impoverish the people. "It is only common sense to invest a large portion of this 40 billion in war bonds and hold them for the rainy day. If, when the war is over, we have a business depression the bonds will insure you against want. If good times continue—as all of us hope—the bonds can be used to purchase those things which will make for a higher standard of living. "You cannot go wrong. You cannot lose. You can only profit by investing every spare dollar, in the bonds of your Government. It is the least sacrifice a patriotic American can make to help win the war."

Late yesterday, the Porto Rican American League, at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Renee Jones-Taylor of 2820 36th pl. nw., held a bond tea. Jones-Taylor's collection of 7500 pennies, collected during seven years, was turned in on a \$100 bond to Mr. Anna Hurwitz, whose direction, the Treasury announced, has resulted in more sales than under any one other woman in the entire country. The District Medical Society, 1718 M st. nw., today at 1 p. m. was scheduled to meet to map the remainder of its bond drive among local doctors. Dr. W. Calhoun Sterling is chairman. Henry Quinn, former president of the Bar Association, is to speak.

Nation's Bond Sales Exceed 13 Billions

BYRNES, from Page 1.

you are not keeping faith with those brave Americans who are fighting and who are making the supreme sacrifice in Italy, in New Guinea and on our far-flung battlefields.

"Buying bonds in itself is no sacrifice. Only when you deny to yourself everyday pleasures and comforts in order to buy bonds do you make any sacrifice. But then the sacrifice is only momentary, because in the long run you profit by putting your money in war bonds. They pay interest, and there is no better investment than the bonds of your own government. Purchases by big financial institutions prove that. When the men who manage these institutions put their money in bonds you know it is a good investment for you to make. When you really need your money you will get it back with interest. "More important, these bonds in the hands of individual Americans will serve as a cushion against any shock which our national life may experience as we convert from a war economy to a peace economy. Foolish indeed is the man who when the sun is shining does not save money for a rainy day. As never before the sunshine of high wages and spendable income is being heard down throughout this land. Our national annual income is approaching the all-time high level of 150 billion dollars. "It is estimated that in the coming year after buying all available goods and services and after paying all personal taxes, individual Americans will have over 40 billion to invest or spend. If we spend this surplus money, bidding up prices in an effort to get more than our fair share of the available goods, it will be impossible to hold ceiling prices. We will make black markets. We will start an inflation spiral that will impoverish the people. "It is only common sense to invest a large portion of this 40 billion in war bonds and hold them for the rainy day. If, when the war is over, we have a business depression the bonds will insure you against want. If good times continue—as all of us hope—the bonds can be used to purchase those things which will make for a higher standard of living. "You cannot go wrong. You cannot lose. You can only profit by investing every spare dollar, in the bonds of your Government. It is the least sacrifice a patriotic American can make to help win the war."

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ATTACK, from Page 1.

The great task force—fast-clicking and efficient—today is under orders for the units' various destinations, which must remain a military secret. The record attendance previous to the final day was on September 12, which incidentally was the 25th anniversary of the opening of the St. Mihiel drive by the First American Army in World War I, just as yesterday's record occurred on the anniversary of the Meuse-Argonne—September 26, 1918. Perhaps one of the most attractive features of the arena show has been the crack artillery detachment.

Hollywood Cavalcade Tops Billion in Bonds

Hollywood, Sept. 26 (MS).—The Hollywood Bond Cavalcade, which went on a coast-to-coast "bondstorming" tour, starting at the Washington "Back the Attack" show, to promote the Third War Loan drive, returned home today with \$1,874,568,819 in bond sales to its credit. Stars and other members of the Cavalcade rolled into the Glendale station aboard a 10-car special train painted red, white and blue. Their arrival ended a 21-day tour that had carried them to most of the Nation's key cities.

from Battery C, 277th Field Artillery, Camp Butler, N. C. Lieut. S. S. Jubelirer, commanding the detachment, said that 244 blank rounds had been fired during the arena performances from September 9 to 26.

Won in Competition

The unit, composed of 19-year-old selectees in the service since April 15, 1943, won the right to appear in "Back the Attack" in competition with 36 other batteries. The four artillery pieces used are 105-mm. howitzers. The antiaircraft battery of 90-mm. guns, used during the night arena shows, have fired 10 rounds of blanks each night of the performance.

Inspections for the 1600 personnel who make up the task force of the great show will be held today and units will be moved out immediately afterward, Lieut. Col. Frank T. McCabe, officer in charge, announced. Until the details of moving out the various exhibits, tons of ordnance, equipment, supplies and material, are completed, the public will be barred from the grounds. One of the last units to leave will be the Fourth Medical Regiment Band from Camp Pickett, Va., which throughout the entire show has played for the retreat ceremony and formal guardmount on the White House Guard, which has been a daily feature of "Back the Attack."

Cardello of the San Carlos Opera Co.; Charley Wells, former trumpeter with Sonny Dunham and Tommy Reynolds, Arthur Mineo, trombone player and stirring bass with Charlie Barnett; Paul Tremaine and Buddy Raye, Orland Gaspar, former saxophone player with Tony Pastor; Meyer Richman who was drummer for Will Osborne and Buddy Rogers; William Blevins, former drummer for Larry Clinton's band, and Napoleone Cerminera, trombonist, for Jan Savitt.

Another star in the Medical Corps Band is Bass Drummer John "Scotty" Gilmartin, who has played with many Scottish pipe bands in this country and abroad. Although most of the intensive work of the public relations office for "Back the Attack" has been concluded, both Maj. John H. Gallo, the show's public relations officer and John Gordon, civilian employee of the AAF, are yet on the grounds.

Man, 30, Seriously Injured by Auto

William Tittensor, 30, of 4611 14th st. nw., hit by an auto at Florida and Sherman aves. nw., was admitted to Casualty Hospital last night in a serious condition from a fractured skull and knee, police reported. The car, police said, was driven by James W. Buckner, 38, of 6200 31st st. nw. Tittensor was struck while crossing Florida ave., police reported.

At Government Girl Dance



SITTING ONE OUT—Left to right (seated) Miss Alice Cleveland, Sergt. John Brennan and Miss Irene Hall, chairman of publicity for the Government Girl Club. Standing—Corpl. Oliver C. Livingston and Mrs. Helen B. Ulrich, program director of the Government Girls. They are shown as they sat out one of the numbers at the dance held recently at the Hospitality Center at 16th and H sts. nw. Servicemen from Bolling Field and the Office of Strategic Services were guests at the dance.

Rev. Loewen Takes Post in Pennsylvania

The Rev. Marvin E. Loewen, 1002 Houston ave., Takoma Park, Md., has accepted a call to the presidency of the West Pennsylvania Conference of Seventh-Day Adventists. It was announced yesterday at Adventist world headquarters in Takoma Park.

He will succeed the Rev. L. H. King, who was recently elected president of the East Pennsylvania Conference. The Rev. Mr. Loewen came to Takoma Park from Chungking, China, two years ago after serving in west China as an evangelist and missions director for almost seven years. As a member of the Red Cross committee during the war, he distributed funds throughout all of unoccupied China. He made five trips with medicines from Shanghai to Kail Feng, passing through fighting lines to reach various hospitals and schools. Since his return from China, the Rev. Mr. Loewen has been in charge of the War Service Commission for the Columbia Union Conference of Seventh-Day Adventists. Mrs. Loewen, born in Korea, is the daughter of Mrs. Theodora Wangerin, who for 31 years was engaged in Adventist mission work there. The Loewens have an 8-year-old daughter, Marvlyn, born in Peking.

Postlude Gallery Film Music Suite Is Novelty

By Ray C. B. Brown

National Gallery of Art presents on Sunday night a concert by the U. S. Navy Band Orchestra, under the direction of Lieut. Charles Brendler, with Earl Wild as piano soloist. Program: Marche Heroique (Saint-Saens), Ballet Suite from "Swan Lake" (Chalkovsky), Perpetuum Mobile (Ries-Forte), Suite, "The National Gallery of Art" (Bales), Piano Concerto No. 1 in E flat major (Liszt), "Feux Follets" (Liszt-Weiner), "Grand Galop Chromatique" (Liszt-Burns).

If the National Gallery of Art charged admission to the weekly concerts in the east garden court, the SRO sign would have to be displayed every Sunday night. As usual, last evening, all available places were occupied at the appointed hour, and late comers had to stand or stroll within earshot in the adjoining rooms looking at paintings while they listened. On this occasion the concert was given by the United States Navy Band Orchestra, the meritorious group of young musicians directed by Lieut. Charles Brendler, who has just cause for pride in their performance. The novelty on the program was a suite from the music composed by Richard Horner Bales for the sound film, "The National Gallery of Art," which was shown three times yesterday in the auditorium—once in the afternoon for invited guests, and twice in the evening just before the concert. In his music, the young Alexandrian has accomplished with neat effectiveness a task that was not easy, for it is one thing to write a dramatic sequence and another to compose an integral score for a static subject. Integrity has been secured by the use of leading themes of salient character. The harmonic texture is modern and the colors of the scoring are brilliant. The concert opened with the sturdy "Marche Heroique" of Saint-Saens, which was followed by the suite from Chalkovsky's "Swan Lake" ballet and Forte's magnification of the violin piece, "Perpetuum Mobile," by Franz Reis. The last was performed by the first violin section in unison with notable precision. In the second part of the program Earl Wild was soloist in an excellent performance of Liszt's first piano concerto. He played the romantic work with a dashing style in the flamboyant passages and a singing tone in the poetically languishing moments. To close the program consistently, Lieutenant Brendler chose two arrangements of piano pieces by Liszt: "Feux Follets" and "Grand Galop Chromatique."

\$300 Theft Reported

Richard C. Kallans, manager of a Washington newspaper branch office, 2240 Pennsylvania ave. se., told police yesterday that a bag containing \$300 was stolen from under the front seat of his auto parked at L'Enfant sq. and Pennsylvania ave. Saturday night.

Twin Shifts Speed Center For Troops

Capitol Park Hotel Ordered Made Ready for Men By End of October

Maj. Gen. Philip B. Fleming, Federal Works Administrator, has issued orders that the former Capital Park Hotel must be ready for occupancy as a servicemen's center by the latter part of October and has authorized double work shifts wherever sufficient workmen can be obtained, it was announced yesterday.

The hotel is being converted into sleeping quarters in the vicinity of Union Station so that servicemen passing through the Capital can be accommodated with facility.

"The sight of servicemen sleeping on benches, in telephone booths and even on the hard floors of Union Station is something we cannot contemplate with indifference," General Fleming declared. "We are on our way to correct these conditions. It is little enough for men to whom we owe so much."

Rip Out Old Bar

Last week, wrecking crews were ripping out the old bar in the basement to make way for a lobby and checkroom for enlisted men, to be entered by a stairway leading down from the sidewalk. On the first floor, carpenters, plasterers, bricklayers and other workers were converting the lobby into an officers' lounge.

The stairway in the rear, directly opposite the entrance, is being sealed off by a brick wall so that servicemen may go from their checkroom to their lounge on the second floor and sleeping rooms on the second, third and fourth floors without having to pass through the officers' lounge.

Writing Room

The mezzanine floor, overlooking the officers' lounge, is being converted into a writing room. Around the railing will be draped the flags of the United Nations. Rooms have been set aside for visiting wives and children of servicemen. A nursery and emergency room also have been provided. It is estimated that the hotel will accommodate for overnight visits or naps of a few hours 250 to 300 enlisted men. Officers' sleeping quarters will be on the fifth, sixth and seventh floors and approximately 120 can be received each night. Furnishings are alike for officers and enlisted men except that a day bed will be placed in the enlisted men's rooms in addition to the beds with which they are already equipped.

The hotel parking lot was acquired along with the building and will be operated by a concessionaire, thus producing revenue for the Government. The center will be operated by Recreation Services, Inc. for the War Hospitality Committee for the District of Columbia.

City News In Brief

Stock of People's Drug Store at 14th and Columbia rd. nw., last night sustained heavy damage as the result of a two-alarm fire which originated in the cigar store-room and quickly spread along the 14th st. side of the shop.

At the time of the fire, 7:51 p. m., the store was filled with customers. Smoke was poured out of the basement and flames licked upward back of the show windows. The second alarm was sounded at 7:55 and all motorcycle police and several scout cars were ordered to the scene to handle traffic, which was tied up for an hour. The estimated damage did not extend beyond the store.

First Beauvoir Service

Students of the Beauvoir School, Mount St. Albans, will hold their first chapel service of the new term today at 9:30 a. m. in Bethlehem Chapel, Washington Cathedral. Canon William Curtis Draper will speak.

USO Talent Tryouts

A junior advisory committee of trained USO hostesses, organized last week at the USO Club operated by the Jewish Welfare Board at 16th and Q sts. nw., will launch a program of activities under their own management tomorrow night when 100 candidates meet at the club for talent tryouts. Mrs. Harold Levinson, senior adviser, and Miss Evelyn Iffish, junior entertainment chairman, will judge the candidates for talent in music, dancing and variety performances.

Philatelists to Meet

Delegations from the two committees representing France will be guests of the Collectors Club, Branch S. S. P. A., tomorrow at the Thomson Community Center, 12th and L sts. nw., at 8 p. m., when a program honoring the new commemorative stamp dedicated to France will be presented. An exhibition from many collections of French stamps will be displayed.

LET IT POUR!



SAFETY ZONE

By Ruth Gregory

Washington is a beautiful city. It probably has more trees and parks than any other city in the United States (don't quote us on this—it's our estimate out of the several cities we've seen). If you're wondering what this little eulogy has to do with the raincoats sketched, it's this—the greenness of Washington means heavy rainfall, means raincoats. And don't think Washington weather won't make up for this dry summer before the year is out.

You have to pay for your trees. But not too much, if you'll just accept the fact that it rains a lot and prepare yourself for it. Until such time as science is able to wrap raindrops in plastic cases so they won't splash, your best answer to Washington weather is to wrap yourself.

Here's an array of trim and serviceable raincoats to protect four generations from nasty weather. That first one is a wonderful, glossy fabric called paratroop twill (left over from our paratroops). It has a glistening satin finish that spells death to any raindrops trying to get intimate. A boxy, raglan-sleeved coat like this one is usually the first choice of girls who live in suits. This one is lovely in white (fine idea for wartime dim-outs). Also comes in black and in natural. (Misses' sizes, about \$17.)

We'd pick a dark shade for the teen-age girl—lighter colors soil easily and you know the snafu cleaning situation. This one in Navy is made out of a fabric called para-twill (close relation of the fabric in the first one). The satin finish is on the inside and the exterior has a poplin-like look. A sturdy coat with a little pork-pie hat to match. The coat is under \$14 and the hat about \$1.50.

Little girls won't have to be prodded into wearing raincoats, if they're like the cotton gabardine sketched, styled pretty much like the one her older sister wears, or like mother's. This little four-buttoned fly-front coat is available in sizes 3-10, and is about \$5.

Raincoats for the large woman aren't all over the lot—pretty much like the dress story. But we did find a good selection of the cotton gabardine style shown above in sizes 38-44. It's a comfortable raincoat and easy to wear. Comes in navy or brown and is about \$11.

It isn't the weather that we really grumble about. It's usually because we haven't prepared ourselves to face it.

For further information, please call National 4200, extension 324, between 9 p. m. and 5 p. m.

Your Figure, Madame!

By Ida Jean Keim

All this talk about feeding the liberated countries seems to make us uneasy. Perhaps we are apprehensive that sending food to a starving Europe might possibly mean a hungry America. Maybe it's just a suspicion that we're shipping a lot of foods that would make our mouths water. But have you ever heard anyone say, "My, I'm hungry for a good dish of soybeans?" The soyas will be a mainstay of the foreign relief menus.

Thanks to Dr. Helen S. Mitchell, I can give you a really authoritative picture of our foreign food planning. Dr. Mitchell is chief nutritionist for the transport division of the Office of Foreign Relief and Rehabilitation Operations. You can see why all that has been shortened to OFRO.

The western Europeans probably would not have the slightest idea of what to do with soybeans as such. So, along with other foods earmarked for these countries, they are being put into forms the people will know how to cook and will like to eat. People do better nutritionally when they like what they are eating. That not only makes sense but is good international policy.

Practically everybody over there seems to go for macaroni, spaghetti or noodles. They will get spaghetti because it takes the least shipping space, but it will be a new brand made with low-fat soybean flour and defatted wheat germ to step up the vitamin and protein content and make it more of a meal. Tastes fine, too!

There is a dehydrated soup, made of soybeans, split peas, dried skim milk, brewer's yeast and seasoning. Nobody would get very enthusiastic about any one of these foods. But they combine to make a tasty soup and one that is exceptionally high in protein and provides a big share of the other essentials needed

for the day. This type of soup will be sent to the countries where milk soups are liked. For the countries where a meat base is preferred, OFRO has invented a dehydrated vegetable stew, made of pre-cooked soybean grits, beans, peas, whole grains like barley, dehydrated vegetables, and yeast and meat seasoning.

Then, there is a cheese powder that can be turned into soup or sauce. Add three parts water and it's soup; two parts water, and it's sauce for vegetables.

So that Mrs. Europa Jones won't have any trouble with her cooking, the recipes have been printed in 12 different languages. I thought you home makers would be interested to know that.

We cannot afford to ship moisture or bulk and the foods must be spoilage proof. The dried milk, grains and beans and the dehydrated soups fill these requirements and are high in nutritive value. It has been worked out that a 2000 calorie allowance weighs approximately 20 ounces in the dried form—and that is food enough for a day.



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14



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W&L—Uniforms, Third Floor

Your Baby and Mine

By Myrtle Meyer Eldred

I hope I don't bore my readers when I remind them so often that without a full description of what is being done for the baby a rehearsal of symptoms may be misleading.

The same symptoms can mean so many things, depending on the baby's schedule and diet and treatment.

Mrs. A. F. writes, "My 6-month-old son weighs 21 pounds and is over 29 inches tall. He can sit up, pull up in his crib and walk holding on. Still he is such a cry baby."

Up to 3 months of age he was perfect. Since then we have all been miserable. He cries. I try to let him cry it out (don't do that)—but he is strong and can cry until he brings up his food. We attributed his crying to teeth, but even then he would stop if picked up. Now even that doesn't help.

He loves new things and new places, but I can't devote all of my time to him. He has a cradle gym, rattles, stuffed animals, but nothing interests him for long. I take him to a new place he is fascinated, but later gets bored. From 3 to 5 months he cried for two hours before he fell

asleep. Then he got some teeth and was good again, for a time. Now he stands up in bed and hangs on and cries. If we hold him down, he struggles but falls asleep in about three minutes. But that is a poor policy and I'd like to know a better one."

Far from being a poor policy, it is an excellent one. The advantage of sleeping bags or even cradle harnesses is that they keep a child lying down and he falls asleep. If he can stand up he won't lie down until he is exhausted.

If by sitting by his bed with your hand on his chest and singing or reading to him or telling him a rhythmic story you can calm him down and put him to sleep in 3 minutes, don't feel guilty. That's fine.

But the thing that would have helped me to see why he is so fretful would have been a detailed description of his whole day, hours of nap, feeding hours, amounts and kinds of food, everything.

Sometimes it is possible for an outsider to pick the flaw that you so close to him are unable to see. I don't find any of this "boring" as many readers seem to imply. It is the only way in which I can be most helpful to you. Tell me everything.

Our leaflet, "The Three Meal Schedule," is very satisfactory for these big well-fed children. It may be by sending a 3-cent stamped, self-addressed envelope with your request to Myrtle Meyer Eldred in care of this newspaper.

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When Baby Steps Out

on foot or on wheels,
clothes must be warm

Simple, practical coats and sweater sets, easy to get into, smart and light in weight. No heavy, bundle-some clothes for this year's debutante... no twice-daily battles with difficult fastenings and superfluous furbelows for young, young man.

Feminine Sweater Set with a tiny ruffled edge of white on heavenly pink or baby blue. All-wool sweater, slide-fastened all-in-one legging, bonnet and mittens, sizes 1 to 3. \$9.95

Very masculine, fly-front, balmacaan-type coat with raglan sleeves, plus the leggings, in camel-color fleece (properly labeled for fabric content), in sizes 1 to 3. \$16.95

Matching Eton cap with disappearing ear flaps. \$1.65

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Back the Attack Today with your EXTRA War Bonds to give our fighting men an EXTRA opportunity to shorten the days until Victory. Buy them at: Victory Booth and U. S. Post Office, First Floor; All Service Desks (except the First Floor).

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Mary Haworth's Mail

Wife Has Very Involved Story to Tell, Before Asking Whether She Should Leave Her Husband, Whose Sister Has Got Her Brother Into Trouble

DEAR MARY HAWORTH: I am 23 and have been married 18 months. I went with my husband six years before we married. We always had little arguments, caused by his family,—who often told him he would have to leave home or stop seeing me. It wasn't that they disliked me; it was just the idea of his having a girl that they opposed. He had gone around a lot with his mother before; and when he started going with me, she resented it.

Three years ago, my brother came home for a visit from the West Coast. He had been in the Navy and was just out, with a medal for four years' good conduct. He met my husband's sister Mary and took a liking to her. A few months later they were married,—and then the real trouble started. Mary is pretty but very conceited; and I can truthfully say she hasn't a friend outside her family. About the time they got married, my brother re-enlisted in the Navy; after which Mary (who never liked the idea of his being in the service) did all in her power to get him out.

Once, while on a trip to Boston, she persuaded him to overstay his leave by several days; and as they passed through New York to visit mother, Mary let slip that he was over-leave. Mother got terribly concerned and begged him to go back at once; but he and Mary got angry and left, saying they were not wanted. When my brother finally did go back, after two weeks, he was sentenced to a year in prison and broken down to the rank of plain seaman. It just about killed my mother. My brother had always been such a reliable boy before, and very well liked. He hardly seemed like the same person. Now, Mary has forbidden him to write to mother; and since he isn't man enough to stand up for his rights, he writes to her secretly, asking her not to let Mary know.

This story is poorly told, but the gist of it is: I dislike my husband's family and for good reason, I think. This is causing me to dislike my husband, too, for bothering with them. I don't want to be another Mary and forbid him to write them,—but he knows how much I dislike them. What I want to know is this: Should I continue my marriage? I am sure that even if I tried to, we can never get along. Please give me your advice.

Face Obvious Truths, In Forming Conclusion

DEAR A. A.: The whole picture you present is pretty much of a mess. It leaves a bad taste in the reader's mouth. And since you are firmly convinced that you never could achieve "a marriage of true minds" with your husband, no matter how faithfully you might try, your question—Whether to muddle along hopelessly in the unwholesome set-up, that is steadily refueled with background-bred friction as from a poison spring,—strikes me as a buck-passing sort of query. After considerable study of your letter, I believe I am persuaded that you should—and must—settle that question for yourself: letting your conscience, common sense and self-respect dictate the upright solution, from your point of view.

However, perhaps I can stimulate you to purposeful thinking by stating these obvious truths: 1. Your encroaching dislike of your husband reflects vanishing respect for all he stands for, in your eyes. 2. It is impossible for two persons to live together with any real benefit to either, when mutual respect is lacking. 3. The turn of events which has involved your family and his in a thickening turmoil of backbiting,—coming on top of their initial hostility to you,—was bound to affect your relationship profoundly; either by intensifying your loyalty to each other and thus obliging you to figuratively wash your hands of your immediate kin (on both sides) and leave them to their several fates; or by pitting you against each other as sullen feudists, emotionally championing opposite camps.

What Is Best for One Will Benefit the Other

4. Since your reaction involuntarily took the feudist turn, the fact must be honestly faced that your husband has as much provocation (by your logic) to dislike you and all you stand for, as you have to nurse a growing grudge against him,—and his. 5. Finally, the dominant instinct to put clan loyalty ahead of all other allegiances, which is a well-known facet of the essentially primitive personality, is really the nucleus of (a) your disgust with your husband, and (b) his stolid defiance of your feelings. And when this type of personality finds himself for herself in the kind of situation you describe, the only hope of relief for that person and others concerned is to get him bodily out of it.

Having got this far in sketching the major factors contributing to your wifely discouragement, it occurs to me that they begin to add up to a strong case in favor of dissolving the marriage. And if such should be your conclusion, too,—don't be afraid to act on it. The course that will be best for you will be best for your husband,—the long run, also.

M. H.

Miss Haworth will be glad to help you in solving your problems. Write her in care of The Post Woman's Page.

Martha Ellyn's Platter Chatter



Last of the Garden

The round-up of garden produce isn't far away. Already the frost has nipped some of the vegetables. There are always odds and ends of vegetables in the garden. But don't be guilty of disregarding these trailers of the season.

Whether you gather them from your victory garden or buy the produce at the market, you can make them into delightful food for the coming winter. Chili sauce, corn relish and run-of-the-garden pickles are all delightful additions to meals. The following recipes are zesty foods which will be appreciated when winter meals will need a few additions:

RUN-OF-THE-GARDEN PICKLES

Soak overnight 1½ quarts tiny cucumbers, 1 quart small, green tomatoes, quartered; 1 pint tiny pearl onions, 2 chopped sweet red peppers and 2 chopped green peppers in brine of 1 cup salt to 1 gallon water. Drain; cover with boiling water; drain. Cook separately 1 quart green beans, 1 pint lima beans, 1 pint tiny carrots and 1 head cauliflower in flower-ets in boiling, salted water until half cooked; drain. Combine 2 cups sugar, 8 cups vinegar, 4 tablespoons white mustard seed, 2 tablespoons celery seed and 1 package mixed pickling spices; boil; add all vegetables. Cook 10 minutes; pack in hot, sterilized jars; seal. This recipe yields six 1-quart jars.

CORN RELISH

Cook 9 medium ears corn in boiling water for 2 minutes. Remove, dip into cold water and cut grains from cob. Mix together 1 quart vinegar, 1 cup

sugar, 1 teaspoon salt, 1½ tablespoons dry mustard and 1 teaspoon turmeric. Heat to boiling and add 1 small cabbage, chopped; 2 medium white onions, chopped; 3 red peppers, seeded and chopped and 2 green peppers, seeded and chopped. Boil until vegetables are tender (20 to 30 minutes), stirring constantly. Pour into sterile jars and seal. Makes about 8 pints.

CHILI SAUCE

Mix together 1 gallon skinned chopped tomatoes, 2 cups of chopped onions, 2 cups chopped sweet red pepper, 1 pod hot red pepper, 1 cup sugar, 3 tablespoons salt, 1 tablespoon celery seed and 1 tablespoon mustard seed. Boil 30 minutes. Tie 3 tablespoons mixed spices in bag and add to vegetables. Continue boiling until very thick. Add 2½ cups vinegar and cook until there seems to be no more "free" liquid. Taste and add more seasoning if necessary. Pour, while boiling hot, into hot jars and seal at once.

Ration Points

SHOES—Coupon 18 extended indefinitely. Airplane stamp No. 1 in War Ration Book No. 3 valid November 1, good indefinitely.

SUGAR—Coupon 14, Book 1, good for 5 pounds through October 31, Stamps 15 and 16, good for 5 pounds each for canning purposes, valid through October 31.

MEATS-FATS—Canned milk, butter, margarine, lard, fats and oils, cheese and canned fish—Red coupons X, Y, Z and brown stamps A and B in War Ration Book No. 3, valid through October 2. Brown stamp C good through October 30.

PROCESSED FOODS—Canned and frozen vegetables, fruits, soups, juices, etc.—Blue coupons U, V and W valid through October 20.

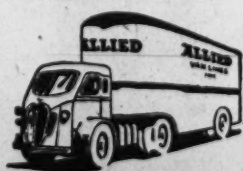
GASOLINE—Coupons A-F good for 3 gallons each, but must last through November 21. Coupons B and C, good for 2½ gallons each, expire according to date indicated in individual books.

FUEL OIL—Coupon 5 good for 10 gallons until September 30. Period 1 coupons in new ration sheets are also valid.

STOVES—All new domestic heating and cooking stoves designed to burn coal, wood or gas were rationed after August 24, 1943. Consumers will make application to their local boards for stove-purchase certificates. No new rationed stoves may be transferred without the surrender of a stove certificate.

LONG-DISTANCE MOVING

"Around the corner or around the world move by van." Allied Van Lines for domestic removals, Security steel lift vans for overseas removals.



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Respiratory Ills Spread Through Air

By Logan Clendenen, M.D.

We are entering the period of the year when the most serious national health problem always arises—that of the infectious and contagious respiratory diseases. In earlier days of the republic there was no let-up in health problems—it was dysentery in the summer and pneumonia in the winter. But better methods of prevention—refrigeration and better, and especially cleaner methods of preparation of food have eliminated the summer problem, and we have only the winter problem of respiratory infection.

Why should these respiratory infections be more common in the winter? The easy answer is to say, "Cold and damp." There is some relationship between the chilling of the body surface and susceptibility of infection of the nose, throat, bronchial tubes and lungs. Well, undoubtedly that is partly true, but only partly.

Other and more important factors are that we are indoors more in the winter, we are in closer contact with each other, in schoolroom, and in office and factory the windows are apt to be closed, there are no electric fans going to change the atmosphere and so on.

There has been a great deal of intensive research in the last ten years or more on the dynamics of air-borne infection. It is now generally conceded that respiratory disease is spread by droplet infection. The germs that cause the respiratory diseases are light and float for long periods in the air.

A person with a cold sneezes or coughs and there is a spray into the atmosphere that is astonishing when photographed, as was done by Turner and his fellow workers at the Massachusetts Institute of Technology. Most of the droplets are small and the moisture quickly evaporates, leaving the germ in the center to hang in the air for hours, alive and ready to do business.

In all hospitals today cases of pneumonia, etc., are curtailed off so as to prevent droplet infection from getting into the room. The attendants and the patient, unless he is too sick, are required to wear a gauze mask over the nose and mouth. If we could persuade every cougher and sneezer this winter to put a handkerchief in front of his mouth or nose whenever he feels inclined to indulge, at least indoors, we could do much to cut down the high incidence of winter disease.

"Mastery of the Air" is the motto of the respiratory hygienist, as it is of the aviation corps.



The best method of sterilizing the air of an office or hospital ward is by ultra-violet radiation. Chemical methods by spray are not very effective, and are likely to be irritating.

The Commonwealth Fund has granted the University of Pennsylvania a research endowment for the study of air-borne infection. The studies there indicate that the spread of infection depends on deficiency of air supplied. So, when the fresh air feed opens the window in the office and someone shouts, "Do you want to give me my death of cold?" he may well reply, "No, I want to give you your life free of pneumonia."

The ultra-violet radiation of movie houses, offices, schoolrooms and factory rooms at night may come into use as a hygienic requirement.

Graham Crackers Named After 19th Century Crusader

Almost every housewife knows of hundreds of ways to serve and use the ever popular graham crackers, but few know how they got their name.

It all dates back to the early 1800's. At that time, a young reformer from West Sheffield, Conn., started a crusade against alcoholism. In a series of lectures, he maintained that if sufficient amounts of certain foods were incorporated in the daily diet, the desire for intoxicating beverages would soon disappear.

Among the foods which he claimed would effect this change was a bread made from whole wheat flour, unbolled and coarsely ground. As a result of intensive efforts, this young man finally was able to overcome ridicule and opposition. He acquired a large and enthusiastic following and millers began barreling the flour which was called graham, after the crusader, Sylvester Graham.

Whether or not bread made from graham flour had any value in the prevention of alcoholism is still a question for debate. In the form of crackers, however, the graham... flavor has won universal approval and has become firmly established as a health food. Through the efforts of Graham, the way was paved for the present theory that biscuits and crackers, as well as bread, are valuable in satisfying hunger and are one of the most important sources of energy which is so necessary to good nutrition.

Nowadays, graham crackers are considered a staple item and are available everywhere. They are inexpensive and unrationed—important factors in the war time food scheme. Served with milk, graham crackers are an ideal snack for children, housewives, war workers, or anyone who needs quick energy between meals.

The Gentler Sex

By Melvina Lindsey

'Wasting Time' at School

Something, it seems, is to be said for the boys and girls who won't go back to school this year. Might they not be wasting their time at high school and college in view of the curricula offered them? The question is raised by a correspondent who doesn't think school courses are keeping up with the needs of the times and that students are developing an emotional reaction against them.

It's not only the lure of high wages and the desire to help win the war that is keeping youth away from school this fall, she believes, but rather a feeling of futility that school gives its students, largely because it seems so unrelated to the problems of their daily lives. While agreeing with this column's recent advice to students to give up their jobs and complete their educations, she thinks high schools are lagging current needs.

"Unless high school study has changed a great deal in the last 11 years," she comments, "most of it is a ragged remnant of medieval education brought up to date by the addition of required 'economics' and of business courses for those who wish to take them." She points out that during the last depression "the magic words 'high school graduate' did not open many doors to work. 'If you had a college diploma you might have gotten a job as an elevator operator,' she observes.

Calls High School Grind Futile

"Education must be improved if democratic—that is, decent society is to survive," she writes. "Our present system tends to turn out semi-educated 'gentlemen' plus a few stenographers and bookkeepers. What we need if we hope to grow up as a democratic nation—not to say world power—is an enlightened and intelligent public. The schools could do much more than they do in turning out such a public.

"I see no evidence to indicate that the high school curriculum has changed materially since I was a victim. At that time in New York City the schools taught economics, all about supply and demand, rent, business cycles, etc. They did not teach anything about consumer economics or 'buyership,' how to be truly economical (as opposed to cheap) how in short to make use of your assets. They taught English, including sentence structure and paragraphs, but left most of the students in the dark as to how to write a letter home. Literature was an obstacle course involving prayerful study of tough masterpieces. Most of those who dragged through it have never read a book for enjoyment and never will.

"In hygiene girls were taught that lipstick could be poisonous and was not ladylike, but were not taught to apply it correctly, which would have been more to the point. Indeed which I see the youngsters who parade through the streets of Washington in skirts that are short in front and shorter behind and that waggle like a bunny's tail with every step, and with faces made up in the best imitation of a fille de joie. I am not surprised that some of them get taken advantage of by their men co-workers. I believe that a realistic course in high school including a com-

plete discussion of etiquette not as a set of rules to be memorized but as a means for avoiding uncomfortable situations would be of help.

Why Students Prefer to Work

"Education is bound to lag behind society, since it is intended to preserve that society. It seems to me that the people of this country are aware in a dim sort of way of the fact that the educational lag is at present too great. I think the high school students are surely aware of it, if only emotionally. I believe that their awareness is one of the more important reasons why they are staying away from school in droves."

This comment is apt in view of some of the arguments now going on concerning postwar education. One of these is the liberal arts versus technical training discussion. An offshoot from that is the cultural versus domestic arts for girls' controversy.

That we face living in a scientific technological world is certain. But we also face the obligation of preserving our culture and making our social and political institutions keep pace with man's needs. Otherwise our technological world may destroy us. That women need more specialized training to become wives and mothers is evident. But they also need more general cultural education for citizenship and for training future citizens. Some way of reconciling all these needs may be found by the already harried educators who are al-

ways the whipping boys when anything goes wrong.

It is a general trait of students to feel their education is a failure unless it is of a very concrete nature. Only those who miss a formal education ever overemphasize its importance. But the correspondent's point that general cultural studies should be presented in such a way that they have more relation to the students' lives is well taken. However, that is largely a matter of having a Mark Hopkins for a teacher. And Mark Hopkins are very scarce now in the educational world.

Avoid Wasting Heated Water, Save on Fuel

No American will waste heat these days when he realizes the thousands of man-hours of work spent in producing coal and oil and the many precious car-miles of rail transportation used in shipping the fuel.

In summer, hot water represents the greatest fuel loss in our homes. In addition to the obvious saving of never drawing more water than necessary, homemakers are advised to keep the temperature of the automatic water heater at 125 degrees. If the thermostat can be adjusted easily, it's a good idea to turn it up on wash day.

The regular heating season will be here soon and summer is the time to make certain that heating equipment uses fuel economically and that homes are well insulated.



Camp Maternity Support

You're bound to feel and look better in a Camp maternity garment, designed to support without pressure, protect muscles from undue strain and give your figure a trim look. Sizes 25 to 36.

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front laced for short figures

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back laced for tall figures

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• Right for work or play—

the easygoing comfort of

'Sportster'
Genuine Moccasins

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Brown Elk, Women's

Sizes 4 to 9, AA-C



• Smart girls everywhere are answering the Call to Action... school, work or play... in these moccasin-built shoes that are flexible as can be, yet made so sturdily they wear and wear. They keep their polish beautifully, too!

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DANCING

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NO COVER CHARGE

Washington 'Duration' Resident Does Radio Publicity for OCVD

Mrs. Theodora Ives Messenger, Formerly of Buffalo Seeks Staff for New Service Center

"Wanted, at once, 1000 men and women for volunteer work at the new United Nations Service Center . . . You've been hearing this call on your radio frequently for the past few weeks and you'll continue to hear it until October, when the ambitious new center for servicemen opens at the old Capital Park Hotel near Union Station. That's the plan according to the up-and-coming young woman responsible for these broadcasts, Mrs. Theodora Ives Messenger of the Office of Civilian Volunteer Defense.

Chairman of radio publicity for OCVD, brown-eyed Mrs. Messenger is another "duration" resident of Washington who has entered the field of volunteer war work. For the past year and a half, she and her committee have done the radio end of a recruitment program that has placed volunteers in approximately 78,000 jobs.

Knows How To Sell The Public

Selling the public on a new idea is a subject that Mrs. Messenger can approach with the eye of experience and knowledge. A graduate of Swarthmore College, she is a stylist by profession and for several years before coming to Washington was a well-known figure in the field of merchandizing in her native Buffalo.

The streamlined technique of putting across a new fashion has something in common with that used in her present job, she explains. "The idea is to set the seed of an idea in a prospective volunteer's mind by repeated calls; explain the cause and effect, and before you know it the idea catches on."

At present Mrs. Messenger is most interested in reaching Washington's male population with the idea of nightwork at the United Nations Service Center. For the first time the city is to have a place where servicemen and their families may stay overnight; where wives of soldiers arriving in Washington to see their husbands for a few hours between trains may find quarters close to the station; and where, most revolutionary of all, they may safely leave their youngsters for a few hours at the "Baby Parking Center."

Committee Needs 500 Men

To staff this enterprise, on a 24-hour basis, the War Hospitality Committee of the District has asked for 500 men, and the quota is on the way to being filled, according to Mrs. Messenger, who with her husband did a joint shift each Saturday night at the Union Station Lounge. "He was all for it, once he got started," she explains. "But, like most men, he had the idea that canteen work is for women only."

The Messengers, Mr. and Mrs., are making their home at the Dorchester, while he is in town on a war job. The only child in the household, a son, is in school in Philadelphia.

The Cuthbertsons Entertain at Farewell Fete

Since farewell parties for and by departing diplomats and officers seem to be the order of the day, the late afternoon fete at which Squadron Leader and Mrs. Geoffrey Cuthbertson entertained Friday was very much in keeping with the current social pattern.

For the past few months they have occupied the Eliot Wadsworth home at 2416 Tracy place, the house which incidentally was once the Finnish Legation. Now, however, the Wadsworths are moving back, and Squadron Leader Cuthbertson has orders to return to England. Mrs. Cuthbertson will move to the Sulgrave Club on October 1, remaining there about a week. Later she will go on to New York for an extended stay.

Among guests invited to their 8:30 o'clock farewell party were several members of the British Embassy and a number of other diplomats, officers and members of residential society.

Lieut. Coppola and Bride on Trip

Honeymooning on the Gulf of Mexico, after which they will make their home in Leesville, La., are Lieut. Francis J. Coppola and his bride, the former Miss Catherine Ann McAllister. The wedding ceremony took place here a week ago Saturday in the Holy Name Church, with the Rev. James A. Caulfield officiating.

The bride, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Joseph McAllister, was given in marriage by her father. She wore traditional white satin and carried a white prayerbook. Miss Helen McAllister, Miss Betty McAllister, Mrs. Moira Wiblethausen, Miss Lois McNeill, Miss Mary Dougherty, Miss Diane Wiblethausen and Frank Wiblethausen were attendants. Nicolò Coppola, brother of the bridegroom, was best man. James McAllister, Henry Coppola and Stuart Nuckols were ushers. A reception at the Admiral Club followed the ceremony.

The bridegroom is the son of Mr. and Mrs. Frank Coppola of East Douglas, Mass., and attended George Washington University.

Bride of Yesterday



MRS. JOHN BYRD JAMES

Adelaide Trueman Is Bride Of Sergt. John Byrd James

Miss Adelaide Virginia Trueman, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Reginald C. Trueman, and Sergt. John Byrd James, USA, son of William C. James and the late Mrs. James, were married yesterday at the Anacostia Methodist Church. The service was read at 4:30 o'clock by the Rev. Frank Y. Jagers in a setting of palms and a variety of white autumn flowers.

The bride was given in marriage by her father. Her gown was of white satin made with a high neckline of Alencon lace, long sleeves and a long circular train. Her veil of illusion was held in place with a tucked halo and orange blossoms. She carried a shower bouquet of white roses and baby's breath.

Mrs. Franklin C. Green, sister-in-law of the bride, who was matron of honor, wore a gown of pink faille with a fitted bodice, sweetheart neckline and bracelet length sleeves. Miss Florence Mae Trueman, sister of the bride, who was maid of honor, wore a gown of gold faille made on the same lines as that of the matron of honor. They both carried bouquets of pink asters.

Other attendants were: Mrs. Robert Burns, sister of the bridegroom; Mrs. James V. Dice, Miss Florence Palmer and Miss Frances Selby. They wore gowns

of orchid faille in similar style to those of the matron and maid of honor and Juliet cape with a ruffle of tulle. They carried bouquets of orchid and pink asters. Barbara Lee Hamby was flower girl and wore a frock of white taffeta with a full skirt. She wore a wreath of baby's breath and fern in her hair and carried a miniature shower bouquet of daisies.

Serving as best man was Crawford C. Edwards and the ushers were Howard James, brother of the bridegroom, Franklin C. Green, brother of the bride, Joseph Edelen Webb, Robert Burns, brother-in-law of the bridegroom, and Donald Mohler.

For her going away costume, the bride chose a suit of green gabardine with brown accessories and a corsage of orchids.

Purely Personal

The Minister of South Africa and Mrs. Ralph W. Close have returned from Hot Springs, Va., where they spent three weeks.

Carlos Campbell, Commercial Counselor of the Chilean Embassy, is in New York for a few days' stay.

Gen. George C. Dunham will be host at luncheon on Friday for a group of newspapermen from Panama, Guatemala and Honduras, who are visiting this country at the invitation of the Office of the Coordinator of Inter-American Affairs. The visitors will arrive in Washington tomorrow. They will be honor guests at a cocktail party to be given by the Honduran Ambassador and Senora de Caceres Tuesday afternoon, and a similar fete on Wednesday afternoon at which the Ambassador of Panama and Senora de Jimenez will be hosts.

Mr. and Mrs. Robert Sherrod are spending a few days in New York at the Sherry-Netherland Hotel.

Mrs. Harry Kingman of Berkeley, Calif., has arrived in the

Capital for a visit. She is the house guest of Mr. and Mrs. Robert Brady.

Mrs. Irene P. Harris has returned to her home on Devonshire Place after a visit at Pocono Manor in the Pocono Mountains. Others from Washington, who are still vacationing at the resort are Mr. and Mrs. George E. Fleming, Miss Blanche Halbert and Miss Elizabeth Dean.

Mr. and Mrs. Allan Cunningham entertained at a cocktail party on Friday in their apartment in Somerset House. The fete was in honor of Col. and Mrs. Patrick Powers, who came from New York to enter their daughter, Barbara, in Helton Arms School.

Mrs. Rose Potzler has selected October 20 as the date of her wedding to Clarence Springmann. The wedding will take place at St. Gabriel's Church at 9 o'clock in the morning with the bridegroom's father, the Rev. Louis Springmann, officiating. Among the parties for the bride-elect was the shower at which Miss Virginia Dellinger entertained recently.

Christmas Gifts

For Service Men and Women

Utility case of O. D. or Blue duck has a carrying strap and handy slide fastener; will stow a lot of necessities. \$1.50.

Toilet bag, well-filled and with a place for everything; drawstring top. O. D. or Blue, \$5. \$7.50 or \$10.

Shoe shine kit with cinch strap; O. D. or Blue with brush, polish and shine cloth for inspection, \$2.

Leather utility case in compact size, slide fastener top; equipped for light travel orders. \$3.75. \$7.50.

Sewing kit with buttons and thread in regulation service colors, needles and pins, and a card of sock yarn. \$1.50. \$2. Leather, \$2.50.

Tobacco pouch of soft leather, \$2.75 up. A silk one, \$1.25.

Cowhide cigarette cases to hold twenty; flap top closing. \$2.75.

Wallets of fine leather with a "card index" for him. \$1 and up.

Saddle-stitched leather utility kit, a good size to hold everything and water-proof lining to "keep the powder dry." \$6.50.

Pipes that he'll spin smoke dreams on. \$2.50 and up.

Stitched comb and file cases of leather with separate pockets. \$1.

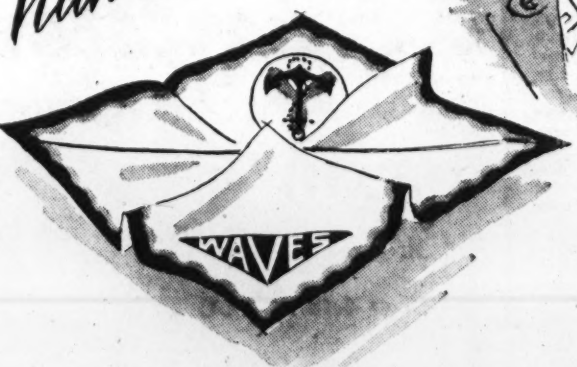
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Julius Garfinckel & Co.

F Street at Fourteenth

WAVE

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Color border of the "breakers," propeller and anchor motif in one corner, proud name of the WAVES in the other on a fine white cotton handkerchief. Stow away a dozen or so in the duffle of your favorite WAVE. 50c each.

Handkerchiefs, First Floor

Julius Garfinckel & Co.

F Street at Fourteenth

Also at Spring Valley Shop, Massachusetts Avenue at 49th

Beauty and Comfort While You Wait . . .

Dora Miles Custom-Fitted FOUNDATIONS

Utmost in comfort and the neat, trim figure you want, because Dora Miles' garments are fitted while you are relaxed, and so you know comfort in any position . . . sitting, standing, walking and at work. After your proper fitting, the seams will be permanently stitched so that the garment becomes a custom-fitted foundation . . . a foundation perfect for any figure.

Dora Miles' figure analyst is here to assist with your careful fitting

Corset Shop, Fifth Floor

Julius Garfinckel & Co.

F Street at Fourteenth

BACK THE ATTACK WITH EXTRA WAR BONDS

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SILVER FOX Collars

A heavenly collar, like black velvet inches deep and sprinkled with snowflakes. Sink into it up to your earrings, drop it back off your shoulders with lavish gesture. A proud coat to wear proudly. Winter wonderland blue wool with a neat trick of curved tucks to make it slimmer, to conceal pockets. \$139.95, tax extra.

Beautiful Coats, Third Floor

Julius Garfinckel & Co.

F Street at Fourteenth



Aiding Current Community War Fund Drive



The Navy and Marines pitch in to aid the campaign for solicitation of advance gifts for the Community War Fund Drive, to get under way next month. Lieut. Louise Stewart, USMC, and Lieut. Thomas B. Satterwhite, USNR, are shown receiving instructions for conducting the drive.

First Football Game of Season At Annapolis Attracts Visitors

Many Residents Entertain House Guests Over Weekend; Informal Parties Given

Annapolis, Md., Sept. 26.—The opening football game of the season at the Naval Academy yesterday has brought many out-of-town visitors to Annapolis to see the midshipmen pit their strength against the North Carolina Navy pre-flight football team. Most of the Navy people on the station are entertaining house guests over the weekend, and there will be the usual number of luncheons and dinner parties to make things gay for the visitors. "Hop girls," too, are in town in large numbers as guests of the midshipmen.

On October 2 the midshipmen's varsity eleven will play the football team of Cornell University, in Baltimore.

War bonds worth as much as \$1000 were paid for tickets to the senior dance held Friday night in the Carvel Hall ballroom under the sponsorship of the women's division of the County War Bond Committee. Nearly a hundred couples bought war bonds from \$25 ones up to attend the dance, the first of two sponsored by the organization. Mrs. William D. Clatanoff, of the Junior Women's Club, was chairman of the committee in charge.

Mr. and Mrs. Clement Stover, of Lynbrook, Long Island, announce the marriage of their daughter, Miss Phyllis Stover, to Ensign Charles Shuford Swift, USN, on Sunday September 12. Ensign Swift was regimental commander of midshipmen preceding graduation, this past June at the Naval Academy, and was captain of the wrestling team. He is the son of Mr. and Mrs. William Swift, of San Leandro, Calif.

The marriage of Miss Doris H. Harnes and Roy Harnes, to Lieut. Carlton Kay Perkins, Marine Air Corps, of Brownsville, Tex., took place Saturday afternoon, September 18, in the Naval Academy Chapel, with Chaplain William N. Thomas officiating.

Immediately following the ceremony a small reception was held for members of the immediate families and intimate friends at the home of the bride's uncle and aunt, Mr. and Mrs. Chris B. Nelson. The bride and groom are spending a two weeks' honeymoon at Dumfries, Va.

Mrs. Clyde R. Robinson has left for her Washington home after a visit with Mrs. Laurence T. DuBois, at Weems Creek.

Capt. and Mrs. Edward Ewen and their daughter, Miss Peggy Ewen, have left Annapolis. Capt. Ewen has gone to Washington, and Mrs. Ewen to their home at Pinehurst, N. C., where Capt. Ewen will join her at intervals. Miss Ewen is attending Holton Arms School, Washington, D. C. Lieut. Comdr. and Mrs. John L. Chew and their daughter, Jacqueline, who recently arrived here, are staying at the home of Lieutenant Commander Chew's mother, Mrs. J. L. Chew, of Southgate ave., until their quarters are ready. Lieutenant Commander Chew will be on duty at the Naval Academy.

Mr. and Mrs. Sylvanus Stokes, jr., entertained at a cocktail party Sunday, September 19, at their home, White House Farm, near Annapolis.

Mrs. Thomas S. Iglehart has returned to Annapolis from Ocean City, Md., where she spent a week at the Commander Hotel. Mrs. Iglehart was accompanied by her son-in-law and daughter, Capt. and Mrs. Kenneth H. Noble, of Washington, D. C.

On Brief Vacation
Col. and Mrs. H. Pfeil of Washington are at the Ambassador Hotel in New York for several days.

Envoy's Son Aids Allied Cause By Novel Method

The spirit of American enterprise has invaded the soul of young Amr Hassan, son of the Egyptian Minister and Mme. Hassan.

During his long summer vacation at Hot Springs, Va., with his parents, Amr was inspired to do something for the war effort, and incidentally learn the ways of the American business man. At The Homestead, the guests following British custom, put their shoes in the corridor outside their rooms every evening, to be picked up by an attendant and polished. The Egyptian envoy's son wishing to alleviate the help shortage, took over the job. When his mother discovered what he was doing she remonstrated with him.

"But I am helping the Allies," said Amr. And Mme. Hassan, not wishing to discourage this noble desire, asked only would he please not accept tips for his war effort. "But I'm earning my living," was the retort. And so what could be the answer to that? There wasn't any.

Miss Bowen Engaged to Mr. Waldron

Mrs. Monica Bowen of Eastbourne, Sussex, England, announces the engagement of her daughter, Anne Pamela, to William Augustus Waldron, son of Mr. and Mrs. Charles Newman Waldron, of Union College, Schenectady, N. Y. The wedding will take place in October.

Miss Bowen attended the Downs School, Seaford, and Queen's College, London. She engaged in war work in London until May, 1941, when she came to Washington on the staff of the Royal Air Force delegation.

Mr. Waldron attended the Taft School and Union College. He is a graduate also of the Harvard Law School, and at present is serving as assistant to the chairman of the National War Labor Board.

The Princess, who is a first cousin of Crown Princess Martha of Norway, is a partner of Erik of Paris, and is in Washington for a showing of Erik hats.

To Be October Bride



MISS SUZANNE KAPPLER.

whose parents, Mr. and Mrs. Charles Joseph Kappler have announced her engagement to Lieut. (j.g.) James E. Palmer, jr., USCGR, son of Commissioner and Mrs. James E. Palmer. The wedding will take place next month at the All Souls Memorial Episcopal Church.

Berlin Radio Calls Naples Wrecked City

Naples, its picturesque harbor in ruins and all its factories smashed to rubble by Allied bombers, is the only city of more than one million inhabitants in the world to be completely cut off from the outside world, the Berlin radio said yesterday, quoting Transocean's war correspondent, Gustav Weber.

Air attacks have dealt "such very hard blows to Naples that the city and especially its harbor have lost their importance even to the adversaries interlocked in battle less than 7 miles to the south," Weber said.

"There are no more railway connections," he added.

"The sirens are continuing to screech day and night," he related, "but the inhabitants, who used to be seized by frenzied fright whenever an air alert sounded, are apathetic today. The underground stations and subterranean tunnels, in which four weeks ago tens of thousands were crammed night after night, are now empty."

"There are only four restaurants open in the city."

Weber said there was "some shooting in various parts of the city, especially near the central railway station" on September 8 and 9 and that "huge military depots in the city were ransacked by civilians in the night time so that the German military commander had to take stern measures."

"A few days ago," he added, "Italian soldiers had to make use of firearms in order to defend a big tobacco store against a huge mob."

The population is "cold" toward German soldiers, Weber declared, but after September 9 many people have again become "honest Fascists."

Mrs. Palmer Dies In San Antonio; Funeral Here

Mrs. Resolve Potter Palmer, wife of Colonel Palmer and descendant of a family of military renown, died yesterday in San Antonio, Tex., relatives here have learned. Funeral arrangements at Arlington National Cemetery will be announced later.

When Carol Dunkin, her husband, Brig. Gen. Frank R. Keefer and Frederick S. Foltz, live in this city, Colonel Palmer was stationed here at various times in his military career.

The granddaughter of Brig. Gen. John M. Wilson, who was chief of engineers and superintendent of the United States Military Academy, Mrs. Palmer is survived by her husband, two daughters, and one son, Cadet Dunkin Palmer of West Point.

Government Has Position Open for Social Scientist

The Civil Service Commission announced yesterday that social scientists or historians with special applications will be accepted through October 4. Positions as historical specialist pay from \$3165 to \$7128 a year.

Young women may continue to apply for student nurse appointments in St. Elizabeths Hospital. Appointees receive quarters, subsistence, laundry, medical attention and \$288 a year, in addition to Federal overtime pay. Applicants must be at least 17 years old and a written test is given.

Information and application forms for the positions may be obtained from the commission's information office, 801 E. st. n.w. Federal appointments are made in conformity with War Manpower Commission policies and employment stabilization plans.

Alfred Norris Funeral Rites To Be Wednesday

Funeral services for Alfred Taylor Norris, 60, of Seat Pleasant, Md., will be held Wednesday at 11 a. m. at Chambers funeral home. Burial will be in Cedar Hill Cemetery.

Mr. Norris died yesterday at Sibley Memorial Hospital after a three-week illness. A native of Tennessee, Mr. Norris came to Washington on his appointment to the Department of Agriculture where he worked for 25 years. At the outbreak of the war, he went to work at the Navy Yard. He is survived by his wife, two sons, Thomas Leroy and James Norris, and three daughters, Mrs. Robert Rouse, Mrs. George Johnson and Miss June Norris, all of the Washington area. Also surviving is a brother, Frank Norris of Tennessee.

Lord Beaverbrook May Accompany Eden to Moscow

London, Sept. 26.—Prime Minister Churchill is considering sending Lord Beaverbrook, newly appointed lord privy seal, on a special mission to Moscow in the coming moves to achieve a lasting Anglo-American settlement with Russia.

Foreign Secretary Anthony Eden is going to Moscow at the beginning of October, and Beaverbrook might be his associate at the three-power conference.

Beaverbrook is said to favor recognition of Russia's claim to a western frontier, including Estonia, Latvia, Lithuania, eastern Poland and Bessarabia, with the Soviet Union, and acknowledging Russia's right to certain other measures of security.

Girls' Appeal to Mary Haworth Wins Center for Young People



The group responsible for the new recreation center; left to right, Mrs. Erwin Wade, Mayor Harry A. L. Barker, Mrs. Anne Cullen, Mrs. Eola Barker, Russ Cullen and Mrs. William P. Starr.



Some of the "teen-agers" enjoying the dance under tutelage of Mr. and Mrs. Cullen.

By Philip Austensen
Post Staff Writer

Plaintive appeal to Mary Haworth they have succeeded in eliminating the wallflowers almost entirely. Another young couple, Mr. and Mrs. Erwin Wade, also volunteered to aid the work.

When the "teen-agers" heard of the center they flocked in. The adults kept in the background and allowed the younger set to operate the center pretty much as they wished but stood ready to give advice and to step in whenever it appeared necessary.

Highlight in Week
The gatherings are proving a highlight in the week's program for the youngsters, whose ages range from 13 to 18 and who otherwise would, as the three girls wrote, "spend our evenings in idling." The trio attend the weekly socials.

The young people have formed a club, which as yet has not been named, although "The Mary Haworth Club" is leading in the discussion of names, with the "Josephine Starr Club" also a leading contender. Rules have been promulgated and are enforced by the members.

Other communities have become interested in the plan, which has operated with practically no expense, and Mrs. Starr is receiving many requests for information. She points out, though, that the plan won't work "if stuffy adults try to run things their own way instead of allowing the young people to do their own planning."

Mayor Provides Room
The mayor was so deeply affected that he gave permission for use of the town council room over the Riverdale Firehouse as a center where Saturday night gatherings could be held. Mrs. Barker also took an interest.

Soon afterward, a young couple who live nearby, Mr. and Mrs. Russ Cullen, heard of the problem and offered to devote their Saturday nights to instructing the boys and girls in dancing. Both are excellent dancers and in a few weeks

Takoma Park Housewife Wins Home Canning Sweepstakes

Mrs. Theodore Ruhoff, 401 Carroll ave., Takoma Park, Md., won the sweepstakes in the display of home-canned goods at the Harvest Show which closed last night at the Silver Spring, Md., Armory.

Scoring 74 points in nearly all the classes, her exhibit of a Victory dinner from canned foods attracted hundreds of show visitors. On a table she placed jars of foods to make up the following menu: Pot roast of beef, buttered carrots, creamed onions, soy beans, whole tomato salad, mixed sweet pickles and cherry roly poly.

Second place in the canned goods contest was taken by Mrs. Dorothea Lester, 904 Jackson ave., Takoma Park, Md., who held 21 points.

Judges for canned goods were Mrs. Harrison England, Miss Edythe Turner and Mrs. Arle A. Biggs.

Flower Show Winners
Sponsored by the Potomac Rose Society, the National Capital Dahlia Society, Takoma Horticultural Club, the Silver Spring Garden Club and the Victory Garden Committee of Silver Spring, the two-day show was climaxed last night with the announcement of Victory Garden winners in the Silver Spring area. They competed for prizes in the contest of the County Victory Garden Committee.

Awarding the prizes was Lacy Shaw, president of the Montgomery County Board of County Commissioners. The winners are: Mrs. Laura Randall, 1219 Noyes drive, Woodside Park, Md., first prize, a \$100 war bond; Mrs. St. Clair Thomas, 1217 Highland drive, Woodside Park, second prize, \$50 war bond; and Charles T. Williams, 1212 Noyes drive, Woodside Park, third prize, \$25 war bond.

Honorable mention for which 100-pound boxes of Victory Garden fertilizer were prizes were awarded to Everts Judson Wagg, Woodside Park; William Sterrett, Cameron st.; and Robert N. Kidwell, First ave.

Most Productive Garden
The garden of William Jouvenal, 811 Sigo ave., was judged as the most productive. He received a \$5 kit of tri-ogen, a spray.

The battalion, which previously was cited for extremely meritorious service in the Tunisian campaign, is composed largely of veteran railroaders from the Southern Railway.

Dr. Pugh Says U. S. Doughboy Has Improved

Cairo, Sept. 26.—The Rev. Dr. William S. Pugh, visiting American troops in the Middle East in the course of a world tour of United States Army installations, said today he had found "the doughboys" a lot different from their fathers in the First World War.

Carrying on the work of the late Methodist Bishop Adna W. Leonard, Dr. Pugh, the stated clerk of the Presbyterian Church in the United States, already has visited American troops in England, northwest Africa and Sicily.

Dr. Pugh, who was a chaplain in France during the last war, said the modern doughboy is more intelligent and "weighs matters better than his father. They don't like the job they are doing, but they are putting everything they have into it."

Modern soldiers, he said, "want virile religion that gets down to the reality of their time."

He said he was convinced there was no hatred for the enemy in their hearts, and cited instances of friendly actions toward Italian prisoners. He acknowledged there was a different attitude toward the Germans.

Doctor Pugh mentioned his visit to Lieut. Gen. George S. Patton, jr., in Sicily and said he found the American general with a Bible on his desk.

He said he met the Cardinal of Sicily and thanked him for his work and interest in American soldiers. The cardinal replied:

"They are good boys and I am glad to do it."

Doctor Pugh is going on to China and India next week. He is accompanied by Col. George F. Rixie of Washington, deputy chief of chaplains in the United States Army.

He preached three times today, twice to American wounded and once in the American church at Cairo.

4 Senators Reach U. S. After War Theater Tour

Long Beach, Calif., Sept. 26 (AP).—Four United States Senators arrived today by plane from Honolulu, en route to Washington, D. C., following an around-the-world trip on which they visited every major war theater except Russia.

They are Albert B. Chandler (Democrat) of Kentucky, Richard B. Russell (Democrat) of Georgia, James M. Mead (Democrat) of New York, Ralph O. Brewster (Republican) of Maine, a fifth tourist, Henry Cabot Lodge (Republican) of Massachusetts, remained in Honolulu.

The Weather

U. S. Dept. of Commerce, Weather Bureau, Washington, D. C., Sept. 26, 1943.

Forecast for the District of Columbia—Warmer Monday afternoon. For Maryland and Virginia—Warmer Monday afternoon.

Temperatures—Highest, 67; lowest, 44. Accumulated excess of precipitation since January 1, 1943, 10.48 inches. Excess of precipitation since September 1, 1943, 1.18 inch.

Normal temperature date last year—Highest, 73; lowest, 54.

Temperatures	Highest—Lowest
Washington	71—54
Albuquerque	71—54
Atlanta	71—54
Bismarck	71—54
Brownsville	71—54
Chicago	71—54
Cincinnati	71—54
Des Moines	71—54
Detroit	71—54
Fort Worth	71—54
Galveston	71—54
Houston	71—54
Indianapolis	71—54
Jacksonville	71—54
Kansas City	71—54
Louisville	71—54
Memphis	71—54
Minneapolis-St. Paul	71—54
New Orleans	71—54
New York	71—54
Omaha	71—54
St. Louis	71—54

What's Going On And Where

Luncheon and Dinner
Federal 12 groups, Bureau and coach division of Yellow Truck & Coach Mfg. Co., 1200 K St. n.w., 12:30 p. m.

Capital Transit Co., Station, 12:30 p. m. to 1:30 p. m. War Fund Luncheon for Civic Club, Mayflower, 12:30 p. m.

Community War Fund Committee, Willard, 12:30 p. m. to 1:30 p. m. Greater National Capital Committee, Willard, 12:30 p. m. to 1:30 p. m.

The National Association of Dealers, Maryland, 1:30 p. m. to 2:30 p. m. National Planning Association, Station, 6:30 p. m. to 7:30 p. m.

International Brotherhood of Teamsters, Station, 10 p. m. to 11 p. m. Rhem Mfg. Co., Station, 10 p. m. to 11 p. m.

Mid-City Civic Association, Thompson School, 12th and L sts. n.w., 8 p. m. to 9 p. m. Veterans of Foreign Wars, 12th and L sts. n.w., 8 p. m. to 9 p. m.

Local Lath Manufacturers' Convention, 9:30 p. m. to 11:30 p. m. Independent Petroleum Association, 9:30 p. m. to 11:30 p. m.

Exchanges
County Board Officers Service Club see the United Nations, Burlington Hotel, 10 p. m. to 11:30 p. m. Spanish War Veterans, Col. J. A. Pelti, Arlington 22d birthday celebration, May Hotel, 430 st. and Pennsylvania ave., 8 p. m. to 12 p. m. State Door Canteen, 2 to 12 p. m.

LEGAL NOTICES
J. GRAHAM WALKER, Attorney, 1300 Eye Street N. W. (6).

DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED STATES for the District of Columbia. Edith Atkins, plaintiff vs. John Atkins, defendant. Civil Action No. 2027. Order of publication. The object of this suit is to obtain an absolute divorce on the ground of desertion, and the award of custody of a minor child. On motion of the plaintiff, filed the 17th day of September, 1943, ordered that the defendant, John Atkins, answer his appearance entered herein on or before the FORTIETH DAY, exclusive of Sundays and legal holidays, occurring after the day of the first publication of this order, otherwise the cause will proceed with as in case of default. Provided, a copy of this order be published once a week for three successive weeks in The Washington Law Reporter and The Washington Post before said day. JENNIFER BALLEW, Justice. A true copy. Test (Seal): CHARLES E. STEWART, Clerk. By E. A. MOORE, Jr., Deputy Clerk. 27-11.

AUCTION SALES
TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 28, 1943.—Notice is hereby given that I will sell at public auction at 10:00 A. M. SEPTEMBER 28, 1943, at the Store Yard of the Chief (also Property) Clerk at First and H Streets, S. E., the real estate and abandoned property, consisting of fifty-eight motor vehicles, one half-ton truck and twelve boats, in the possession of the Metropolitan Police Department, D. C., and which have not been called for by the claimants as contemplated by law. CLARENCE E. COOK, Chief, Metropolitan Police Department (also Property Clerk). 25-20.

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**WAITRESSES
(WHITE)**
For exclusive downtown
club. Good salary and
commission; meals and
uniforms furnished.
Call DI. 8118, 10 a. m. to
3 p. m.

HELP, WOMEN

INTERVIEWER

Excellent Opportunity
Permanent position now and after
duration as
for an established company. Convenient
to residents of Mt. Rainier,
Md., Silver Spring, Md., and Rock-
lyn, Va.
Above Average Salary to Start.
Apply Mr. Hulce
3300 Rhode Island Ave.
Mount Rainier, Md.

HELP, WOMEN

Assistant
DRESS MANAGER

Must be thoroughly experienced in selling and
capable of directing sales force and assisting
manager.
Phone for Appointment
District 3088
Mr. Hoff
LERNER SHOPS
1111 F St. N.W.

HELP, WOMEN

GARFINCKEL'S

HAS OPENINGS FOR
Saleswomen
Office Clericals
APPLY EMPLOYMENT OFFICE,
8th FLOOR.

WOMEN WANTED

For Essential Cafeteria Work
Cafeterias located in Federal Gov't Buildings
Cooks, Bakers.
(Applicants must present statement of availability from the local UNES.)
Steam Table Servers, Soda Fountain Attendants,
Cashiers and Food Checkers.
Experience not necessary. Earn while training.
Annual leave and excellent opportunity for
advancement. No minimum height and weight
requirements.
Apply 8:00 A.M.—4:00 P.M.
1119 21st St. N.W.

AIRLINE
RESERVATIONISTS

UNITED AIR LINES
Offers
Opportunity in aviation to women between
ages of 25 and 40. Minimum height 5 ft. 4 in.
48-hour-week. Rotating shifts.
Salary \$127.50 per month to start
Applicants appear in person Tuesday and
Wednesday 9 A. M. to 12 Noon
808 15th St. N.W.
Room 739

Women Wanted
for Telephone Work

Ages 18 to 50
Also Part-Time Work in Evening
for Unemployed Women
Earnings at Start Range From \$23
to \$26.50 With Rapid Increases
Promotion Opportunities
Work Near Your Home
Apply Employment Office*
722 12th St. N.W.
8:30 A. M. to 8:00 P. M., Monday thru Friday
9:00 A. M. to 5:00 P. M., Saturdays
**The Chesapeake and Potomac
Telephone Co.**
*Do not apply if employed full time at your maximum
skill in another war industry

HELP, WOMEN

Private Secretary
Experienced
For permanent Washington
representative of established
aviation manufacturing company.
\$2,400 to Start
Call Executive 3270
For an Interview

HELP, WOMEN

Messengers
GIRLS

Experience not required.
Immediate employment,
5-day week. No night
work. Pleasant working
conditions. Apply Personnel
Office, Washington
Post Bldg., 1337 E St. N.W.

BUNDLE
WRAPPERS

Experience Not
Necessary
Apply
Employment Office
4th Floor
**LANSBURGH
& BRO.**
7th, 8th & E Sts. N.W.

HELP, WOMEN

Western Union

Offers a Career to
Young Women
18—35
For essential communication
service. Excellent opportunity
to qualify in an
established position with
assured advancement.
Paid while learning
Apply
Miss Fifer
Room 601
710 14th St. N.W.

HELP, MEN & WOMEN

EXECUTIVE COUNSELORS

EMPLOYMENT SPECIALISTS
Room 602
1319 F St. N.W.
Too many positions to list—See us.
Observe WMC rules; help win the war.

Calculating
Mche. Operator
Burroughs

Experience necessary. Opportunity
for advancement. Apply Personnel
Dept., Washington Post
Bldg., 1337 E St. N.W.

Stock Clerks
Also
Apprentice
Stock Clerks

Permanent Positions
No one considered presently engaged
in defense work.
Apply in Person
Personnel Dept.
Hanger No. 3
**Pennsylvania
Central Airlines**
Washington National
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Essential Work
Peoples Drug Stores

WILL TRAIN
Food Counter Clerks
For FULL or PART TIME
Salary While Learning
Pleasant well paid useful job,
helping to feed Washington
War Workers; uniforms furnished
and laundered free. Gain
valuable business experience.
Apply at Any
Peoples Drug Store
Or Office, 77 P St. N.E.

HELP, WOMEN

**Warehouse
Workers**
Male or Female
Good starting salary. Raise in
pay after short period. No experience
necessary; permanent
positions. Vacations with pay.
ORDER CLERKS AND HELPERS
LABORATORY HELPERS
TRUCK DRIVERS AND HELPERS
Apply in Person
**PEOPLES
DRUG STORES**
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WAREHOUSE
WORKERS

Male or Female
Good starting salary. Raise in
pay after short period. No experience
necessary; permanent
positions. Vacations with pay.
ORDER CLERKS AND HELPERS
LABORATORY HELPERS
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Good starting salary. Raise in
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77 P St. N.E.

HELP, MEN & WOMEN

AUTO PARTS CLERK
FOR LEARN AUTOMOBILE PARTS BUSINESS. CLERICAL EXPERIENCE REQUIRED. GOOD SALARY. BOX 938, POST.

HELP, DOMESTIC

COOK, general housework; experienced; references; live in; no laundry. \$15.00 per week. Call 4200.

COOK AND G. H. W. white or colored

preferable to live with family; desirable location; good wages. \$15.00 per week. Call 4200.

COOK-G. H. W. small house, Georgetown

3 adults; afternoon work and cook dinner. No laundry. Ref. Good wages. \$15.00 per week. Call 4200.

COOK-G. H. W. apartment, 2540 Mass.

Ref. \$15.00 per week. Call 4200.

COOK-EXPERIENCED REF. LIVE IN

\$12.50 ALSO WANTED CHAMBERMAID, WAITRESS OR COUPLE. Call 4200.

COOK-OR GIRL (white) willing to learn

Breakfast and lunch. Naval Observatory. Call 4200.

COOK

Experience on deep in room and private bath; other maids in home; references required; good wages guaranteed. \$15.00 per week. Call 4200.

G. H. W. and plain cook

\$12.50 per week. Call 4200.

GIRL (colored) part or full time, 2 or 3 days week

Call 4200.

GIRL-G. H. W. Ref. and health card required

Call 4200.

GIRL (colored) part or full time, 2 or 3 days week

Call 4200.

HOUSEKEEPER-COOK COMPLETE

CHAMBER OF COMMERCE. NO PERSON EMPLOYED. GOOD SALARY. NO SUNDAYS. WOODLEY. Call 4200.

MAID (Colored) SMALL

PLEASANT HOUSEHOLD NO-COOKING, SLEEP IN. GOOD SALARY. EM. 0084.

MAID-Colored, walking distance of

Capitol and M. St. Ref. Good wages. \$12.50 per week. Call 4200.

NURSE (WHITE)

EXPERIENCED For child 1 1/2 years old. \$100 MONTH. References required. Call 4200.

WHITE COOK housework; live in \$10

per week. Ladies Exchange. 1705 De Sales St. N.W. 4363.

WOMAN (white), Ref. and health card

required. Call 4200.

WOMAN-Cooking and G. H. W. in apart-

ment. 2540 Massachusetts Ave. N.W. 4540. Apt. 203.

EXPER. NURSE or mature woman care

2 small children. Ref. and health card required. Call 4200.

CARE OF SMALL CHILD, live housework

3-room apt. \$10.00 to \$15.00 per week. Call 4200.

EXPERIENCED COOK and G. H. W. laundry

in family; permanent position; live in; all day Thurs. Ref. and health card required. Call 4200.

SEMI-EXPERIENCED NURSE-New home

emp. cipe. 3-yr. bond; good cook. \$18.77. Call 4200.

SETTLED COUPLE (white or colored), with

references, care of small child; good salary and quarters. WI. 0892.

SITUATIONS, MEN

Wanted general repair work, carpentry and painting. \$2.00 per hour. Call 4200.

SITUATIONS, WOMEN

SECRETARY-STENOGRAPHER, experienced, fine background, desires position with reputable organization. Salary must be good. Available immediately. Call 4200.

STENOGRAPHER-Unusual, ability, 9

years diversified experience; salary \$4.00. Phone North 4145 (till noon).

WOMAN (colored), high school grad

area work even; good salary. \$7.78. Two experienced high school girls; evening work; excellent references; \$10.00 per week. Call 4200.

SITUATIONS, DOMESTIC

WOMAN, colored, desires job in dress shop, some experience in sewing. CO. 9533.

MONEY TO LOAN

ON DIAMONDS, watches, jewelry, silverware. No adv. cost. Loans made. Call 4200.

PERSONAL LOAN COS.

(Operating under uniform small loan laws) PERSONAL LOANS. CONSUMER CREDIT. 1527 R. AVE. HOBERT 5028.

A FRIENDLY LOAN SERVICE

R. G. ZWALLO. 1527 R. AVE. HOBERT 5028.

AYERS SMALL LOAN CO., INC.

7912 Georgia Ave. SH. 3700.

NEW REDUCED INTEREST RATES

See Us Today

Applications Taken by Telephone

and Acted on the Same Day

Women as Well as Men With Regular Employment

CAN BORROW \$300 ON THEIR OWN SIGNATURE

MARYLAND PERSONAL BANKERS

Silver Spring, Maryland. SH. 2852 7912 Georgia Ave.

Compare Loan Rates Before You Borrow

Household's Rate is 2% Per Month on Unpaid Balances

Don't get a loan unless it's the best solution for your problem. If you borrow we do not charge a fee for your loan. Household's rate is 2% per month on unpaid balance. A \$100 loan repaid in six months. Installments cash only. \$10.00 no endowment required. Quick private service.

CHOOSE A MONTHLY PAYMENT PLAN

Cash	3 mos.	6 mos.	12 mos.
\$50	\$17.34	\$8.93	\$5.57
75	26.01	13.39	8.35
100	34.68	17.85	11.13
125	43.35	22.31	13.91
150	52.02	26.77	16.69
175	60.69	31.23	19.47
200	69.36	35.69	22.25
225	78.03	40.15	25.03

Household Finance Corporation

Ground, Ford 7914-16 Georgia Avenue Silver Spring, Maryland Phone SL 4400 Manager B. J. Thornton

REAL ESTATE LOANS

MONEY ON SECOND TRUST. We will buy second trust notes. D. C. BRADY MD. OR VA. Reasonable rates. Exclusive mortgage & INVEST CORP. 1312 New York Ave. N.W. NA. 5833

ROOMING HOUSE

Conn. Ave. Near DuPont Circle 15 beautiful furn. rms. and filled with cultured people. Has 4 baths. an apartment of 2 rooms. One of the nicest and cleanest rooming houses ever had in Washington. Call 4200. Mr. DeSnoo, 1123 14th St. N.W. NA. 5500.

BUSINESS OPPS.

ANY ROOMING HOUSE WANTED. EDWIN L. ELLIS. 1010 14th St. N.W. RE. 3140.

A REAL OPPORTUNITY

A controlling interest in a very well situated small apartment building, showing excellent returns. Phone HO. 7515 or DE. 9299.

ROOMS, FURNISHED

Check the following rooms and if you need additional assistance, call 4200. The Post, an experienced ad-writer will gladly help you. Call National 4200.

ALEXANDRIA-Nice furn. room, semi-

priv. bath, priv. home, phone, conv. trans. Call 4200.

ARL. VA.-Nice furn. room, private

trans. Call 4200.

ARLINGTON VA. (4601 23rd St. north)

Master bedroom in new home; maple wood floors; central heat; call 4200.

CL. NE. 1204-Pleasant room in private

home; single or double; unlimited phone; call 4200.

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home; single or double; unlimited phone; call 4200.

WINNIE WINKLE

Any Port in a Storm By Branner



ROOMS, FURNISHED

1410 INORHAM ST. NW.-Nice furn. room, conv. trans. \$30 mo. Call 4200.

2210 PENN. AVE. NW. Plaza Apt. 300

Nice large double room; twin beds; conv. trans. Call 4200.

1713 KILBOURNE PL. NW.-Trans.

to any destination; beautiful furn. room; twin beds; conv. trans. Call 4200.

DOWNTOWN (2000 H St. NW. Apt. 16)

Large, clean room, next to bath, double or single. Call 4200.

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Large, clean room, next to bath, double or single. Call 4200.

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DOWNTOWN (2000 H St. NW. Apt. 16)

Large, clean room, next to bath, double or single. Call 4200.

APARTMENTS, FURN.

BRIGHT sunny corner apt. with unobstructed view in modern close-in N.W. section; living room, bedroom and bath; kitchen; central heat; call 4200.

WATERLY TAYLOR INC.

1510 21ST. N.W. NA. 1000.

APTS., UNFURNISHED

New four-family apartment building, vicinity Naylor rd. and 30th st. SE. Some 1-bedroom units now available at \$60.50 per month, including all utilities.

GOOD HOME HILLS

New detached 4-family apt. buildings, vicinity Naylor rd. and 30th st. SE. Large living room, dining room, kitchen, bathroom, full equipped kitchen and large porch; \$60.50 per mo. including heat, hot water, gas and electricity. Call 4200.

TAKOMA PARK, MD.-2 rms. and bath

Call 4200.

1517 P. AVE. SE.-2 rms. kitchen, bath

Call 4200.

APARTMENTS WANTED

COUPLE WANTS FURN. ON ONE BED. ROOM, BATH, KITCHEN, AND LIVING ROOM. MODERN SWITCHBOARD BLDG. NW. MORRIS AGENCY. Call 4200.

ST. ALBAN'S instructor and wife desire

apartment. Write Box 963, Wash. Post.

WORKING woman wants 1 b.e. apt.

in Washington or Georgetown for self and 7-yr-old boy in private home where there are other children. Willing to pay for nights in exchange for taking child from home to school. Write Box 963, Washington Post.

ARMY OFFICER, wife and daughter need

Radio Programs and Highlights

Strauss waltzes "Southern Roses," "Tales From the Vienna Woods," "Thousand and one Nights," and "Voices of Spring" are featured on the morning symphony hour as it moves to an earlier time. WINX-10:05 p. m. Kate Smith, who this week sold 36 million dollars worth of war bonds in a 17-hour stint on CBS's Bond Day Rally, is honored by the VFW with a citation in recognition of "outstanding work on the home front." "Kate Smith Speaks." WTOP-12 noon.

ROLAND YOUNG appears as guest of Walter Connors, telling some of his experiences before the footlights and behind the cameras. WOL-12:35 p. m.

Baseball-Detroit Tigers vs. Boston Red Sox. With Russ Hodges and Arch McDonald at the microphones. WOL-3 p. m.

"Industry's Victory Job" is discussed by an array of industrialists including Harvey Firestone, Jr., Donald Douglas of Douglas Aircraft, Charles E. Wilson of General Motors, David Sarnoff of RCA, Walter Reuther, vice president of United Auto Workers, Frank P. Fenton, chief organizer of the AFL, and representing the Army, Maj. Gen. Edmund Gregory. WRC-6:30 p. m.

Mrs. Eleanor Roosevelt, just returned from a tour of the South Pacific war area, will describe her trip. WMAL-7:05 p. m.

Parks Johnson and Warren Hull take "Vox Pop" to the Eastern terminus of the "Big Inch" pipeline to chat with employees of the oil company that built the line. WTOP-8 p. m.

Basel Rathbone plays Tom Paine, the still-controversial political leader in the American Revolution. "Cavalade of America." WRC-8 p. m.

Baseball-The Nats meet the Chicago White Sox at Griffith Stadium. WDC-8:25 p. m. Ida Lupino, Brian Aherne, May Whitty and Ethel Barrett comprise the cast of the "Radio Theater" presentation of "Ladies in Retirement." WTOP-9 p. m.

Helen Traubel sings her first concert since returning from the South American tour. "Song of Love," "Swing Low, Sweet Chariot," "Beautiful Dreamer" and "Divinites du Siam" from "Alceste" are programmed. "Telephone Hour." WRC-9 p. m.

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Monday, September 27		Washington				Eastern War Time	
WMAZ	WDC	WRC	WOL	WDC	WDC	WDC	WTOP
6:58M	8:00EC	8:15M	8:00EC	8:25M	1:00EC	8:50W	1:40EC
News, 7 and 8:30 McKenney 7:45, Brock- meyer, 7:10, 8:45 Help Wanted, 8:45		Bill Henson, 8:05-9 News Roundup, 8 News at 8, 7, 8, 8:30, Seleznik 8:15	8:30, News, Art Brown, 8:45 to 9 News at 7:50, 8, 8:30 by Reapid	Jerry Strong's Wake Up With Wink, 8-9	Secunda, 8:45-8 Dale Grawley, 8:45 6, 8:30, 7, 7:30, 7:45, 8:30 M. Hunkert, 7-9	Sunday Day 8:45 Cora Squaring 8 Gort Day 7, 8:45 News 8, 8:45, 9, 7:30, 8, 9	
8:00-Broadcast 8:15-Club 8:30-Broadcast 8:45-Club		Everything Goes Br'dway Melodias News: Banquet K. Banquet	Art Brown Art Brown Home Forum	Jerry Strong Mrs. Northcross	Cash: Minute Men Minute Men News: King and Lombardo	Godfrey: News Arthur Godfrey Home Svc. Dail	
10:00-Market Bank 10:15-Pia Henry 10:30-Pia Henry 10:45-Pia Henry		Lora Lopen The Open Door Helpmate Music Room	M. H. Forum M. H. Forum Morton Seward Boothby-Mansell	News Symphony Hour Symphony Hour Symphony Hour	Cash: Crosby King Crosby News: Alice Lane Alice Lane	Valiant Lady Elity Foyle Honeyman Hill Fire's Children	
11:00-Broadcast at 11:15-Sard's 11:30-W. Klerman 11:45-Baby Institute		Read of Life Vio and Sada Snow Village David Haran	News: S. Dixon This Is Our Enemy What's Your Idea	News: Joyce Traffic Court Traffic Court	Cash: Brunchette Brunchette News: Brunchette Brunchette	News Second Husband Bright Harbor Ann Lanny	
12:00-News: Allen 12:15-Lite Show 12:30-Farm-Hill 12:45-V Gardens		News: Unger Devotions Matinee Today	News: B. Carter Hay Roads Bible News: Vignettes O.E.T.C. Band	News: Luncheon Music Luncheon Music Luncheon Music	Paraword, Place Dixieland Jamboe News: Dale Cowley Dixieland Jamboe	Kate Smith Speaks Bo Slater Helen Treat Our Gal Sunday	
1:00-Broadcast 1:15-Open House 1:30-Open House 1:45-Institute		Mary Mason Mary Mason Victory Garden Cory Longene	News: Scratches Rus Hedges Luncheon With Lopes	News: Sports Sports Music Music	Cash: Concert Concert Hour Concert Hour Concert Hour	Life Southall Ma Perkins Bernadine Flynn The Goldbergs	
2:00- of Air 2:15-Bugs' Guest 2:30-Ladies 2:45- Seated		Guiding Light Easy Woman Light of World Church Hyman	Rus Hedges Rus Hedges News: Compton Guy Lombardo	News: Sports Sports Music Music	Concert Hour Concert Hour Freddie Martin Freddie Martin	Young Dr. Malone Joyce Jordan Dr. Lora Peggy Young	
3:00-Mort. Downey 3:15-True 3:30-Story 3:45-Uncle Sam		Wm. of America Ma Perkins Peggy Young Right to Happiness	Baseball Detroit vs Boston	News: Sports Sports Music Music	Sweet and Swing " " News: 1450 Club 1450 Club	Mary Moran Joe & Ethel Janice Grey News for Women	
4:00-News: Allen 4:15-Music 4:30-Times 4:45-Terry & Pirates		Backstage With Stella Dallas Lorenze Jones Widow Brown	" " " " " " " "	News: Sports Sports Music Music	Cash: 1450 Club 1450 Club News: 1450 Club 1450 Club	Your Home From Reporter: News Texas Rangers	
5:00-Accent-Music 5:15-10-2-4 Ranch 5:30-L. Armstrong 5:45-Capt. M'Night		Gail Martin Portia Faces Life First Place Bill Frank Page Farrell	" " Tenth inning Superbackground News: Backdrop	News: Sports Sports Crimson Trail News: Shasta	Band of the Day Jimmy Allen News: Victory Vanderbilt	Top Tune Stump Us Club American Women	
6:00-News: Edward 6:15-News: Barbara 6:30-Agency 6:45-Lorrell Thomas		News: Harbison Music Victory Job	Prayer: Sports Walter Compton Music and Scores	Treasury Theater Dinner Music Dinner Music	Elve Rose Orch. Duke Rostko Johnnie Reed Talking Pictures	Henry-Castillo Korn Kobblers Arch Macdonald News: Harsh	
7:00-Mrs. Eleanor 7:15-Rosebush 7:30-Mrs. Lona 7:45-Ranger		Fred Waring Mrs. of World Rep. Mary North Caravels of Stars	Fulton Lewis, Jr. Johnston Family Bulldog Drummond	News: Tiller de WINK News: Leo Reisman	Cash: Blind Date Pearson: Cugat Richard Eaton	Love a Mystery Ed Sullivan "Blondie" "Blondie"	
8:00-Earl Godwin 8:15-Lum v. Abner 8:30-Adventures of 8:45-Nero Wolfe		Caravels of America Voice of Frissons	Stating Up News Spanish Class St. Mary's Novena	King Crosby Gilbert and Sullivan	Cash: Dugout Interviews Baseball: Nats vs.	"Vox Pop" "Vox Pop" Guy Ninetos Review: News	
9:00-Counter 9:15-Ey 9:30-Spotlight 9:45-Banda		Telephone Hour Dr. L. Q. Dr. L. Q.	Gabriel Heatter Frank Sinatra Detective Rick Carls	WINK Symphony Hour	" " " " " " " "	Lux Radio " " Theatre	
10:00-B. G. Swing 10:15-Trade Toys 10:30-Johnny 10:45-Morgan		Contested Program Information Pieces	Ray Clapper Guany Skyer Paul Schubart Diamond Orch.	News: USO Dance Traffic Court Traffic Court	" " " " " " " "	Search Guild Arch Macdonald Guy Lombardo Guy Lombardo	
11:00-News 11:15-Harry Wlamer 11:30-Del 11:45-Courtney		News: Music Richard Harbison Music You Want Music You Want	News: B. Reapid News: Full. Lewis Radio News Reel Unity Viewpoint	News Roundup Slumber Music Slumber Music Slumber Music	Tommy Dorsey Freddie Martin Continental Hits	News: Bob Trout Arch MacDonnell Moonlight Celine de Luxe	

The Washington Merry-Go-Round

By Drew Pearson

ALTHOUGH the recent Quebec conference ended most harmoniously, there was some plain-talking before it was over—as there must be between Allies. One debate was on the question of troop transports and the problem of shipping several million men across the Atlantic and Pacific for various military fronts.

It is no secret to the enemy that troop transports are the bottleneck of our military operations, and that the big passenger ships of prewar days—the Queen Mary and the Queen Elizabeth, for instance—are considered just about as important as battleships. That was why the sinking of the Normandie was such a victory for Hitler.

So at Quebec, the question arose as to what proportion of U. S. troops would be hauled by the British and what by American transports.

Lord Leathers, British Minister of Shipping, set forth his position at one of the Allied staff meetings, indicating that the British, short on transports, would have to go a bit slow on certain troop-hauling.

Opposite Lord Leathers sat wily Lewis Douglas, former Congressman from Arizona, who once quarreled with Roosevelt over "baloney dollars," resigned as Director of the Budget, now has come back as one of his ablest administrators of War Shipping.

"Now look here, Fred," Douglas interrupted Lord Leathers, "you know that is not true. You know that you've got—"

And Douglas reeled off a long list of British tonnage. He had it all right on the tip of his tongue. Apparently he knew more about British shipping than Lord Leathers, or at least more than Lord Leathers pretended to know. Without ruffling anyone's feelings and with his usual gracious charm, Douglas cited facts and figures, all of which his Lordship had to admit. In the end, Lord Leathers came round to the American viewpoint.

Afterward, Gen. B. B. Somervell who once staged a cat-and-dog fight with Lew Douglas as to who should control shipping to the war areas, came up to him.

"Great job, Lew," he said, patting him on the back.

Note: Most heart-breaking Italian incident from a shipping viewpoint was the action of two U. S. bombing planes on a return trip from southern Italy. Below them, nestling snugly at her berth, lay the prize Italian passenger liner Conte di Savoia. The fliers, not realizing the nature of the ship or her value to the Allies as a troop transport, released their bombs. A few seconds later, a ship able to carry 10,000 U. S. troops to a 2nd front, was under water. A few days later, all the Italian Navy surrendered.

The Church and Italy

THE APOSTOLIC DELEGATE in Washington has called in representative of the American Committee for Italian Democracy for a private but significant talk.

The delegate, who is the Pope's representative in the United States, took the occasion to criticize the Knights of Columbus for passing a resolution that only Catholics should be sent to Italy in connection with the Allied Government of Occupied Areas in Italy.

"We want no religious discrimination of this kind," said Monsignor Cleeve. "And I cannot conceive why the Knights of Columbus should adopt such a resolution. It certainly does not represent the views of the Church."

It was suspected in New York political circles that the Knights of Columbus resolution against having non-Catholics as United States governing officials in occupied Italy was aimed at Lieut. Col. Charlie Poletti, a Baptist, now the leading American member of AMG, the Allied Military Government for Italy. Poletti, former Lieutenant Governor of New York, is reported to have done an A1 job in Sicily.

Members of the American Committee for Italian Democracy are of various religious faiths, Judge Pecora being an Episcopalian, and Dr. Frank Gifford a Presbyterian minister. Mayor LaGuardia of New York is an Episcopalian.

Note: Healthy sign of religious harmony near Washington was the invitation extended to St. Mary's Academy in Alexandria, Va., by the Baptists when the Catholic school building was taken over by the Alexandria Hospital. The Baptists said they were not using their three-story hall, so invited St. Mary's Academy to use it. The invitation was accepted.

Hull's Triumph

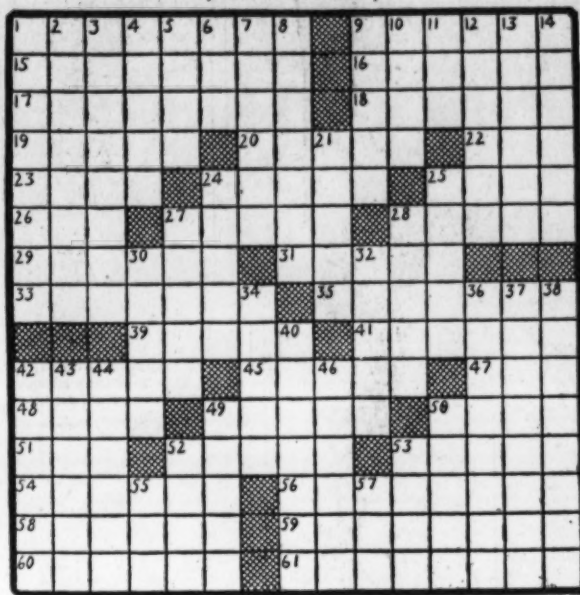
ONE OF THE nearest victories in Secretary Hull's entire foreign policy record was his rebuke to the Argentine government when it asked for lend-lease aid. Few people realize, however, that a wreath-laying ceremony played a large part in that diplomatic triumph.

The Argentine appeal was prepared by the Argentine Foreign Minister, Admiral Storni, who was so confident of the persuasiveness of the note that he suggested it be published; after Washington officials had time to study it.

But Hull and his advisers found loop-holes which Storni

Daily Cross Word Puzzle

By Charlotte Stickney



ACROSS															SATURDAY'S ANSWER														
1	Aleniate	39	Drumsticks	41	Reindeer	42	Shatter	43	Genus of crane	44	Worm's prefix	45	Volume	46	Post														
2	Aleniate	38	Drumsticks	40	Reindeer	41	Shatter	42	Genus of crane	43	Worm's prefix	44	Volume	45	Post														
3	Aleniate	37	Drumsticks	39	Drumsticks	40	Reindeer	41	Shatter	42	Genus of crane	43	Worm's prefix	44	Volume														
4	Aleniate	36	Drumsticks	38	Drumsticks	39	Drumsticks	40	Reindeer	41	Shatter	42	Genus of crane	43	Worm's prefix														
5	Aleniate	35	Drumsticks	37	Drumsticks	38	Drumsticks	39	Drumsticks	40	Reindeer	41	Shatter	42	Genus of crane														
6	Aleniate	34	Drumsticks	36	Drumsticks	37	Drumsticks	38	Drumsticks	39	Drumsticks	40	Reindeer	41	Shatter														
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1700 Welcome Archbishop At Feast Mass

Making his first appearance in Washington since a severe eye operation, the Most Rev. Michael J. Curley, Archbishop of Baltimore and Washington, yesterday presided at a special St. Matthew's Feast Day mass before 1700 worshippers at St. Matthew's Cathedral.

Looking healthy and ruddy, the prelate showed no trace of the disorder that almost cost him the sight of his left eye, and kept him inactive for several months. After the mass, the archbishop joined with priests in a dinner at the Mayflower Hotel.

Father John Spence of St. Matthew's, preached the sermon at the mass. The Very Rev. Msgr. Lawrence J. Shehan, pastor of St. Patrick's Church and director of Washington Catholic Charities, assisted.

Other participating priests were Fathers John Coady of St. Anthony's, deacon of honor; Father Henry Collins, St. Ann's, subdeacon; Father Walter Schmitz of the Sulpician Seminary, Catholic University, master of ceremonies; the Rev. Dr. D. Carroll, secretary of the apostolic delegation here, deacon of the mass, and Father William Kelley of St. Martin's, subdeacon.



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Religious Groups Formulate Permanent Peace Proposal

By Robert Tate Allan
Post Church Editor

"Important consultations" are now in progress here and in New York on a proposed statement of postwar principles to bring the weight of Protestant, Catholic and Jewish faiths behind an international organization for a lasting peace.

One Washington religious leader who did not wish to be quoted said that Dr. Samuel McCrea Cavert, general secretary of the Federal Council of Churches, had confirmed that consultations have been under way for several months. However, it was said that a joint statement would not be issued for possibly a month and only after the three groups had agreed on its principles.

Leaders of the National Catholic Welfare Conference, the Synagogue Council of America and the Federal Council of Churches have discussed the proposals, and hope to draft a joint statement to be submitted to leaders of about 40 church groups for consideration and possible endorsement.

Meanwhile, it was learned yesterday that there is strong church sentiment for the Fulbright resolution, favoring United States' postwar collaboration with other nations to maintain a "just and lasting" peace. The resolution is now in the hands of the Senate Foreign Relations Committee after being passed by the House.

Deat called upon the French to "prevent treachery similar to Badoglio's in Italy."

"There is a vast army of terrorists ready to take up arms in France when the signal is given by the Allies," Deat admitted. Then he added:

"France is careening toward disaster."

Deat insisted that "only strong action can save us from catastrophe."

"In the near future, war with all its terrible consequences may descend on France," he said. "At all costs we must prevent in France treachery similar to Badoglio's in Italy."

Deat had not seen, and they prepared the blistering reply which the world knows about. This note was brought to Storni as he was leaving the foreign office, dressed up in frock coat and striped trousers, to lay a wreath at the statue of a Brazilian hero. It was Brazilian independence day, and Storni was performing one of those duties required by the ten commandments of diplomacy.

Storni was told that Washington desired to publish both notes. Not having time to read the U. S. note, he waved his assent, and got into the waiting car with his wreath of flowers.

When he came back and read Hull's stinging rebuke, Storni tried frantically to prevent its publication. But it was too late. It was also too late for him to save his post. A few days later he resigned.

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(A) Suit-Dress for the "Little Lady"
... Pencil-lines to make her look taller, slimmer! Rayon crepe in brown, green, blue or black; sizes 18½ to 22½ in the group... 16.95
Better Dresses, Third Floor



You Don't Have to Be Size 16 to Look Smart

AND WE PROVE IT WITH THESE CHARMING WOMEN'S FASHIONS

Suppose you weren't born a perfect thirty-six? ... Suppose your curves are mature! That doesn't mean you have a problem figure! ... You can look young and slim—gracious and smart—in charming dresses expressly designed for you! The Hecht Co. has always rejected the theory that women's-size dresses should look like something suitable for your grandmother! We believe in youthful contours, stream-lined silhouettes, flattering colors, pretty necklines—in short—womanly charm—whether you wear

Women's Half Sizes 18½ to 24½ or Women's Sizes 38 to 44.

(We've Even Some Dresses Up to Size 52 in Our Thrift Shop.)

Women's Dress Shops, Third Floor, The Hecht Co.



(B) Woman's Classic: Coat-Dress... beloved for its slenderizing flattery. Feather-light 100% wool flannel with sou-tache braid. Grey, black or green; sizes 38 to 44 in the group... 16.95
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